

## INSURANCE.

Indian Insurance Companies are national concerns.

# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZ SHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

BOMBAY MONDAY JANUARY 30 1928

## INSURANCE.

Indian Merchants therefore must support them.

VOL XVI NO 25-

ONE ANNA

## SHIPPING

**P. & O. British India**  
(Incorporated in England).  
**MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.**  
S. and O. SAILINGS TO PLYMOUTH  
AND LONDON CALLING AT  
MARSEILLES.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

| Date   | Steamers | Connecting at Aden with | Tons   |
|--------|----------|-------------------------|--------|
| 1928   |          |                         |        |
| 4 Feb. | RAZMAK   | SALDARA                 | 16,088 |
| 11 "   | RAZMAK   | MALWA                   | 16,088 |
| 18 "   | RAZMAK   | NARRKUNDA               | 16,088 |
| 25 "   | RAZMAK   |                         |        |
| 3 Mar. | RAZMAK   |                         |        |
| 10 "   | RAZMAK   |                         |        |
| 17 "   | RAZMAK   |                         |        |
| 24 "   | RAZMAK   |                         |        |
| 31 "   | RAZMAK   |                         |        |
| 7 Apr. | RAZMAK   |                         |        |
| 14 "   | RAZMAK   |                         |        |
| 21 "   | RAZMAK   |                         |        |
| 28 "   | RAZMAK   |                         |        |
| 5 May  | RAZMAK   |                         |        |
| 12 "   | RAZMAK   |                         |        |
| 19 "   | RAZMAK   |                         |        |
| 26 "   | RAZMAK   |                         |        |
| 3 June | RAZMAK   |                         |        |
| 10 "   | RAZMAK   |                         |        |
| 17 "   | RAZMAK   |                         |        |
| 24 "   | RAZMAK   |                         |        |
| 31 "   | RAZMAK   |                         |        |

Extra sailing at the following reduced rates:-  
1st Saloon to London A. £30. B. £20. C. £10.  
1st Saloon to Marseilles A. £22. B. £12. C. £5.  
2nd Saloon to London A. £24. B. £14. C. £7.  
2nd Saloon to Marseilles A. £16. B. £10. C. £4.

**SPECIAL OFF SEASIDE RETURN TICKETS**  
First Saloon Return Tickets at Special Reduced Rates will be issued for any Mail Steamer during the period commencing from Bombay with the sailing of the S. S. MACE DONIA, on the 2nd June, 1928, and terminating with the "KAISAR-I-HIND" due in Bombay on the 21st September. The fares will be as follows:-  
To London and back by Sea ..... £105  
To London and back via Marseilles including P. & O. Special Train across France in both directions ..... £120  
To Marseilles and back ..... £100  
P. & O. SPECIAL TRAIN MARSEILLES-LONDON.

During the months of June, July and August the fare by this train will be reduced to £10.

**SINGLE BERTH CABINS**  
There will be no extra charge for single berth Cabins between 1st June and 1st January.

**BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.**  
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

| Date about | Steamers | Tons  |
|------------|----------|-------|
| 1928       |          |       |
| 28th Feb.  | MANOBA   | 7,938 |
| 15th March | DUMANA   | 8,427 |
| 5th April  | MANELA   | 8,303 |
| 3rd May    | DOMALA   | 8,441 |

**P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.**

| Date about | Steamers  | Tons                             |
|------------|-----------|----------------------------------|
| 1928       |           |                                  |
| 31st Jan.  | MIRZAPORE | Straits, China & Japan.          |
| 7th Feb.   | KALYAN    | Colombo, Straits, China & Japan. |
| 21st "     | DELTA     | Colombo, Straits, China & Japan. |

† Does not carry passengers.

**BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.**

**TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA & RANGOON.**

| Date about | Steamers | Tons                                     |
|------------|----------|------------------------------------------|
| 1928       |          |                                          |
| 1st Feb.   | KARAGOLA | East & South Africa.                     |
| 1st "      | BANKURA  | Bombay via Karachi & Persian Gulf Ports. |
| 3rd "      | VARSOVA  | Bombay via Karachi.                      |
| 4th "      | CHAKLA   | Karachi via Port Blair & Cutch Mandrie.  |
| 22nd "     | DELORA   | Bombay.                                  |

Extra sailing to Bombay only.

There will be sailings for Karachi on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays every week. Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by the Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. & O. Mail Steamer or through Passengers to Bureh Ternas and Rates of Freight and Passage may be arranged with

**MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,**  
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

## SHIPPING

**N. Y. K. LINE**  
SINGAPORE, CHINA & JAPAN.

| Steamers      | Tons | Arrival | Departure |
|---------------|------|---------|-----------|
| Meigen Maru   | 5345 | 21 Jan. | 5 Feb.    |
| Awa Maru      | 6028 | 2 Feb.  | 11 "      |
| Tamatsu Maru  | 4646 | 8 "     | 18 "      |
| Malacca Maru  | 5374 | 15 "    | 29 "      |
| Seiyo Maru    | 6550 | 29 "    | 4 Mar.    |
| Osaka Maru    | 3741 | 25 "    | 8 "       |
| Tamba Maru    | 5845 | 1 March | 15 "      |
| Tasmania Maru | 4115 | 7 "     | 18 "      |
| Moji Maru     | 3757 | 18 "    | 29 "      |

\*Passenger Steamer.

**NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.**  
Canada Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.  
Phone Nos. 20279, 23738, Telg. "Yusen."

**THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.**

**FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN**

1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi, via Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via Coast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according to demand.

For freights and other particulars apply to:

**Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.**  
Agents.  
Ballard Estate, Bombay.

## The Bombay Chronicle

## BUSINESS NOTICE.

**BUSINESS communications** of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the **MANAGER**. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the office not later than 5 p.m.

**ALL REMITTANCES** should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

**MOFUSIL SUBSCRIBERS** whose copies of the "Bombay Chronicle" are delayed in delivery will facilitate enquiry into the cause of the irregularity by noting the date of the paper on the wrapper and sending it to the Manager.

## SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

|                | Local.   | Mofussil. |
|----------------|----------|-----------|
| Daily Edition. |          |           |
| 1 Year         | Rs. 20 0 | Rs. 25 0  |
| 6 Months       | 10 0     | 12 8      |
| 3 Months       | 5 0      | 6 4       |
| 1 Month        | 1 14     | 2 4       |

Subscription to Foreign Countries  
Rs. 50 per year.

**SINGLE COPY ONE ANNA.**

**SUNDAY EDITION.**

Local. Mofussil. Foreign.  
Yearly Rs. 38. Rs. 4. Rs. 7.

**PAYMENTS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.**

The Sunday Edition must be subscribed for not less than one year.

**SINGLE COPY ONE ANNA.**

## BANKING

**Punjab National Bank, Limited.**  
ESTABLISHED 1885.

Authorised Capital Rs. 1,00,00,000  
Issued Capital Rs. 50,00,000  
Subscribed Capital Rs. 50,00,000  
Paid Up Capital Rs. 31,07,401  
Reserve Funds Rs. 23,00,000

**LOCAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE.**  
1. Raja Govind Lal (Chairman).  
2. Hon'ble Sir Manmohandas Ramji.  
3. Lala Kishan Prasad.

**HEAD OFFICE: 47, THE MALL, LAHORE.**

**BRANCHES:**

Abnhar, Hyderabad, Montgomery, Allahabad, (Sind) Montgomery, Amritsar, Jullunder, Okara (dtd.), Zamballa City, Jaranwalla, Peshawar, Amballa Cant, Jammu, Peshawar, Bombay, Jhelum City, Patiala, Cawnpore, Jhang, Quetta, Culcutta, (Maghiana), Rawalpindi, Delhi, Karachi, Sangla Hill, D. I. Khan, Kasur, Sangodha, Ferozepore, Lahore City, Sialkot City, Gujranwalla, Lyallpur, Simla, Gojra, Ludhiana, Srinagar, Hahzabad, Meerut City, Hoshiarpur, Multan City.

**LONDON AGENTS:**

**THE MIDLAND BANK LTD.**

**AMERICAN AGENTS:**

**AMERICAN EXCHANGE IRVING TRUST COMPANY.**

**CURRENT ACCOUNTS** are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2-1/2 per cent. from July to December, at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

**FIXED DEPOSITS** are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

**SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS:** Same as low as Rs. 10 received and interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum.

**LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS:** The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

**CHEQUES, HUNDIES, BILLS, etc.,** of maturations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rates of business apply to:-

**P. D. TANDON,**

Secretary and Chief Manager.

Sassoon House,  
Churchgate Street, Bombay.

## "Second To None"

**MR. RANGANATH RAO,**  
of Rampet writes:-

"I had occasions to use the world famed **ATANK NIGRAH PILLS**. I can assure you, the medicine is **SECOND TO NONE**."

## The Atank Nigrah Pills

Cure Brain-fag, Constipation, nervous debility and other mental as well as physical disorders.

Price—Rupee ONE (32 Pills)

For a full list of all our preparations write to:-

**Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,**

JAMNAGAR (Kathiawar)

Bombay Office Kalbadevi Road.

## NOTICE SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers who do not receive their copy of "The Chronicle" in time are requested kindly to furnish the following information to the Manager, Subscription Department:-

Name of Subscriber

Address

Register No.

Date of paper

Time of delivery

**FOR LONG LIFE UNDER INTENSE HEAT**

## KATNI FIREBRICKS

**ARE HARD TO BEAT.**

They are unsurpassed for quality and durability.

On your next Furnace Job specify "KATNI" make.

**LARGE STOCKS AVAILABLE.**

**THE KATNI CEMENT & INDUSTRIAL CO. LTD.**

Agents:-C MACDONALD & CO., Laxmi Bldg., Ballard Road, BOMBAY.

## INSURANCE

**Western India Life Insurance Co., Ltd.**

**HEAD OFFICE—Satara City.**

**PROGRESS OF THE COMPANY**

| Valuation | Year | Surplus disclosed. |
|-----------|------|--------------------|
| First     | 1917 | Rs. 11,572         |
| Second    | 1920 | Rs. 27,737         |
| Third     | 1923 | Rs. 1,16,544       |

No other Company started within 25 years could show equal results at the same age. Excellent opportunity for reliable energetic men of position and ability to represent the Company.

For agency and other particulars please apply to:-

**THE MANAGING DIRECTOR,**  
Satara City.

## COTTON TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATION SERVICE.

(Established under the guidance of Sheth Virji Lal Ranchhodra.)

**NEW YORK FUTURES.**

**NEW YORK FUTURES and LIVERPOOL** quotations from the opening market to closing with time to time fluctuations and our Agent's opinion (Dharna) and other information, are being daily received at this Bureau and furnished to the client tele at the earliest by express telegrams to any part of India.

**NEW YORK CLOSING FUTURES CAN BE WIRED AFTER 2-15 A.M., after mid-night on RECEIPT OF OUR SPECIAL CABLE.**

We can also furnish promptly all important information about local cotton market as per our clients instructions on commission.

We can execute forward transactions and sell ready cotton in Bombay Market.

For commission rates, deposit terms, and other particulars, please write to:-

**THE MANAGER,**

Col. Tel. Int. Service.

Opp. Central Telegraph Office,

375, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Tel. Add: "COMELONG."

Tel. Nos: 22044-24241.

## Income-Tax &amp; Super-Tax

Statutory Statement of Account prepared, Audit of Books of Firms UNDERTAKEN.

**B. L. THOSAR PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT.**

436-437, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

Tel. No. 23997.

## INSURANCE

**HINDUSTHAN Co-operative Insurance Society, Ltd.**

**Head Office—CALCUTTA.**

(A PURELY INDIAN LIFE OFFICE.)

**ASSETS Exceed Rs. 85,00,000**

**NEW BUSINESS (1925-27)**

**Over Rs. 72,00,000.**

**LAST BONUS (1922)**

**Rs. 75 per thousand for five years.**

**NEXT BONUS (1927)**

**is expected to be very substantial.**

Liberal Conditions as to Automatic Extension of Assurance, Loan and Surrender Values, Revival of Lapsed Policies, etc.

Premium Rates (with profit) are sufficiently low and without Profit Rates are, perhaps, the lowest.

Insure with "HINDUSTHAN" and have the satisfaction of making provision for self and family.

Applications for Agencies are invited.

For particulars please write to:-

**N. DATTA,**

Manager,

Commissariat Building, Hornby Road,

Fort, BOMBAY.

## Insure Your Motor Cars

WITH THE

## VULCAN

**INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED**

For Particulars Apply to:-

**K. JIVRAJ & COMPANY,**

PRINCIPAL AGENTS,

51-53, Bohra Bazar Street, Fort, BOMBAY

Tel. No. 25347.

## INDIA PROVIDENT Co., Ltd.

**SPLENDID BONUS 25% of the premium refunded as Bonus.**

Funds above Rs. 1 LACS.

The Safest Office for Life Insurance for the poor. Premium Rs. 1 or 5 as per person.

Active and honest agents required on liberal remuneration. Apply at once to the

**SECRETARY, 29, Grey Street, CALCUTTA** or to

**Messrs. R. M. DIVADKAR & Co.,** Chief Agents, Escoff Building, D'Almeida Street, Mazagon, Bombay

## PUBLIC NOTICES.

**GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—**

|                              | Per Column<br>Inch per Insertion. |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1st Insertion                | Rs. 7-8-0                         |
| 2nd Insertion                | Rs. 5-8-0                         |
| 3rd Insertion                | Rs. 4-8-0                         |
| 4th and Subsequent Insertion | Rs. 3-8-0                         |

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement columns.

## NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that CERTIFICATE for one Share No. 133888 of the Bundi Portland Cement, Limited, standing in the name of Radha Kishen has been LOST OR MISLAIN.

The public are hereby warned against purchasing or dealing with the above certificate in any way but are requested to give information about the same to the Undersigned.

RADHA KISHEN,  
C/o Messrs. Juggal Kamapat,  
Karvi, (U. P.).  
R697

**BENGAL NAGPUR RAILWAY CO., LTD**  
(Incorporated in England.)

## FOR SALE.

A PLOT of rent free land, measuring 0.96 acres with pucca office building measuring 190 ft. by 70 ft. partly I and partly II storied with a well and a 3 scatted latrine in the vicinity of Nagpur Railway Station. The building is locally known as "B. N. Railway Old Audit Office" and occupies a corner site on the road, near the Empress Cotton Mills. It is suitable for a Cinema Palace or Theatre. Offers to be submitted to AGENT, Bengal-Nagpur Railway, Bengal-Nagpur Railway House, Kidderpore.

29862

## NOTICE

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that Mr. N. D. GANDHI, is no longer in our employ, and has, therefore, no right to appoint any Agents or to act in our behalf in any manner.

STANDARD OIL CO., OF NEW YORK,  
C. I. BROWN,  
Attorney.

29864

## PUBLIC NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the PARTNERSHIP heretofore subsisting between Rammiklal Narotandas Parikh and Dulabhdas Motibhai Pajwani, who were carrying on business in steam coal of all description at Girgaum, Bombay, under the name and style of the "DOMESTIC COAL CO." and "PAJWANI BROS." respectively, has been DISSOLVED by mutual consent as from the 1st day of January, 1928, so far as the said Mr. Dulabhdas Motibhai Pajwani is concerned, who retired from the said partnership as and from that date. The said Mr. Rammiklal Narotandas Parikh has been carrying on the said business as and from the 1st day of January, 1928, on his own account and at his own risk under the same name and style of the "DOMESTIC COAL CO." at Sahiwal Building, Girgaum Back Road. The said Mr. Rammiklal Narotandas Parikh will recover outstanding and will pay all debts and liabilities due by the said firm of the "DOMESTIC COAL CO." and "Pajwani Bros.", both before and after the said first day of January, 1928, and the said Mr. Dulabhdas Motibhai Pajwani will not be responsible or liable to any person in any way in respect thereof.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1928.  
(Sign) RAMNIKAL NAROTAMDAS PARIKH,

Girgaum Back Road,  
Sahiwal Building,  
Bombay, No. 4.

R693

## PUBLIC NOTICES.

## BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

An Ordinary Monthly Meeting of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on Monday, the 6th February 1928, at 3 p.m. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—

1. Letter from the Secretary, Royal Sanitary Institute, London—Requesting the Corporation to appoint delegates to the Thirty-ninth Congress of the Institute to be held at Plymouth.

2-3 Letters from the Assistant Secretary Social Service League, Bombay—Regarding the question of appointing the Corporation's representatives on the Boards of Management of (2) the Mahila Mandal Classes and (3) the Bachubai Charitable Dispensary for Women and Children at Parel.

4. Letter from the Administrator Apostolic Archdiocese of Bombay—Requesting the Corporation to appoint two representatives on the Managing Committee of Saint Catherine's Rescue Home.

5. Letters from the Chairman, National Baby Week, Bombay—Applying for a grant-in-aid for the Baby Week.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

6. Framing, subject to confirmation by the Corporation, a rule for granting Maternity leave to certain female employees of the Municipality.

7. Forwarding a list of letters from the Municipal Auditors pending disposal by the Standing Committee.

8. Recommending approval to the revised estimates for the work of removing and relaying the 24-in. Talsi Main and providing a 12 in. temporary main to the west of DeLisle Road.

9. Giving sanction to the pay of five veterinary servants being fixed as proposed by the Commissioner, subject to the Corporation's sanction in respect of three of them.

10. Recommending sanction to a fresh lease being granted to the Advocate-General of the set-back land of a building at the junction of Nagdevi and Bibijan Streets.

11. Recommending sanction to the E.M. of pay the employees of the Engineering Department, to whom extra allowance for overtime work is admissible, being raised from Rs. 240 to Rs. 250 per mensem.

12. Forwarding the Commissioner's letter which forwards a letter from Government regarding the Bombay Development Loan Amortisation Fund.

13. Recommending sanction to Mr. H. J. Trivess Smith, Hydraulic Engineer, being granted an additional pension of Rs. 1,000 per annum from the date of his retirement.

14. Recommending a grant of Rs. 33,700 to meet the cost of providing a temporary electric pumping installation with pipe line at Elphinstone Road.

15. Forwarding for information the Commissioner's letter regarding the installation of an independent Air Compressor plant at Carrol Road (Lalbaug).

16. Recommending a grant to meet the expenditure in connection with the presentation of the Corporation's Address of Welcome to His Majesty the King of Afghanistan.

17. Regarding the interest claimed by Mr. Morarji Dharshi Ved on the amount paid by him to the Municipality as the betterment charges for the improvement of his property near the Mahin Railway Station.

18-19. Statement of Budget Transfers in respect of amounts (18) not exceeding Rs. 500 in each case sanctioned by the Standing Committee and (19) exceeding Rs. 500 in each case sanctioned by the Standing Committee, subject to the Corporation's orders.

Schools Committee's letters—

20. Requesting the Corporation to confirm the payment of a special grant to the Kanji Karamsi Mandvi School.

21. Reporting on an application of a Sewing Mistress for re-instatement in Municipal service.

Letters from the Commissioner—

22-24. Requesting sanction to the payment of gratuities not exceeding Rs. 126 in each case to certain retired employees in the Conservancy Branch.

25. Rs. 126-13-0 to a retired ward attendant in the Arthur Road Hospital.

26. Rs. 129-8-0 to a retired employee of the Health Department.

27. Rs. 129-8-0 to the wife and children of an late balakhore in the Health Department.

28. Rs. 126 to a retired employee of the Health Department.

29. Rs. 98 to a retired employee of the same Department and

30. Rs. 98 to another retired employee

## PUBLIC NOTICES.

of the same Department.

31. Forwarding returns showing the pressure in the water mains in the different localities of the City.

32. Forwarding lists showing the breeding places of anopheles larvae of mosquitoes.

33. Forwarding Analytical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies.

34. Requesting sanction to permission being granted to the Commissioner of Police to retain a platform and the roof over the Municipal passage near the Pydhoni Police Station as long as it is not required to be removed by the Municipality.

35. Requesting sanction to the exchange of certain Municipal land for Government land at Mahim Causeway.

36. Regarding the question of giving the Corporation's grant-in-aid to the Children's Aid Society.

37. Requesting sanction to a piece of set-back land at the junction of Foras Road and Kamatipura 10th Street, being leased to Mr. Maloo Rajaram Tilker.

38. Requesting sanction to permission being granted to the Andhra Valley Power Supply Company to use the Municipal ground between the Tansa Water Main and Chembur Road for erecting telephone poles.

39. Forwarding a statement showing the quantity of water brought into the City.

40. Forwarding the Executive Health Officer's report for the fourth quarter of 1927.

41. Requesting sanction to a piece of Municipal kutchra siting at Kuria being given to the G.I.P. Railway.

42. Requesting sanction to the acquisition of a property at Dadar Kumbharwada being withdrawn.

Government letters—

43. Requesting that a representative of the Corporation may be appointed on the Malaria Advisory Committee in place of the Honourable Mr. V. J. Patel who has resigned his seat on the Corporation.

44. Regarding the question of printing and publishing the register of children of School going age.

45. Regarding the sinking of the s.s. "Sant Tukaram" and the s.s. "Jayanti".

46. Letter from the Collector of Bombay—Giving notice that the site of a water course near Lamington Road be handed over to his Office Surveyor.

47. Letter from Sir Dinshaw Petit, Bart. intimating that he will not be able to serve as the Corporation's representative on the Board of Management of the District Benevolent Society.

48. Letters from Mr. J. B. Boman-Bertram, Representative of the Corporation on the G.I.P. Railway Local Advisory Committee—Reporting the action taken by him with regard to the opening of a new Ticket Office for Third Class passengers at the Victoria Terminus.

49. Municipal Secretary's letter—Reporting the name of a Councillor who has ceased to be a member of a Committee owing to his absence from the Committee meetings.

Notices of motions—

50-51. From Mr. P. G. Sahasrabudhe, seconded by Mr. B. G. Parekar—(50) For requesting the Commissioner to submit the Surplus Cash memo in an amended form and (51) for obtaining a report from the Commissioner as to whether his treating the Government water courses in the Mahin Ward as "Lanes" or "Passages", etc., is not illegal.

52. From Mr. E. R. Hirjibehdin—For requesting Government that in view of the retirement of Mr. H. B. Clayton, Municipal Commissioner, his successor may be selected in consultation with the Corporation.

53. From Mr. P. G. Sahasrabudhe, seconded by Dr. M. C. Javle and other Councillors—for requesting the Commissioner to provide adequate lamps for lighting the passages in the village of Worli Koliwala.

54. From Mr. P. G. Sahasrabudhe, seconded by Mr. B. G. Parekar, and another Councillor—For requesting Government to grant a sum of Rs. 2 crores for special anti-malarial measures.

55. From Mrs. A. F. McKenzie—For expressing opinion that any donations offered by the public to the Corporation for the purpose of awarding prizes from the interest thereof to Nurses in the Municipal Hospitals should be not less than Rs. 500.

56. From Dr. Aceacio G. Viegas—For rescinding the Corporation Resolution expressing opinion that General Elections should be held every five years instead of three years.

57. From Mr. P. G. Sahasrabudhe, seconded by Mr. R. A. Gole—for obtaining a report from the Revenue and General Purposes Committee as to the extent to which the tax on motor cars should be increased to make up the deficit in wheel tax

## PUBLIC NOTICES.

owing to the reduction in the number of victorias plying for hire.

58. From Dr. Khurshed J. J. Cursetji—For appointing Mr. J. B. Petit to be a member of the Drainage and Tramway Committees.

59. From Mr. G. B. Nare, seconded by Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhalay—for requesting the Schools Committee to consider the feasibility of including drawing and singing as compulsory subjects in the syllabus of studies in Primary Schools.

60. From Dr. Dinshab B. P. Master—for obtaining a report as to the delay caused in providing a recreation ground for children by the side of the Framji Cowasji Institute.

61. From Dr. E. Moses—for obtaining a report as to the precautions taken by the Commissioner for preventing the fat of animals slaughtered at Bandra and Kuria being used for adulteration with ghee.

62. From Dr. R. M. Mistry—for appointing the Honourable Sir Phiroze C. Sethna, Kt., O.B.E. to be a member of the Water Committee.

63. From Dr. Khurshed J. J. Cursetji—for inviting the attention of the Commissioner of Police to the beggar nuisance prevailing at Girgaum Road and Grant Road.

64. From Mr. Dostmahomed G. Khairani—for calling upon the representatives of the Corporation on the Schools Committee to resign to enable the Corporation to elect new representatives.

65. From Mr. M. M. Desai—for requesting the Revenue and General Purposes Committee to submit a draft representation to Government for amending the Municipal Act with a view to fixing the salaries of certain Municipal posts regulated by the Act as proposed in the motion.

66. From Mr. M. M. Desai, seconded by Mr. Vithaldas D. Govindji—for associating with the resolution brought forward in the Legislative Council with regard to the adulteration of pure ghee with vegetable oil.

67. From Mr. Dostmahomed G. Khairani—for resolving that the Corporation have no confidence in a certain Councillor as a member of the Schools Committee.

Reports of Committees of the Corporation—

68. Regarding the grants-in-aid payable to the Salvation Army Rescue Home and the Bombay Veterinary College.

69. Regarding the appointment of Deputy Executive Engineer, Drainage.

70. Regarding plans and estimates of the scheme for the disposal of the sewerage of the northern portions of the Island at Lava Grove and the annual recurring cost of the Kuria Scheme.

71. Regarding the question that Medical Officers in Municipal employ shall, as part of their duties, be required to give instructions to students if desired by the Corporation.

72. Confirmation of the proceedings of the Special Committees.

By Order of the President,

R. P. DESAI,

Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,

Bombay, 28th January 1928.

**ASOKA SWADESHI STORES, LTD.**  
(In Voluntary Liquidation.)

## LOST.

Two SHARE CERTIFICATES No. 181 for hundred Shares No. 13441 to 13540 and No. 182 for hundred Shares No. 77727 to 77826 in the above Company, standing in the name of Dayaldas Khushiram are LOST. Any claim in respect of these Shares should be notified within one month to the Registered Office of the Company. Asoka Building, Princess Street, Bombay; otherwise Duplicate will be issued to the abovenamed owner.

R695

**AWARDED GOLD MEDALS IN 1912.**

**MOHANLAL & Co.**  
JEWELLERS.

Telephone No. 21795,

Gha Mansion, Saik Memon St.

Bombay.

## PUBLIC NOTICES.

## ANDHRA UNIVERSITY.

## APPLICATIONS FOR REGISTRARSHIP.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of the REGISTRAR OF THE UNIVERSITY on a salary of Rs. 600-50-500-50-1000 per mensem with benefits of the University Provident Fund (6 1/4 per cent. by the subscriber and 6 1/4 per cent. by the University on the salary).

Every application should be accompanied by copies of testimonials regarding character, conduct and past work of the applicant and should contain the following particulars:—(1) Name, (2) Qualifications, (3) Previous experience (full details to be given), (4) Age, (5) Nationality, (6) Languages known and mother tongue.

The appointment will, in the first instance, be for a period of 5 years, commencing from 26th April, 1928, or at as early a date thereafter as the Syndicate may fix. The selected candidate will be eligible for re-election for successive periods of five years till he attains 55 years of age or till he completes 25 years of service whichever be the earlier event. He will have to execute a bond in the prescribed form subject to the provisions of the Statutes and will be bound by the Statutes in force for the time being. For other particulars the University Code may be consulted.

Any applicant who attempts to canvass or to bring influence to bear on the Vice-Chancellor or any member of the Syndicate or the Senate either personally or by letter either by himself or through the agency of others will be disqualified.

All applications SHOULD BE SENT BY REGISTERED POST so as to reach the undersigned not later than TUESDAY, the 21st February, 1928. Envelopes containing the applications should be sealed and superscribed "Application for post of Registrar".

(By Order),

C. D. S. CHETTI,

Registrar.

Bezawada, 26th January, 1928.

29867

## LEGAL NOTICES.

## NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that PURSHOTAM MORARJI, UMASHANKAR JUGJIVAN, a minor by his mother and guardian Bai Kamla, widow of Jugjivan Morarji, CHANDULAL MORARJI, a minor by his mother and guardian Bai JETHIBAI, widow of Morarji Damodar, all of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitants, have contracted to sell to our clients the property described in the Schedule hereunder written free from incumbrances.

Any person or persons having or claiming any right, title or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof whether by way of sale, mortgage, gift, lease, lien, trust, possession, inheritance, or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 14, Humnani Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without regard to any such claim and the same (if any) shall be deemed to have been waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Bhandari Street, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 142 2/9 square yards or thereabouts in the Collector's bills and 127 square yards or thereabouts in the extract of survey report and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 1904, New No. 9035, Old Survey No. 258, New Survey No. 4890, Cadastral Survey No. 3030, Bhuleswar Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 7515 and Street No. 94 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the said Bhandaree or Bhandarwada Street, on or towards the West by the sweeper's passage, on or towards the North by the house of Ramjee Khandooji and on or towards the South by the house lately of Jeera Narayan and now of Wihlal Premjee and which said premises were formerly occupied by the deceased Morarjee Damodar and are now occupied by the prebidders and other tenants.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1928.

JEHANGIR, GULABHAI & BILIMORIA,

Purchasers' Attorneys.

29859

## AUCTION SALES.

## BENNETT &amp; CO.

120, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

SALE WILL TAKE PLACE AT OUR ROOMS.

AUCTION SALE OF THE "NEW OIL MILLS" AT WADALA (SEWRI).

Pursuant to the High Court order dated the 21st September, 1925, and under instructions from N. H. Moos, Esq., the Official Liquidator of the New Oil Mills, Co., Ltd. (in Liquidation), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will on THURSDAY, the 9th Proximo, sell by Public Auction at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) at their Auction Rooms,

(LOT NO. 1.)

All that piece of land situate at Wadala on the Wadala Port Trust Estate admeasuring about 19,995 5/8 square yards bounded on the North by a proposed road and beyond that by land belonging to the Trustees of the Port of Bombay, on the South and East by other land belonging to the said Trustees, and, on the West by a road and beyond that by other land of the said Trustees forming part of the Wadala Railway Yard, which said piece of land bears Cadastral Survey No. 8-855, Dadar Naigaum Division.

(LOT NO. 2.)

## DESCRIPTION OF MOVABLE PROPERTY.

1 large structure of corrugated iron sheets for the main mills and oil cake godown.

1 large structure for the seed godown and cargo oil and copra godown.

1 large structure for oil storing tanks and oil godown.

1 small structure for office.

1 bungalow of masonry work with a small garden attached.

A number of small out-houses for servants built of corrugated iron sheets, railway sidings on both sides of the mills.

Oil machinery of electric motors from 30 to 90 B.H.P. Seed crushers, grinders, hydraulic pumps and accumulators, oil filler presses, elevators, conveyors, moulding machines and oil boiling kettles, oil tanks, paring machines, bunkers, and rollers for seeds, steam-boiler, etc., etc.

Electric motors and machinery in working order.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Bhaishanker, Kanga and Giridharlal, Attorneys for the Liquidator, or to the undersigned.

N. B.—Private offers will be considered.

SALE WILL TAKE PLACE IN BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE OF VACANT PLOT OF LAND AT NASIK.

Under instructions from N. H. Moos, Esq., the Receiver in Suit No. 791 of 1923 (Gulbai vs. Cowasjee), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY MONDAY, the 30th instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), at their Auction Rooms the undermentioned property:—

All that piece of vacant land with a well thereon, situate in Nasik in the Nasik District, bearing Collector's Survey No. 107, Pot No. 1, admeasuring about 11 acres, 27 guntas, and assessment (akari) is Rs. 146.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for the Receiver, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

## GANDHI &amp; CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents.

AUCTION SALE OF 55 BALES WASTE DROPPINGS.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by public auction on TUESDAY, the 31st January 1928, at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), by order of Messrs. Mangaldas Matfial and Co., at their godown at Forbes Press, Sewri, on account and at the risk of Messrs. Lakhmsey Ludha and Co., the defaulting purchasers:—

53 bales Waste Droppings No. 1 of Ahmedabad Advance Mills.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

GANDHI & CO.  
Auctioneers.

## CLASSIFIED ADVTs.

Readers, Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:—

HALF ANNA  
PER WORD

Minimum Charge being Annas Twelve.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words: Apply Box No.—Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number—Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

## SITUATIONS VACANT.

**WANTED.** A competent TYPIST for immediate engagement. Applicants must have at least five years' experience in an Attorney's firm. Apply personally. Messrs. SHAH AND CO., Solicitors, Yusuf Building, Fort. 29369

**WANTED COMMISSION AGENTS** for canvassing orders for piece-goods viz., coatings, shirtings, tweeds, hunting-cloths, towels, dhoties of various attractive designs and beautiful colours in cotton mercerized and pure silk yarns. Apply sharp. To CHOWA INDUSTRIALS WEAVING ESTT., CHOWA, CANNANORE, (N. MALABAR). R696

**WANTED.—INFLUENTIAL AGENTS** for the sale of "Bombay Chronicle," Daily and Sunday Editions. Apply for the revised Terms of Agency to the MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle," "Hari" Building, Old Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay.

## FRUITS FLOWERS SEEDS

11 lb. FRESH THIN SKIN WALNUTS, choicest dessert apples, pears, hazelnuts Rs. 5-8 each. 11 lb. Fresh thin skin almonds, stoneless sweet apricots, currants, raisins, Sultan's figs apple rings Rs. 13 each. Prices Postage included. DAR BROS. Srinagar, Kashmir. R29903

## MACHINERY, TOOLS ETC.

**WANTED—A CLOTH DRYING MACHINE** and 50 LOOMS immediately. Send particulars to Box No. 2991 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." R 692

## PHOTOGRAPHY.

## PHOTOGRAPHS

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelopes. All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR,

"Bombay Chronicle,"  
Old Custom House Road, Bombay

## HOUSES AND FLATS TO LET

**TO LET—OFFICE ROOM, SHOP, SHOW WINDOWS** in Gaiety Buildings, opposite Victoria Terminus. Apply MANAGER CAPITOL.

## FOR SALE.

**SOFT SERVICEABLE FLANNELETTE.** Kakomi Flannelette at As. 11 to As. 15 per yard; 29" x 30" wide in white, red and blue striped. Excellent for children's wear. Write for free samples. White ..... As. 13/6 per yard. Blue Striped ..... As. 15 per yard. Red Striped ..... As. 11 per yard.

**TOWELS THAT STAY YOUNG.** Kakomi Turkish Towels take a lot of wearing out. Treat them as hard as you like, you won't spoil them. Well bleached and excellent in appearance, they will give you years of service. Free samples on request.

**TENNIS SCREENS THAT WEAR.** Specify Kakomi Tennis Screens. They are strong and simple to erect. Made from Dark Blue Sheeting or Dosuti. Size 60' x 9'. Free samples of materials on application. Dosuti ..... Rs. 136 per pair. Sheeting ..... Rs. 112 per pair.

**GET A GOOD PURDAH.** You can make or mar the appearance of your room with a single Purdah. Choose from our wide range of delicate shades and add to the character of your rooms. All Kakomi Purdahs are hemmed ready for the rod. Write for free sample. Price for size 6' x 50" Dosuti Rs. 2-8 each. Price for size 6' x 72" Dosuti Rs. 3-12 each. Price for size 6' x 44" Bolton Sheeting Rs. 2-8 each.

**THE CANNON COTTON MILLS CO.,** CANNANORE. K2

## AMUSEMENTS.

**ANOTHER ROUSING RECEPTION** accorded to

**The Flag Lieutenant**

by the public of Bombay

NEVER LET IT BE SAID THAT YOU MISSED

The Mighty Picture of the Navy

**The Flag Lieutenant**

See this Superdreadnaught Photoplay

TO-NIGHT at 6-15 or 10 p.m.

AT THE

**Capitol**

Otherwise you will repent for ever.

**BIG RUSH! 2nd WEEK!**

AT **CINEMA MAJESTIC**

GIRGAUM

SHRI SHARDA'S THRILLING PICTURE

THE WINE OF YOUTH

THE WINE OF YOUTH

THE WINE OF YOUTH

Featuring Mr. VITHAL

Powerful and Peppy. A live and Living

A RECORD PICTURE

TO-NIGHT and THIS WEEK

at 5, 7, 9 & 11 p.m. See Extra show at 3 p.m.

**UNIVERSAL**

PICTURE HOUSE

(CINEMA PRECIOUS—Lamington Road)

THIS WEEK

A UNIVERSAL JEWEL

BACK TO GOD'S COUNTRY

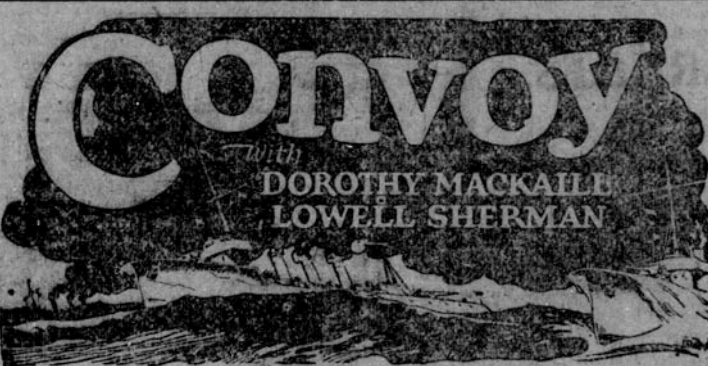
with

**RENEE ADOREE**

A dramatic tale of the country beyond where primal instincts govern and a weakling stands no show.

Daily: at 5-15, 7, 8-15 and 10-30

## AMUSEMENTS



**PATHE SUPER GAZETTE.** Time: 6-15, 8-15 & 10 P.M.  
**PATHE CINEMA** Royal Opera House.

**WANTED**  
for  
**FILM COMPANY**

EXPERIENCED

**Actors and Actresses**

**EXPERT CAMERAMAN**

and

**DIRECTOR**

Those who can undertake responsibility need apply between 12 p.m. to 2 p.m.

TO

**MANEKLAL B. PATEL**

GUJARAT FILMS

Dadar Road, Bombay.

## INVESTORS' REFERENCE BOOK 1928.

We have received a copy of a small booklet called "Investors' Reference Book 1928" issued by Messrs. Patel and Ramani Share Brokers Bombay. It contains very useful records of dividends. Highest and lowest prices of Shares during the past ten years and other particulars such as loans, dividends, face values of shares, total number of shares, reserve funds and book accounts of mills. It also contains full particulars of jute mills and some extracts from the Bombay Government Gazette relating to trading rules on the local Stock Exchange. It is a useful guide to investors and Messrs. Patel and Ramani might well be congratulated on what they have called their first venture. We, however, take this opportunity of drawing their attention to a need which they have expressed, but not supplied. We believe that the publication of the list of share holders holding large number of shares in each company at the end of the year as an appendix to the booklet would have further enhanced the value of the booklet as real Book of reference to investors.

## LONDON PRODUCE.

London, Jan. 28.

Cottonseed, Bombay:—  
Jan./Feb. quoted 49-0-0.  
Castorseed Bombay:—  
Jan./Feb. sellers 48-5-0.  
Rapedseed, Toria ton:—  
Jan./Feb. sellers 48-15-0.

## WHEAT—LONDON MARKET.

London, Jan. 28.

Rozarje Santa Fe:—  
Barilla Russo.  
Jan./Feb. sellers (parcels) 47.  
Wheat, South Australian:  
Adopt Liverpool paid 50.  
Wheat, Choice White Karachi:—

## LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, Jan. 28.

Interest Day to Day Loans 3-3/8 p.c.  
Interest 7 days' market Loans 3-1/2 p.c.  
Bank Bills 3 months 4-3/32 p.c.  
Bank Bills 6 months 4-5/32 p.c.  
Fine Trade Bills 3 months 4-3/4 p.c.  
Fine Trade Bills 6 months 5-1/4 p.c.

## BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

## UNIVERSAL PICTURE HOUSE.

Universal is certainly turning out some crackerjacks of late. The Universal Picture House has garnered the local rights on "Back to God's Country" and they tell me that the film is going to mean a big harvest to Uncle Sam—income tax bigger and all that sort of thing. And I'm sure that the theatre owners aren't a bit sad about that.

This is a remarkable production and has an excellent cast. Renee Adoree is charming and wistful in the starring role. No doubt Mr. Citizenry will flood her with fan letters after this.

My own little fan letter is this: "Dear Miss Adoree: You certainly did your stuff in 'Back to God's Country.' I can't remember ever having seen you so radiant and you have indeed had some splendid roles in the past. You don't mind, do you, if I give a little credit for the picture to others than yourself? Of course you made the picture exceptionally interesting for me but—

"I think Robert Frazer did awfully well opposite you. He was superb. And Mitchell Lewis was powerful. Walter Long was despicable. But, of course, he was supposed to be. He's a mighty fine actor, too.

"And Irvin Willat did a great piece of work in directing and moulding the story into a coherent whole. And James Oliver Curwood didn't give him such a bad start when he wrote that thrilling novel, 'Back to God's Country.'"

"Here's hoping that you will give us some more colourful things like this—Your eternal fan,

"The Critic."

## WELLINGTON CINEMA.

From the divorce court into the traffic court is the step negotiated by the pretty Priscilla Dean in her new uproariously funny comedy drama "Forbidden Waters," which comes to the Wellington Cinema (Dhobi Talao) to-night and this week. The story is full of fun, frolic and frivolity, and Priscilla Dean is ideally cast in this exceptionally strong picture. A young divorced woman learns that her ex-husband has fallen for a beautiful blonde and is after him only for his money. The divorced wife blocks this scheme in a series of thrilling incidents, wholesome comedy abounds throughout the picture. For the first time in her screen career, Priscilla Dean appears in a make-up quite foreign to anything she has ever previously attempted. She dons the garb of a poor old woman with a shawl about her shoulders. She drives an old Ford, takes her ex-husband at the point of a revolver to a desolate island and then she reveals her identity. This brings about complications of great interest. "Forbidden Waters" is a fascinating picture story of a lost love, a kidnapped husband, a divorced wife and two crooks—a swift-moving, thrilling, delightful humorous comedy drama featuring the lovely, bewitching, adorable Priscilla Dean. The programme includes a two reel comedy.

## ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

One of the methods of communication established by the German Secret Service in America, during the World War, is revealed for the first time in "Convoy," Robert Kane's epic of the Navy, which First National is scheduled for to-night at the Royal Opera House.

The picture has been hailed on Broadway as "The Big Parade of the Navy" and is remarkable for the unusually long list of stars in the cast and the spectacular scenes of naval warfare, which were secured through the United States Navy, the British Navy and the German Navy.

## HAS STRONG PLOT.

The picture tells of the shellfishes made by a girl, who, at the instance of the United States Secret Service, becomes the companion of a man about town, somewhat in ill repute as an idler, and in reality the chief of the German espionage in America. As a parallel, the experiences of her brother and fiancée in the Navy are shown with dramatic colour.

By playing on his infatuation for her,

the girl manages to secure evidence enough for the arrest of the German, and at the same time, outwits his attempt to inform the German fleet of the sailing of the first big convoy of troops.

## GLOBE CINEMA.

This week again 'The Globe Cinema,' Sandhurst Road has a double attraction in honour of the thousands of requests received from their fans. The excellent comedy "Day Dream" featuring Buster Keaton—the dreams of a fond parent regarding his good-for-nothing son, is a feature worth seeing. Buster Keaton writes to his loving fiancée that he is fighting his way against the whole army, when the army of the police is after him as an accused, and so on. It is sure to make your sides crack from laughing. Together with this is the third and the last week of 'The Golden Station.' The extraordinary rush at the cinema, which means that the fans were pleased perfectly, we are sure, will again be repeated this week.

## A FILM OF NAVAL ACTION AT ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

Presenting spectacular scenes of the actual Battle of the North Sea and tracing through reels of pulsating action a history of the Navy at War, "Convoy," which opened last night at the Royal Opera House was this department's salute as one of the greatest moving pictures ever made.

Unfolding along with the thrilling tale of the Navy's service, a romance that is so vivid and true and touching it brought tears to many eyes last night, the epic film has the story, star, and setting complete.

## WHAT IS YOUR BIRTHDAY?

## TO-DAY'S FORECAST.

(By KAM, Chela of Himalayas Jashimahara) Jothabhai Labadde.

## SIGN OF ZODIAC: AQUARIUS.

If to-day is your birthday, you are short-sighted, not literally but figuratively. You look at world's glittering show, animate or inanimate, over a mile's length without the aid of eye-glasses or Chamberlainian monocle; but in putting your faith in the fleeting "tamasha" and enjoyment of this world's fruits you do not look beyond your nose. You think as if you have to live on this earth eternally. But mistaken, sadly mistaken you are, just like our kind-hearted self-appointed Trustees of India who fondly believe their eternal stay on this ancient soil is for the benefit of all. Temperamentally you are a harmless and obliging person; but bad company proves to be your bane. In your school-days you learnt by heart the beautiful poem of "the parrot and the crow" in which pretty Polly happened to mix itself in the very black company of crows, who were pulling up the wheat. He himself pulled and ate, and ate and half-digested the wheat, and "did more damage than the crows", and what happened? The sweet chatterer fell to the gun of the farmer and was soon on the casualty list! As Polly was carried off to bed (in a St. John Ambulance car!) the farmer muttered, in his rustic way: "Bad company", adding "Had you not with the crows been found—you still had been all safe and sound!" Now take this lesson to heart. Otherwise, a day will soon come when an ambulance car will soon be pulling at your door. You are an ideal husband and father. You hate Dr. Marie Stopes' system, and believe in the good old adage "the more the merrier." Evidently, like Ford, you believe in mass production, which, as you allege, proves cheaper in the end, and say to critics that "God provides nest for birds and food for children in advance; so trust in God and do the right."

bination that insures a topnotch hit.

Dorothy Mackaill, Lowell Sherman, Lawrence Gray, Buster Collier and Ian Keith head an excellent cast. The work of each far outshone anything they have ever done before.

Joe Boyle directed the picture, which was based on John Tainter Foote's short story, "The Song of the Dragon." Filmed with the co-operation of the United States Navy, costing over Dol. 1,000,000 during its four months in production and boasting a cast of more than 3,000 actors and extras, "Convoy" is one of those few pictures that will be shown for years to come and talked about for decades.

Don't miss "Convoy." It's a real gem of the ocean.

## WEEK'S COTTON PRICES.

|                            | Jan. 21. | Jan. 22. | Jan. 23. | Jan. 24. | Jan. 25. | Jan. 26. | Jan. 27. |
|----------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| N. Y. July Highest         | 18.58    | 18.34    | 18.30    | 18.17    | 18.33    | 18.17    |          |
| N. Y. July Lowest          | 18.51    | 18.15    | 18.04    | 17.95    | 18.12    | 17.89    |          |
| N. Y. July Close           | 18.52    | 18.30    | 18.04    | 17.97    | 18.26    | 17.90    |          |
| N. Y. December Close       | 17.97    | 17.78    | 17.50    | 17.48    | 17.50    | 17.36    |          |
| Bombay Broach A.M. Highest | 366      | 362      | 362      | 358      | 361/8    | 365      |          |
| Bombay Broach A.M. Lowest  | 362/8    | 359/12   | 359/8    | 356/8    | 355/4    | 361/8    |          |
| Bombay Broach A.M. Close   | 362/8    | 364      | 361/8    | 357/8    | 361      | 362      |          |

**Phoenix**



A most comfortable and durable  
**WHITE CANVAS CREPE SOLE  
SHOE** for Sports and Outdoor

Available in sizes 11 to 9 from all  
Bazar Shoe Dealers.

Examine the Trade Mark and refuse  
imitations and substitutes.

Usual  
Retail  
Price.

**Rs. 3-12.**

Distributing Agents:

**KAZI**  
DAWAR H. KAZI & CO.

20, Chowringhee, 249, Hornby Rd.,  
CALCUTTA. BOMBAY.

Trade terms to Dealers on  
application.

## WEATHER REPORT

SIMLA, Jan. 29.

A fresh eastern disturbance is passing the extreme north and nearly general rain has again fallen along the Western Himalayas and a few falls have occurred in the Punjab East and North. Local rain is also reported from Bihar and Chota Nagpur with a few falls from Bengal and Assam. The temperature is above the normal in North West India and is higher than the usual over the region extending from the North Deccan to Bengal.

Chief amounts are: Dibrugarh quarter of an inch; Ranchi one and a half; Gaya one quarter; Naya Dumka a half; Mussoree and Chakrata one and a half; Dehra Dun one. Ambala and Simla one quarter; Sonmarg three and Dras one quarter; Sagar three and Dras one quarter.

Forecast:—A decrease on the Kumaon Hills and an extension in the extreme north.—A. P.

## "DAILY EXPRESS" ANNUAL

The "Daily Express" Annual for the year 1927 is a brightly written and brightly got up production. Notable among the contributors to the Annual are Sir P. Sivaswamy Iyer, who briefly sums up the whole case for the boycott of the Simon Commission; Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, who writes academically on "The outlawry of War"; Mr. Hamilton Fyfe, late Editor of the "Daily Herald", who also writes on Chattopadhyaya each of whom writes a short story. The Annual is fully illustrated the Commission and calls it a "culpable folly"; Mr. Norman Angell, who writes on some of the World Problems of 1928; Mr. Kable Howard and Mrs. Kamala Devi with six colour plates and numerous sketches in black and white. Altogether it is a bright and very readable Annual and speaks well for the enterprise of the "Daily Express".

When Major General Sir Robert Cassels becomes Adjutant General in India he will be succeeded in Peshawar District by Major General C. Godwin now at Staff College, Quetta and Major General E. T. Humphreys, Deputy Director of Military Operations at the War Office will come out from England and succeed Major General Godwin.—A. P.

The Railway Board have sanctioned traffic survey by the East Indian Railway for a line from Shahjahanpur to Milan, a distance of about forty miles.—A. P.

From enquiries made the Associated Press learns that normal term of office of Sir C. P. Ramaswamy Iyer, Law Member, Madras Government, terminates on February 12 this year. By reason of his deprivation for General he is entitled to an extension till the end of April. He is resigning from the beginning of March and is moving to Bar.—A. P.

## World Cotton Situation

NEW YORK, LIVERPOOL &amp; BOMBAY MARKETS.

## NEW YORK.

Unfavourable Liverpool Advices. Speculative selling. Long liquidation. Diminishing spot demand. Futures 36 to 21 points lower.

New York, Jan. 27.

Yesterday's friendly feeling and short covering proved a momentary phase of the market as to-day southern selling pressure and long liquidation influenced by diminishing trade demand caused a further break of 36 points in values on the New York Cotton Exchange. The market opened 14 points lower on unfavourable Liverpool advices but recovered 5 points on scattered buying. At this level buying power disappeared and news of much restricted demand for spot cotton influenced considerable selling pressure of speculative shorts and state long liquidation. Later on prices fluctuated steadily at the declined and closed near the lowest level of the day. The net change was a decline of 34 to 36 points for near months and 21 to 24 points for new crop delivery. Unfavourable conditions in dry goods market is telling adversely on spot demand and spot cotton prices were reduced to-day by 40 points to 18.40c.

The New Orleans futures market ruled quiet and orders of cotton feeling uneasy are inclined to hedge. The market closed at a decline of 37 to 38 points. Spot prices fell 36 points to 17.91c.

## N. Y. JULY FLUCTUATIONS.

New York, Jan. 27.

10 A. M. 18.12-14 Opening  
10.16 a.m. 18.17-.09 Highest  
11 a.m. 18.12-14  
12 noon 18.09-17  
1.53 p.m. 17.89-37 Lowest  
3 p.m. 17.90-36 Close.

## PRIVATE CABLES.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cable from New York dated 27th Jan.:

"Market declined on long liquidation and speculative selling."

Router. Market opened weak on lower Liverpool cables, and declined further on general selling and unfavourable conditions in dry goods market.

Messrs. Emrigar and Vennard's New York friends Messrs. A. Nordson and Co. cable under date 27th inst. as under: "Market declined on diminishing trade demand, southern selling and state long liquidation."

## NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Jan. 28.

March 17.43-49  
May 17.52-45  
July 17.45-48  
October 17.20-41  
December 17.15-41  
Midling Spot 17.95-45

## NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Jan. 28.

March 17.20-45  
May 17.20-42  
Midling Spot 17.40-45

## NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, Jan. 28.

Bales 10,000  
Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports 10,000  
Day's Exports to Great Britain, Nil  
Day's Exports to the Continent 9,000

## NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.

New York, Jan. 28.

Demand Bills 436.87

## COFFEE-NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, Jan. 28.

Coffee Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) Spot: 14-13/16

## LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Jan. 28.

January 9.52-20  
February 9.44-22  
March 9.43-22  
April 9.40-23  
May 9.39-23  
June 9.34-23  
July 9.34-23  
August 9.25-22  
September 9.20-20  
October 9.14-18  
November 9.09-16  
December 9.09-16  
January 9.09-17  
Midling Spot 10.10-22

## LONDON GOLD.

London, Jan. 28.

Bar Gold, Fine per oz. 44/11-1/2

## LONDON SILVER.

London, Jan. 28.

Spot 26-1/4  
Forward 26-1/8

## LIVERPOOL.

Local selling. Poor spot demand. Sales 6,000 bales. Futures 7 to 2 points lower.

Liverpool, Jan. 27.

The Liverpool futures market opened 5 points higher on parity with previous day's New York close, but soon lost the improvement on local selling influenced by poor spot demand, sales being 6,000 bales. While the meeting of Master Spinners and operatives is to take place on the 3rd proximo, it is causing some anxiety to spinners and are inclined to adopt a cautious policy. The proposals of a reduction of 12 1/2 per cent. wages of operatives and to increase working hours by at least four per week are anticipated by many reliable houses to lead to labour troubles if persisted in. Later on prices declined on easier advices from New York and the market closed weak at a decline of 7 points for near months and 2 points for new crop positions. Middling American spot prices improved 2 points to 10.32d. per lb. but are likely to decline about 20 points to-morrow.

The Empire futures contracts, which received better support from the Continental spinners up to now, developed into weakness owing to withdrawal of demand. Prices closed at a decline of 10 points May being quoted 9.63d. per lb.

The Egyptian section, which ruled steady on unfavourable political developments, ruled easy on increased offerings and established a fall of 17 to 18 points at the close.

## PRIVATE CABLES.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cable from Liverpool dated 27th Jan.:

"Market declined on local selling."

Messrs. Langley and Co. have received the following cable from Liverpool dated 27th Jan.:

"Liquidation by bulls following poor trade reports."

Messrs. Thomas Smith and Co. have received the following cable from their Liverpool friends:

"Easier spot advices, and trade only small buyers."

Messrs. Drennan and Co. have received the following cable dated 27th inst. from their Liverpool friends Messrs. J. H. Springman and Co.:

"See no inducement to buy, unless some damage occurs to new crop, which we do not see a chance of. Advance caused by bears buying to cover. Market may go a little higher, but think reaction about over, and rather favour selling."

Messrs. Bruel and Co. have received the following cable from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson dated 27th inst. (5-10 p.m.):

"Market has a heavy undertone, and requires further stimulus. Think gradual sagging prices likely in the immediate future."

Hornby Hemmick and Co. "Sudan wireless rumours disorder absolutely unfounded bulls realising."

"Cotton demand largely short covering acts poorly."

## INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Jan. 28.

Scinde, Fully Good 7.40-15  
Scinde, Fine 7.60-15  
Scinde, Superfine 7.80-15  
Bengal, Good 7.20-15  
Bengal, Fully Good 7.40-15  
Bengal, Fine 7.60-15  
Oomra, Good 7.85-15  
Oomra, Fully Good 8.10-15  
Oomra, Fine 8.35-15  
Broach, Fully Good 8.85-15  
Broach, Fine 9.10-15  
Broach, Superfine 9.35-15

## EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Jan. 28.

January 16.21-35  
February 16.21-35  
March 16.36-35  
April 16.51-34  
May 16.51-34  
June 16.51-34  
July 16.57-34  
August 16.57-34  
September 16.57-34  
October 16.62-34  
November 16.65-33  
December 16.56-33  
January 16.62-33  
Sakellidris, F.G.F., Spot 16.85-40

## LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.

Liverpool, Jan. 28.

Sales at Liverpool 4,000  
Sales on Speculation 100  
Sales of East Indian Cotton Nil

## LONDON RUBBER.

London, Jan. 28.

Smoked Sheet, Standard Ribbed lb. spot: Sellers 1/7.

## BOMBAY.

Heavy long liquidation-Option dealers sold-Japanese Sold-market nervous Closed Rs. 32/12 lower.

Bombay, Jan. 28.

Following a sharp decline of 36 point in New York futures, the local market opened at Rs. 306/8 for Broach April/May delivery and declined to Rs. 352/4 on heavy long liquidation. At this level there was slight covering and rates at 4 p.m. were as under:-

|       | Broach | April/May | 356/8 | 356/8 | 352/4 | 353/4 |
|-------|--------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| March | 323/8  | 323/8     | 320   | 320/8 |       |       |
| March | 294    | 294       | 290   | 290/8 |       |       |

## SEWRI MARKET.

Bombay, Jan. 28.

Liverpool opened easy at a decline of 14 points and eased further. The local forward market declined to Rs. 355/4 on selling by option dealers. A slight rally at this level was lost on Japanese selling. Rates at 6-30 p.m. were as under:-

|       | Broach | April/May | 351/8 | 351/8 | 349/12 | 349/1 |
|-------|--------|-----------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| March | 320    | 320       | 317   | 317   |        |       |
| March | 290    | 290       | 287   | 287   |        |       |

## SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Jan. 28.

April 215.30-4.10  
July 219.50-4.60

## AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bale. 1927-28 1926-27  
Receipts to date 27.1.28 6519000 5812000  
Yesterday do 30000 38000  
Exports to date do 4265000 6520000  
Stock at Ports 27.1.28 241000 204000  
Interior 27.1.28 1182000 1434000  
Liverpool 27.1.28 853000 1287000  
Visible Supply 27.1.28 5506000 7218000  
Quantity in Sight do 11068000 14415000

## EAST INDIAN COTTON

## BREUL AND CO'S REPORT

## RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

|                       | Yester. | This day. | Last year. |
|-----------------------|---------|-----------|------------|
| in-full-pressed Bales | 170,300 | 170,300   | 2,27,826   |
| Khanqesh              | 2,540   | 1,70,300  | 2,27,826   |
| Central India         | 2,150   | 1,42,584  | 1,32,973   |
| Barri and Nagar       | 2,780   | 1,64,617  | 1,15,725   |
| Hyderabad-Gaon        | 616     | 65,223    | 38,499     |
| Bebar                 | 5,989   | 3,61,666  | 3,03,132   |
| Central Provinces     | 1,597   | 1,50,600  | 1,08,569   |
| Total Oomras          | 15,689  | 10,61,216 | 9,26,724   |
| Dholera               | 728     | 52,681    | 32,480     |
| N.W. Provinces        | 198     | 59,617    | 48,210     |
| Rajputana             | 587     | 21,752    | 18,193     |
| Sind-Punjab           | 664     | 95,380    | 63,761     |
| Broach                | 18      | 2,615     | 239        |
| Compta & Dhar         |         | 3,549     | 19,801     |
| Western-Northerns     |         | 3,062     | 9,019      |
| Cocanada              |         |           | 395        |
| Emverelly and Cam-    |         |           |            |
| India                 | 7,425   | 4,594     |            |
| Persian               | 3,230   | 2,853     |            |
| American              | 21,111  | 70,300    |            |
| Egyptian and Af-      |         | 9,378     | 21,311     |
| rican                 |         |           |            |
| Comilla, Burma and    |         | 64        | 45         |
| other sorts.          |         |           |            |
| Total                 | 17,884  | 13,41,611 | 13,41,611  |

## EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

|                       | 1st Sept. to 26th Jan. | Yester.  | This day. | Last year. |
|-----------------------|------------------------|----------|-----------|------------|
| in-full-pressed Bales |                        |          |           |            |
| Europe                | 5,855                  | 2,21,563 | 10,9,949  |            |
| Japan & China         | 9,100                  | 3,49,387 | 4,37,561  |            |
| Coast Ports           |                        | 11,430   | 5,839     |            |
| Up-country by Rail    |                        | 40,396   | 41,835    |            |
| Abroad in harbour for |                        |          |           |            |
| Europe China and      |                        | 50,651   | 81,469    |            |
| Japan                 |                        | 14,955   | 6,73,337  | 6,76,133   |
| Total                 |                        |          |           |            |

## READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Jan. 28.

|                     | Ready     | Deliv.     | Contract |
|---------------------|-----------|------------|----------|
| Bengal Superfine    | 305       |            |          |
| Bengal Fine         | 300 + 6   |            |          |
| Bengal F.G.         | 290       |            |          |
| Sind-Punjab Fine    | 300       |            |          |
| Sind-Punjab F.G.    | 290       |            |          |
| Wardha-Hingri Fine  | 355       |            |          |
| Nagpur Fine         | 355 + 24  |            |          |
| Yeomai Fine         | 345/48    |            |          |
| Arvi Fine           | 345 + 13  |            |          |
| Amraoti             | 835       |            |          |
| Khatuagan-Akola     |           | 328/30 + 1 |          |
| Mulkapur Fine       | 325/28    |            |          |
| Khatuagan Fine      | 315 - 8/0 |            |          |
| Mathia Fine         |           | -20        |          |
| Mathia F.G.         |           |            |          |
| Nanded/Patla F.G.   |           |            |          |
| G.S.                | 360/65    |            |          |
| Purna F.G.G.S.      | 335       |            |          |
| Paibhani/Sailu F.G. |           |            |          |
| G.S.                |           |            |          |
| Indore/Ujjain Fine  |           |            |          |
| Ruwah Sanyat Fine   | 335       |            |          |
| Broach F.G.         |           | March      | April    |
| Broach Fine         |           | +19        | +15/6    |
| Western M.C.        |           |            |          |
| Western H.G.        |           |            |          |
| Camodia             | 455       |            |          |

## BULLION MARKET

Bombay, Jan. 28.  
(The Bombay Bullion Brokers' Association Ltd.)

## GOLD.

|                                                  |        |
|--------------------------------------------------|--------|
| Ready                                            | 21 5 0 |
| Maha                                             | 21 4 9 |
| Falguna                                          | 21 5 9 |
| Narandas Motilal Native gold bars touch 96/98-99 | 21 5 0 |
| National City                                    | 21 8 0 |

## SILVER.

|                   |                         |
|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Ready             | 59 3 0                  |
| London-Ready      | 26 1/8                  |
| Forward           | 26 0 0                  |
| London/Shanghai:- |                         |
| Opening           | 2 7 1/4                 |
| Closing           | 2 7 1/4                 |
| New York Cent     | 57 0 0                  |
| Up                | 11 L. Cl.               |
| Maha              | 59/3 59/5 59/2 59/4     |
| Falguna           | 58/15/6 59/1/6 58/11 59 |

## PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Jan. 28.  
Receipts of various raw produce into Bombay upto noon the 27th inst.

|                          |            |
|--------------------------|------------|
| Wheat                    | 4,105 cwt. |
| Linseed                  | 1,734 "    |
| Rape, Rai & Mustardseeds | 901 "      |
| Gingellyseeds            | 6,723 "    |
| Poppyseed                | 14 "       |
| Groumots                 | 54,911 "   |
| Castorseed               | 5,795 "    |
| Rice                     | 24,001 "   |
| Myrahollams              | 7,909 "    |
| Cottonseed               | 29,316 "   |
| Mowrased                 | 323 "      |
| Gram                     | 2,391 "    |
| Joowar                   | 2,099 "    |
| Barley                   | 203 "      |
| Barbes                   | 7,332 "    |
| Coal                     | 784 tons   |

## PUNJAB PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.

|                  | Jan. 28.         |
|------------------|------------------|
| Wheat Har        | 4 4 9            |
| Gram Jeth        | 3 4 9            |
| Rapeseed Bisakh  | 7 0 0            |
| Cottonseed Ready | 20 1/2 0         |
| Wheat Ready      | 4 6 0 to 4 10 0  |
| Gram Ready       | 3 12 0 to 3 14 0 |
| Cottonseeds      | 3 13 0           |

## SRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION LTD.

Bombay, Jan. 28.  
The following are the quotations of Branch fully good Cotton April/May delivery rates of the bazar:

|                                |           |
|--------------------------------|-----------|
| Last night                     | Rs. 360/0 |
| Closing 19th Rs.               | 363/8     |
| Today's Opening                | Rs. 354/  |
| B.T.                           |           |
| 8.0 Rs.                        | 356/8     |
| 10.0 Rs.                       | 356/4     |
| 12.0 Rs.                       | 355/0     |
| 2.0 Rs.                        | 353/4     |
| 4.0 Rs.                        | 351/12    |
| 6.0 Rs.                        | 349/8     |
| Today's highest rate April/May | Rs. 356/8 |
| 356/8 lowest rate Rs.          | 349/8     |

## EXCHANGE

Bombay, Jan. 28.

LONDON:-  
Bank's selling T T 1/6 1/16.  
Bank's selling D D 1/6 3/32.  
Bank's buying 3 Mst D A 1/132.  
Bank's buying T T 1/6 3/32 to 1/8.  
Bank's buying D D 1/6 1/8.  
Tone of Exchange:-Steady dull.

PARIS:-  
Bank's selling D D 920.  
Bank's buying 3 Mst D A 960.  
Bank's buying D D 945.

JAPAN:-  
Bank's selling T T 128 1/4.  
Bank's buying 60 Dst D P 124 3/4.

HONGKONG:-  
Bank's selling D D 136 3/4.

SHANGHAI:-  
Bank's selling D D 174 1/2.

SINGAPORE:-  
Bank's D D 155 1/2.

NEW YORK:-  
Bank's selling D D 272 1/2.  
London-Gold per oz.-Ready 8 11 1/2.  
London-Silver per oz.-Ready 28 1/2.  
London-Silver Forward 23 1/2.  
Tone of Silver:-Quiet and steady. China bought; Closed with buyers at today's prices. Undertone steadier but buyer not pressing.

American Cross Rate dol. 4.87-1/4.  
Paris Cross Rate Frcs. 124.01.

## LONDON DISCOUNTS.

|                               | Bombay, Jan. 28. |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| 3 months                      | 4 3/32 per cent. |
| 6 months                      | 4 3/32 per cent. |
| Bank of England Rate          | 4 1/2 per cent.  |
| Money Call                    | 6 1/4 per cent.  |
| One/Three months              | 5 1/2 per cent.  |
| Six months                    | 5 per cent.      |
| Tone of Money Market:-Steady. |                  |
| Imperial Bank rate            | 7 per cent.      |

|               |           |     |
|---------------|-----------|-----|
| Miraj/Sangli  | 400 April | May |
| Chunpa Good   | 405 + 33  | +30 |
| Dholera       |           |     |
| Kadi/Virangam |           |     |

## READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, Jan. 28.

|                      |         |     |
|----------------------|---------|-----|
| 100 N. Rajarom       | Muthia  | 295 |
| 100 A. Damodar       | Dhulia  | 305 |
| 100 Do.              | Nimhara | 306 |
| 100 Do.              | Araraci | 312 |
| 100 Do.              | Akola   | 316 |
| 100 Do.              | Amraoti | 312 |
| 100 R. Dossa and Co. | Africa  | 620 |

## BOMBAY CITY &amp; SUBURBS.

## ENGAGEMENTS

## TO-DAY.

Public meeting to protest against Simon. Shor, Mumbadevi, Marwar Bazar, 9 p.m. Mr. M. M. Desai presiding. Municipal Corporation, 3-40, p.m.

## NATIONAL COLLEGE UNION.

The annual meeting of the students, Professors and all interested will be held on Wednesday (1st prox.) at 8 p.m. in Congress House, to commemorate the past memories.

## STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P. and O. Mail Steamer "Malaja" arrived London on Friday, the 27th inst. The Cly line S.S. "Lindsay" left Spoz in the evening of the 25th inst.

## A CHARITY DRAMA.

Sir Gulum Iluscin Hadeyatullah (Kt) will preside at the charity theatrical performance of "Handsome Blackguard" that is to be given at the Balaiva Grand Theatre on Monday (the 30th inst.) at 9-30 p.m. the proceeds of which are to go to the benefit of the Nursing Home for the Blind (which is situated at 3rd Kumbharwada Lane, Golpitha).

## BAI BACHUBAI DISPENSARY.

At the charitable dispensary of the late Bai Eschubai, wife of Shri Nanji Kumbhakar, conducted by the Social Service League at Parel, the total number of patients treated during the month of December 1927 was 1881, out of which 1007 were women and 874 children, 472 being boys and 402 girls. The average daily attendance of patients was 70.

## BAND AT SIR P. M. MEHTA GARDENS.

By kind permission of Lt.-Col. W. H. Scott, V.D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Bn. G.I.P. Rly. Regt., A.F.I. will play a programme of music at the Sir P. M. Mehta Gardens, Malabar Hill, to-day (Monday) commencing at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.)

## BOYCOTT OF SIMON COMMISSION.

A meeting of the General Boycott Committee will be held to-day (Monday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) in Sir Chimanlal Setalvad's Chamber, 113, Esplanade Road, Fort.

## CHIKITSAK SAMOOHA SCHOOLS.

The 10th annual social gathering and prize distribution of these Schools will be held to-morrow (Tuesday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.) The Hon. Sir Chimanlal V. Mehta, K.C.S.I. will preside and Lady Mehta will give away the prizes.

## LECTURES ON INDO-IRANIAN PHILOLOGY.

As the Government of Bombay Research Lecturer for 1928, Prof. Ernest P. Horowitz of Hunter College, New York City, America, will deliver this (Monday) evening at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the Institute premises (Sukhadwala Buildings, Ravelin Street, 172, Hornby Road, Fort) his first lecture out of a series of public lectures on "Indo-Iranian Philology (dealing with Semantics Etymology, the history of cultural words)" as "Phonetics and Semantics. The Indo-Iranians." As the list will stop working at 6 p.m. sharp, an early attendance before that time is solicited.

## BOMBAY MUNICIPAL WORKERS' UNION.

A public meeting of the Municipal workers in the City of Bombay will be held to-day (Monday) at 4-45 p.m. (S.T.) in the open Maidan near the Improvement Trust Clavis, Foras Road, under the presidency of Mr. S. H. Jhavarla. Messrs. Horniman, K. F. Nariman, J. M. Mehta and other Municipal Councillors are requested to attend. Prominent Labour leaders will address the meeting. All workers are cordially requested to attend.

## GENERAL EDUCATION INSTITUTE, DADAR.

The annual social gathering and the opening ceremony of the Chubildas Lallob-

## NAGINDAS &amp; MANEKLAL

## INCOME TAX &amp; SURVEY TAX EXPERTS

6, Shukhadwala Building, RAVELIN STREET, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. Telephone - - - No. 22560

## USE

## MAWS FLOORING TILES

Always available from RAVAL & CO., 13, Bank Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

biroy Building for the Chubildas Lallobbiy Boys' High School, conducted by the General Education Institute, Dadar, Bombay, will take place on the 4th and 5th of February, 1928. The Hon. Sir Chimanlal V. Mehta will perform the ceremony. All past and present students of the School are cordially invited to attend.

## PASSENGERS' &amp; TRAFFIC RELIEF ASSOCIATION.

The Executive Committee of the Passengers' and Traffic Relief Association has resolved to bring to the notice of the Government, the desirability of securing representation of this Association on the Local Advisory Committees of the G.I.P. and B.E. & C.I. Railways, and a deputation consisting of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, Sir Purushottamdas Thakurdas, Sir Manmohandas Ramji, Sir Phiroze C. Sethna, Sir Harun Jaffer, Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Mr. J. M. Mehta and others is requested to wait upon the members of the Railway Board for the purpose.

## "BRAHMADESHA."

"Brahmaदेश" is a new Gujarati weekly published in Raigam from the current month. Looking to its get-up and the selections of contributions the weekly ought to prove a very useful publication to the Gujarati-speaking community in Burma. The publishers announce that their aim in starting the journal is to provide wholesome reading on commercial, educational and political problems of the day. The number contains several illustrations of Mahatma Gandhi and a number of Indian leaders.

## POSTAL NOTICES.

Mails for Australia per Orient Line Steamer via Dhamshkodi and Colombo will be closed at the General Post Office at 6-30 p.m. on Tuesday the 31st inst. Mails for the Straits (including Siam, Borneo, F.M.S. Johore Malacca, Netherlands Indies, Philippine Islands, Penang, Selangore and Singapore) and China via Negapatnam will be closed at General Post Office at 6-30 p.m. on Wednesday, the 1st proximo per s.s. "Taira." Mails for Seychelles, Lams, Mombasa, Ilo, Chindri, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and Lourenco per s.s. "Karagala" will be closed at the General Post Office at 12 noon on Wednesday, the 1st proximo.

Correspondence for Mauritius, Reunion, Madagascar, Port, Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.

## DR. E. S. JONES' LECTURES

The following lectures will be delivered by Dr. E. Stanley Jones, Author of "The Christ of the Indian Road":—

Monday (30th inst.) at 6-30 p.m. at the Sir Cawash Jehangir Hall, Public Lecture on "The Challenge of a World in Transition," Sir Stanley Reed presiding.

Tuesday (31st inst.) at 6-30 p.m. at the Wilson College Hall, for students on "Conversion—Horizontal and Vertical," Mr. C. G. Freke presiding.

Wednesday (1st prox.) at 9 p.m. at Wilson College Hall, for students, on "The Conquest of Fear of Life and Death," Mr. C. G. Freke presiding.

Wednesday (1st prox.) at 9 p.m. at Wilson College Hall, for Christian students.

Thursday (2nd prox.) at 6-30 p.m. at Wilson College Hall, for students, on "Did Jesus bring a Religion or Religion?" Mr. W. H. Neilson presiding.

Friday (3rd prox.) at 6-30 p.m. at Wilson College Hall, for students on "He took it on Himself," Mr. W. H. Neilson presiding.

## INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER

## DIPLOMA AND CERTIFICATE EXAMINATIONS.

The Commercial Examination Board of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, have made the following arrangements in respect of the Diploma and Certificate Examinations to be held under their auspices in April next:—

Bombay, Karachi, Poona, Ahmedabad, Calcutta, Madras, Nagpur and Bangalore are the examination centres.

Application must reach on or before Saturday, the 3rd March, 1928 upto 3 p.m. (S.T.)

The Examination commences from Wednesday, the 11th April, 1928.

The fee for Diploma Examination is Rs. 12 and Rs. 4 for the Certificate Examination. An additional sum of Rupee one in case of Diploma Examination and Annas four in case of Certificate Examinations will be charged for the supply of stationery to the candidates.

These fees, in case of candidates appearing through the recognised Institutions should be forwarded through the Principals of those Institutions, but, in the case of those appearing through Commercial or Industrial concerns, the remittance should be made by Money-Order only and no cheques will be accepted by the Board. The applications of candidates will not be considered unless the fees have been received along with them. All applications for these examinations should be on printed forms which will be available from Principals of recognised Institutions or from the Secretary of the Chamber. No application made otherwise will be entertained.

## MARVELLOUS ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF A BOY OF 10 YEARS.

## DEATH OF JUVENILE WRITER.

We regret to report the sad death of Master Subramani Iyer son of Mr. K. Ramchandra Iyer. The boy was only ten years old and gave a great promise of a good future. He was a frequent correspondent to many children's magazines and was a well-known figure in children's circles in America. He was in the habit of corresponding in English with children abroad and at the time of his death he had hundreds of young friends throughout the world.

The two important children's papers which have invariably given prominent publication to Subramani's articles are the "Junior Magazine" conducted by the New York "Herald Tribune" and the "St. Paul's News." Several other boys' papers used to reprint these articles in America. It was not an uncommon thing for Subramani to receive as many as 25 letters in one day from his young friends and we are informed that he was always prompt in replying every one of such letters.

## A VORACIOUS READER.

Young Subramani had read a good deal even before he was eight. He possessed a set of volumes of the "Book of Knowledge" and a small library of other books. There is not one book in his possession



MASTER SUBRAMANI IYER.

which he had not read through. For a boy of his age he was quite a good writer.

He was a good typist and frequently typed all his letters. Indeed, his speed was such that he undertook to type many of his father's articles himself. His range of knowledge on all subjects was extensive. He was so to speak a walking Encyclopedia. Henry Ford and his achievements, Edison and the great good that he is doing to humanity, the maxims of John D. Rockefeller, Mahatma Gandhi's teachings and anything of importance were well-known to him. He was so fond of hearing the life of Benvenuto Cellini, the famous artist, that his father had to read this biography for him a dozen times. Cellini's sufferings and his bravery always inspired the young boy.

## MARVELLOUS FLUENCY OF EXPRESSION.

He was a linguist and at the time of his death knew half a dozen languages. He spoke the English language perfectly that many wondered at the boy's fluency of expression and his wide knowledge. He was also fond of music. Sir Harry Lauder was his favourite and a dozen of Sir Harry's songs the boy could sing with perfect imitation. He was just beginning to play on the violin and a good hand at harmonium. Altogether it must be said for a boy of his age his endowments were remarkable. Whatever he went he was conspicuous and left a mark of his own individuality. He always followed the maxim of "Help Yourself" and never sought outside help. It is a great pity that so bright a career has been cut off by so tragic a death.

## RIDGING BENGAL OF MALARIA

## PERENNIAL IRRIGATION-A REMEDY.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

Some remarkable views bearing on the problem of ridging the country of malaria by leguminous fodder crops raised by irrigation, and at the same time adding immensely to the agricultural wealth of the delta of the Ganges have been expressed by Sir William Willcocks, designer of the Assuan Dam on the Nile, who is on a visit to India. In an interview to the "Statesman" Sir William said, he saw no possibility of ridging Bengal of malaria except by irrigation, and he intended going over the delta of the Ganges to see how Central Bengal could be irrigated by perennial irrigation just as Eastern Bengal was irrigated by flood irrigation. He indicated that there was scope for creating a barrage on the Ganges to irrigate Central Bengal which was to-day unsuited for flood irrigation but very favourably situated for perennial irrigation.—A. P.

## PRIZE DISTRIBUTION CEREMONY.

## SIR VASANTRAO PRESIDES AT G. T. GIRLS' SCHOOL GATHERING.

Sir Vasant Rao A. Dabholkar who presiding over the prize distribution gathering of the Gokuldas Tejpal Girls' School held at the G. T. Sanskrit Pathshala on Sunday evening dealt at length on the need of women's education. The gathering was largely attended by both ladies and gentlemen of the Bhatia and other Hindu communities.

The programme commenced with prayers and those assembled were treated to a variety of songs and dialogues performed by girls.

Miss Masani, the head mistress of the school then read out the report of the administration of the school during the last year. The school has a building of its own at Hornby Road and the education is imparted free. The school is open for admission to Hindu girls only. The chairman then distributed prizes to successful students.

Sir Vasant Rao Dabholkar addressing the audience thanked the organisers for having asked him to preside over the gathering that evening and thought it was due to his connection with the Tejpal family for the last three generations and his sympathy with the Tejpal charity institutions. The Gokuldas Tejpal Girls' School was the pioneer school for girls in Bombay and it had given an impetus to women's education in Bombay. He congratulated the head mistress of the school and the members of the staff for the excellent work they were doing and presented the former a silver souvenir.

The gathering then dispersed with vote of thanks to the chair.

## IRANI FOUND DEAD AT LAMINGTON ROAD.

A ghastly scene was revealed to the Lamington Road police on Sunday morning when in a restaurant situated opposite Imperial Cinema, Behram Sheth, a young Irani who was one of the owners of the restaurant was found lying dead in a pool of blood his throat having been cut.

The police, on arrival removed the body to the morgue. The City Coroner held an inquest touching the death on Sunday afternoon. It appeared that the deceased was in sound condition and had no enemies. He last saw his father-in-law on Friday night.

The inquest was adjourned.

## ACCIDENTAL DEATH OF PORT TRUST EMPLOYEE.

While he was crossing the railway line of the Port Trust Railway to get his bicycle fixed by the other side, A. G. Rodriguez, a fitter working in the Alexandra Dock was knocked by a shunting engine on Saturday and was seriously injured. He was being removed to the hospital and died on the way.

An inquest touching the death was held on Sunday evening was recorded to the effect that the driver of the engine had blown the whistle which, evidently, was not heard by the deceased.

The Coroner's Jury recorded a verdict of accidental death.

## TRAIN COLLIDES WITH SHUNTING ENGINE.

The Divisional Traffic Superintendent of N. W. Railway, Delhi, wires under date Jan. 28th the following:—

At 22/35 yesterday No. 24 down passenger while entering Delhi main station collided with a shunting engine that was shunting an empty rake in the yard. Two passengers, a railway guard and a menial were very slightly injured. The down line is blocked, and single line working is resorted to. There is no detention to through traffic.—A. P.

## MYSTERIOUS DROWNING.

The dead body of an unknown Hindu was seen floating in the sea near the Apollo Pier on Saturday by the Police. The body was removed to the morgue and an inquest was held on Sunday.

The Jury recorded a verdict of death by drowning either accidental or suicidal.

## VICEROY AT UDAIPUR.

VICEROY'S CAMP (Udaipur), Jan. 27.

The Viceroy in the course of a speech at the State banquet at Udaipur, dwelt at length on the past glory of the Udaipur and Mewar States, and the friendly relations that have existed for many years between the rulers and the British.

Coming to the present, Lord Irwin said:—"Changes are taking place in the India of to-day so rapid and momentous as to demand most careful vigilance and statesmanship on the part of all who are responsible for the administration of any portion of this continent. I feel confident that Your Highness while preserving all that is best in the old will, with the well-known loyalty of your House do all that is in your power to assist in the solution of the many difficult problems that loom on the horizon."—A. P.

The Chhot Municipal Committee presented an address to H. E. The Governor, at Chhot who went there after performing the opening of the Railway connecting Chhot with Chak Juma.

57 more associations, forty in Tharavadi and 17 in Prome (Burma), have been declared unlawful under the Criminal Law (Amendment) Act.—A. P.

## MILL STRIKE.

## SITUATION REMAINS UNCHANGED.

The mill-strike situation remained the same on Sunday owing to all the mills remaining closed because of the weekly holiday. There appear to be no chances of the workers of the Sassoon group, who have sold out, resuming work either on Monday or in the near future in spite of the fact that almost all the labour leaders are now advising them to go back to their work as soon as they could. Many of the strikers have left Bombay for their native places. The situation on Sunday was quite peaceful and unchanged.

## SIR GANGARAM MEMORIAL FUND

LAHORE, Jan. 29.

Over two thousand rupees have so far been subscribed to the Sir Gangaram Memorial Fund, to erect a marble bust or statue of the late Sir Gangaram. The first list includes subscriptions of Rs. 250 each from Lala Ramdasdas, a Lala Harikishan Lal, and Sir Muhammad Shafi, and of Rs. 100 each from twelve others, including his Excellency Sir Malcolm Hailey and Mr. Justice Tekechand.—A. P.

## LEGISLATORS REACH DELHI

BOMBAY, Jan. 29.

Mr. Srinivasa Iyengar, leader of the Congress Party in the Assembly Mr. A. Rangaswami Iyengar, Editor "Hindu," Hon. Mr. G. A. Natesan and Hon. Dr. Rama Rao arrived this morning "en route" for Delhi to attend the opening of the new session of the Central Legislature. Mr. Srinivasa Iyengar, Mr. Rangaswami Iyengar and Dr. Rama Rao left the same afternoon for Delhi while Mr. Natesan, it is understood, is making a short stay for a day or two more.

Inquiries showed that the Congress members of the Central Legislature are all travelling with minimum luggage and are proceeding to Delhi with the definite plans to return to their constituencies after a fortnight at the most. The Madras members are all intending to return to Madras in time for 17th February to make the hartal in the province effective when the Commission visits Madras. They will return to Delhi again, if necessary, to throw out the resolution for the election of the Committee to co-operate with the Simon Commission in case it is brought forward.—Free Press.

## MAGNIFICENT RESPONSE TO APPEAL FOR HARTAL

## PT. JAWAHARLAL NEHRU'S STATEMENT

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 29.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, General Secretary, All-India Congress Committee in a statement to the Free Press of India says:—

The response to the appeal for Hartal on 3rd February has been magnificent and there is no doubt that cities and towns of India will observe it fittingly. All classes are joining in making this great demonstration a success. Merchants and shopkeepers have agreed willingly to observe the Hartal. Corporations and municipalities have decided to do likewise. All who have understood the real significance of the Simon Commission are taking part in the Hartal and public meetings.

It may be, however, that some persons for various reasons do not desire to associate themselves with the demonstrations. They must be left perfectly free to do what they wish. Our Hartal is a voluntary demonstration of our resentment and there is no place in it for any kind of constraint. Workers should approach the merchants and others and explain to them the reasons for the Hartal and persuade them by all friendly and peaceful means. If any person does not agree or is not willing to participate, he should be left to himself without any interference. The opening of a shop or two when hundreds are closed does not mar the success of the Hartal. It only brings out the contrast and demonstrates that those who are opposed to Hartal are an insignificant minority.—Free Press.

## KHARAGPUR WORKERS RESUME WORK

KHARAGPUR, Jan. 28.

The workmen of the engineering shop who had struck work recently resumed to-day.—A. P.

The U. P. Government has had for some time past under consideration measures which could effectively be taken for the better administration and supervision of Hindu religious and charitable endowments. H. E. the Governor has, after consultation with a number of prominent gentlemen of the Hindu community, appointed a committee with the Hon. Raja Sri Rampal Singh of Kurri Sudaul as President, to examine this question and to advise what steps, if any, should be taken to provide for the better governance, administration and supervision of public religious and charitable endowments institutions and funds of the Hindu community.—A. P.

## IMPERIAL BANK GOVERNORS.

NEW DELHI, Jan. 28.

Following have been nominated by the Governor-General-in-Council to be Governors of the Imperial Bank for a period

## TENNIS.

## HARD COURT CHAMPIONSHIPS

WAGLE AND SUVARNA'S SPLENDID DISPLAY.

There were six matches down for decision in the Bombay Presidency Hard Court Tournament on Sunday and a fair crowd turned out to witness them. As was expected the doubles match between Wagle and Suvarna and Taku and Kawameira produced a fine game in which the wily consistent pair prevailed. The Japs played their usual vigorous game and tried to overwhelm their opponents with their terrific smashes, but the Hindu pair weathered the storm well and by dint of masterful placing, obtained the upper hand. The Japs took the first set 3-5, but Wagle and Suvarna were just too keen to be beaten and after fourteen games had been played, evened up matters in the second set. The strain seemed to have told on the Japs, however, for in the deciding set they could only capture three games. On the whole it had been a splendid match full of excitement and thrilling incidents.

A. C. Pereira and Gonsalves beat Sanghani and Velkar after three strenuous sets the latter couple giving an excellent account of themselves. Lobbing well in the first set Sanghani and Velkar "batted" their opponents and were able to win at 6-3. The fine combination of the doubles pair, however, proved to be the deciding factor and the following sets went to them. Gonsalves was responsible for some splendid backhand passing shots down the line.

In the singles even Dhanraj and Kamruddin won their respective matches without any difficulty, but Prince Ghanashyamrao was fully extended by M. G. Kamat who ran him to three sets.

## 'INDUSTRIES DEPARTMENT.'

In the course of an article on the Industries Department, published in our Thursday's issue "Industrialist" referred to the omission by the Industries Committee of a sentence in a paragraph in the Report of the Indian Industrial Commission. In connection with this we are asked to state that there is no sinister significance in this omission at all and that in paragraph 12 of the Report of the Industries Committee, that Committee had referred to this particular point. The paragraph in question says:—"The recommendations of the Industrial Commission for the development of industries in the Provinces depend upon the Central Government providing two All-India Services, those of industrial chemists and industrial engineers. Our problem would be very much simplified if there were any such Central pool of industrial experts upon which we could draw for the supply of men to man a Provincial Department." etc. The Central Government has not provided those two All-India Services and therefore, when the Industries Committee omitted the sentence to which "Industrialist" objects, namely, "But no undue delay should be allowed to elapse before replacing a non-technical man by suitable member of the Industrial Service," they did so it is contended, because there was no point in quoting a sentence which referred to a Service that does not exist.

## 'GUJARAT ARTS AND CRAFTS'

## SYSTEMATIC ENDEAVOURS

The meeting, organised by the Gujarat Kala Pradarshan Samiti, Surat, held recently at the Zinginehand Institute passed the following resolution:—"This meeting requests eminent men and institutions in Gujarat, Cutch and Kathiawar to (1) collect and preserve old paintings, sculpture, architecture, fabrics, ornaments, furniture and similar object of art and to organise, wherever possible, museums and art galleries in important centres; (2) to press for a proper recognition and encouragement of Indian arts and crafts in educational institutions, big and small; (3) to encourage and facilitate the studies of artists and art students by organised assistance; (4) to organise lectures, travelling scholarships and similar measures so that art may soon be recognised as a necessity in the daily life of the people."

## OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL

The Governor of Bombay and Lady Wilson dined with the Hon'ble Mr. J. L. Rieu on Saturday.

The Governor of Bombay attended the Annual Founder's Day Service at Christ Church, Byculla, on Sunday.

Herr and Mrs. Karl Kapp, Kapitän zur See Kolbe, Kapitänleutnant Netabandt, Kapitänleutnant Bontz, Oberleutnant zur See v. Budika, Miss. Willes Miss Wild and Miss Maugin lunched at Government House, Bombay, on Sunday.

of one year from 27th January 28.—Sir Dinsha Wacha, Sir Maneekjee Dadabhai, Sir Rajendranath Mukerjee and Sir Sunder Singh Majithia.—A. P.

## ENROL NOW

for 1929 EXAMINATIONS in

ACCOUNTANCY, BANKING,  
COMPANY MANAGEMENT,  
SECRETARIAL PRACTICE  
and AUDITING.

BEST STAFF,  
BEST TRAINING,  
BEST RESULTS.

Apply for free Prospectus as to Courses,  
Fees, etc., at

**BATLIBOI'S**  
Accountancy Training  
Institute.

Yusuf Bldg., Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.

## DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE.

Enrolments for 1928-29 Examinations  
have commenced. These are days of Special-  
ists and Davar's College was the first to  
introduce these Courses in the successful  
teaching of which it enjoys a monopoly of  
22 years.

Specialise as Bank Officers (C.A.I.B.);  
Insurance Experts (Life, Fire & Marine)  
(F. C. I. L.); Company Secretaries (F. I.  
S. A.); Business Organisers and Man-  
agers (L. C. C., D. Com. M. C.) and take in  
if so desired an Accountancy Course  
(G. D. A., F. A. A. O.) as this Profession  
is now overcrowded.

Tuition Personal or through Post.  
Write or call for 1928-29 Prospectus, 86,  
Esplanade Road, (Near National Bank),  
Bombay.

## The Bombay Chronicle.

MONDAY, JANUARY, 30, 1928.

### CONSPIRACY AGAINST FINAN- CIAL SWARAJ.

In previous articles on this subject we  
have already dealt with some part of the  
lying propaganda so assiduously put  
forward by the henchmen of Sir Basil Black-  
ett in favour of the present Reserve  
Bank Bill. As our readers are aware, the  
"Times of India" argued that the Bank  
must be a Shareholders' Bank to be really  
"independent" of Government control,  
in order to be free from the temptation  
which always besets a Government  
to manage currency and credit with a view  
to immediate Budget needs, the natural  
result being chaos in the currency. Mr.  
B. F. Madon wrote to the "Times of  
India" some time ago, enquiring under  
which Sections of the Currency Act or  
the Reserve Bank Bill such inflation would  
be possible, and so far as we are aware,  
there has been no reply. If there is a  
good reply, the "Times of India" we  
submit should place before the public,  
and help them to understand the dangers,  
whatever they may be, of Government  
influence and Government control. If there  
is no such answer, then our readers will  
feel justified in concluding that this was  
a mere bogey put forward to support the  
Shareholders' Scheme for want of better  
arguments.

We shall now consider one by one the  
various revisions embodied in the present  
Bill in respect of which the claim is made  
that they practically satisfy all that pub-  
lic opinion demanded. But before do-  
ing so, we would like to knock on the head  
one big lie that has been so assiduously  
propagated and so frequently repeated  
that it has taken in many a layman. It  
is claimed that the scheme is one of  
Financial Swaraj for India, that the  
Secretary of State does not at all want  
to give a Reserve Bank to India, that Sir  
Basil Blackett is fighting for us (!) and  
trying his best to wrest the present pow-  
ers from the Secretary of State, and that,  
therefore, we ought also to support Sir  
Basil Blackett, in whatever scheme he may  
choose to put forward, as otherwise, we  
are gravely told, India will miss the  
chance of getting financial Swaraj for  
ever and a day! To understand the cor-  
rect position, we would ask our readers to  
recall the past history of the  
question. We would point out to them  
that the scheme for such a Bank was  
drawn up in great detail by Prof. Keynes  
for the Chamberlain Commission, and  
there, he openly pointed to freeing the  
Secretary of State from the annoyance of  
inconvenient questions in Parliament. It  
was not a question of wresting powers  
from him, but of giving him free rein to  
do what he liked with India's currency  
and credit fabric. The next stage was  
progress in the direction indicated by  
Prof. Keynes, and the amalgamation of

the three Presidency Banks into the Im-  
perial Bank, with the avowed intention of  
handing currency over to it, as soon as  
the rupee was safely linked back to the  
gold standard. The third stage was the  
point where the linking of the rupee to  
gold, and the particular ratio at which  
it should be done, was referred to the  
Hilton-Young Commission for considera-  
tion. There were only two outsiders on  
this Commission. All the rest were re-  
presentatives of the Exchange Banks or  
the Imperial Bank, or the commercial  
community in India. These two outsiders  
were Sir E. Hilton-Young, and Sir Hen-  
ry Strakosh; the former was ap-  
pointed as a Currency expert in  
view of his work in re-organising the  
currency in Iraq, the latter in view  
of his work on Central Banking, particu-  
larly, the organisation of the South Afri-  
can Reserve Bank. It was Lord Birken-  
head who put these two men there, no  
doubt after satisfying himself as to  
the orthodoxy (!) of their views accord-  
ing to his own lights, but he did put Sir  
Henry Strakosh there, and put him there  
for a solution of the problem of Reserve  
Banking as it concerned India, because  
it was this that was his speciality. Our  
readers will now see that this talk of  
wresting powers from the Secretary of  
State and giving India a Reserve Bank  
in spite of him, is a deliberate misrep-  
resentation.

The impartial reader may, however, put  
us a poser. He may still say: "It is  
quite true that the Secretary of State did  
put Strakosh in, and I even grant that  
he put that man in to devise a suitable  
Central Bank Scheme, but it is still pos-  
sible that he never had the least idea  
that Strakosh will conspire with Blackett  
and frame such a constitution that India  
would get financial Swaraj, and he (the  
Secretary of State) would be deprived of  
his present powers over credit and cur-  
rency in India." To this, our reply  
would be: "Look at the Bill itself, com-  
pare it with the South African Re-  
serve Bank Bill, also an offspring of Sta-  
kosh. You will there find that your Bill  
in every important particular is a copy of  
the South African Reserve Bank Bill.  
The Secretary of State must have known  
what the South African scheme was be-  
fore he chose Strakosh for our Commis-  
sion and it therefore follows that any-  
thing on the lines of that Bill had the ap-  
proval of the Secretary of State in ad-  
vance." It will now be clear to every im-  
partial reader that this talk of carrying on  
Reserve Bank Scheme in spite of the Sec-  
retary of State is all bunkum. If any of  
our readers wish to compare the two Bills  
in greater detail, we would refer them to  
the Banking Number of the "Statist" for  
November 1926, in which that authority  
compares the two Bills clause by clause and  
shows how close a copy our Bill is of the  
South African Bill. The man-  
oeuvres employed during and after  
the last Assembly session—the resigna-  
tion of Sir Basil Blackett—the withdrawal  
of such resignation—his trip home to con-  
vince (!) the Secretary of State in spite of  
himself (!) were all stage-play meant to  
catch the unwary, and they did  
catch a good many. But  
after the attitude of the Sec-  
retary of State in the matter of the Reforms,  
after his attitude of "we know what is  
best for you", after his defiant refusal to  
allow any say to Indians in the shaping  
of the future destinies of this country, we  
wonder if there are still many Indians left  
who are impressed with this stage-play.  
Are there any who still think that Lord  
Birkenhead is a fool who could be cajoled  
into anything that Sir Basil Blackett may  
devise for the good (!) of India? Are there  
still any that think that Sir Basil Blackett  
has got him to agree to an abdication of  
his powers over Indian Currency and In-  
dian Credit? Is it not much more probable  
that these two clever gentlemen have con-  
spired to fool India out of such little con-  
trol as she now has through powers of in-  
terpellations in the Assembly? The Reserve  
Bank Bill is not a measure conferring Fi-  
nancial Swaraj on India but a conspiracy  
against such Swaraj and it is, therefore,  
the duty of every patriotic Indian to resist  
it. It is no less the duty of the Congress  
members of the Legislative Assembly to  
see that it is summarily rejected. The  
Working Committee of the Congress should  
lose no time in giving full freedom to  
Congress members to attend the Assembly  
and defeat the plans of Sir Basil Blackett.

### PLEA FOR JOINT AGITATION.

The speech of Mr. Walchand Hir-  
chand, the retiring President of the In-  
dian Merchants' Chamber, at the annual  
general meeting of the Chamber was a  
survey of outstanding events of econo-  
mic interest during the last year. When  
he made a similar speech about this time  
last year, he warned Government and the  
public against the evils of forcing up the  
exchange ratio. His warning went un-  
heeded, his anticipations have come true,  
and he is now in a position to say "I  
told you so." He had warned that,  
apart from the other evils of the 18d. ratio,  
its unnaturalness would necessitate un-  
natural practices to bolster it up, and  
that Government who had already deflated  
the currency to force up the exchange  
would be compelled to deflate it further  
to keep the ratio at the abnormal level.  
Sir Basil Blackett thought that the de-  
flation, if necessary at all, could not pos-  
sibly go beyond Rs. 25 crores. The grim  
fact is now pointed out by Mr. Walchand

that since April last the deflation has  
been to the tune of Rs. 41 crores. Mr.  
Walchand had also given the warning that  
the higher ratio would give an unfair ad-  
vantage to foreign exploiters of India  
at the expense of Indian exporters. He  
now shows from figures for the last three  
years that there has been a decided ten-  
dency for Indian exports to diminish and  
imports to increase. The blow to the  
Indian textile industry is nearly crushing;  
and whether or not it was designed to be  
so, its effects could not have been unex-  
pected. Mr. Walchand said: "This  
Chamber had repeatedly pointed out that  
the effects of a higher ratio would be dis-  
astrous to Indian industries, but Govern-  
ment has forced the ratio upon us in  
spite of it and for the last three years  
we have been faced with liquidations  
every now and then of cotton mills em-  
ploying thousands of people." "Just  
before the present strike began," he adds,  
"about 7,000 looms and 7 1/2 lakhs of  
spindles were already closed down. Se-  
ven more mills have gone into liquidation."  
And on the top of it all we have another  
bitter fight between capital and labour of  
which, we fear, we have just seen only  
the beginning.

Sir Shapurji Billimoria, with  
whose speech we shall deal on an-  
other occasion, rightly stated that to strike  
at this industry, as Government do by  
their continued indifference, is to strike at  
the heart of the country. "All this,"  
says Mr. Walchand, "is a direct conse-  
quence of the 18d. ratio and the responsi-  
bility for all the misery and starvation  
of thousands of mill-hands and many thou-  
sands more of their dependents will be at  
the door of Government and of all those  
who have supported it in its disastrous  
policy." Mr. Walchand very justifi-  
cably puts a part of the  
blame on those members of the  
Legislature who were duped by Gov-  
ernment into supporting the 18d. ratio.  
But, can the business community itself  
be wholly exempted from any responsi-  
bility in the matter? We have often em-  
phasised the point to which Mr. Walchand  
himself referred in one of the quarterly  
general meetings last year, that the mer-  
cantile community of India has not fully  
asserted itself in the affairs of the As-  
sembly or the public activities of the  
country in general, which are only seem-  
ingly un-connected with business. Re-  
ferring to the new Reserve Bank scheme  
Mr. Walchand rightly points out that  
"the proposed bank is as a matter of fact  
the creation of political influences, for  
behind it there is the idea of keeping  
British interests dominant, preventing im-  
port of gold into this country and utilis-  
ing this credit machinery for objects other  
than the good of the country." This is  
but too true. But the one inference  
from the fact that we would here stress  
is that just as businessmen in England  
utilise every agency possible, including  
the longest arm of politics, to gain their  
own economic ends, our own business-  
men should exercise their utmost influence  
on every political or semi-political agency  
to safeguard the economic interests of  
their own country. They should assert  
themselves a great deal more in the Le-  
gislatives, in the Local Bodies, and the  
other institutions like the Congress, which  
influence the Legislature and the Local  
Bodies. The Councils will then be  
better able than they are now to frustrate  
the attempts of Government to pursue in-  
terests other than national. We whole-  
heartedly endorse Mr. Walchand's sug-  
gestion that "the mill-owners and the  
Indian Chambers should now agitate for  
a substantial increase in the import duty  
on textiles." Only, we would like them  
to carry on the agitation conjointly with  
other public institutions of the country  
that are also interested in the welfare of  
the textile industry. Then and not till  
then will they be able to get adequate sup-  
port for the cotton mills, to restore the  
16d. ratio, to get a truly national Re-  
serve Bank and, in general, to utilise the  
economic resources of India in the inter-  
ests of Indians and not foreigners.

### A FAIR SUGGESTION.

In an article printed elsewhere in this  
issue, on "Simon Commission and  
Legislatures," Mr. M. C. Chagla,  
makes a reasonable suggestion regarding  
the election of the Committees proposed  
to be attached to the Statutory Commis-  
sion. Not that he wishes such Com-  
mittees to be appointed at all. A lieuten-  
ant of Mr. Jinnah cannot possibly wish  
anything like that. But if Government  
are determined to enact the farce of a  
"People's Commission," Mr. Chagla  
says that they may play the game—at  
least while appointing the Committees. The  
suggestion is that the official members of  
the Councils should not participate in  
the election of the Committees. Such non-  
participation is nothing unconstitutional  
or unprecedented. On several occasions  
before, official members of Councils have  
been instructed by Government as to whether  
they should vote one way or the other  
or not at all. As for nominated  
members, it would be a dangerous prece-  
dent for Government to give them any  
instructions. Since they have no prefer-  
ences to any representative character, they  
should voluntarily refrain from voting.  
Those who pretend that the boycotters  
in the country do not truly represent the  
people, will have under the above plan an  
opportunity to prove whether the Legisla-  
tures elected under Government's own

## SIMON COMMISSION AND LEGISLATURES OFFICIALS MUST NOT VOTE

(BY M. C. CHAGLA.)

There cannot be any doubt left in any  
reasonable and impartial mind that the  
country at large has unequivocally and em-  
phatically condemned the Simon Commis-  
sion. Indeed never before in the political  
history of the country has such an amount  
of unity been achieved. The sworn polit-  
ical foes of yesterday have forgotten their  
old animosities and determined to fight for  
the self-respect and vindicate the national  
honour of their country. But all minds are  
not reasonable and impartial. The "Times  
of India" insists on maintaining that the  
League is the authentic League and Mr.  
Anis Ahmed represents the bulk of  
Muslim opinion. The London prototype of  
the Bombay Journal calls the agitation as  
purely Hindu in character and led only by  
high-caste Hindus. Even the pronoun-  
ces of high Government officials both  
here and in England imply that the agita-  
tion against the Commission is hollow and  
artificial.

### AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY.

If the Government really wish to ascer-  
tain the views of the country on this mat-  
ter they will be afforded an excellent op-  
portunity in the very near future, if they  
only would avail themselves of it.

It cannot be disputed that the elected  
members of the various legislatures can  
speak with some authority on behalf of the  
people of India on the question of the Si-  
mon Commission. X, Y, or Z might be self-  
constituted leaders. But the elected repre-  
sentatives must truly reflect in the manner  
in which they record their votes, the feeling  
and sentiment of the constituencies which  
they represent. And if a preponderant ma-  
jority of these, both in the Central and  
the Provincial Legislatures, refuse to ap-  
point the Committees which are intended  
to co-operate with the Commission, it  
would be a fair conclusion to draw that  
the country refuses to accept the Commis-  
sion which the British Government in their  
superior wisdom have appointed.

### WANTED—UNTAINED DECISION.

In order that the decision of the various  
Legislatures may be an untainted one and  
may truly reflect the opinion of the coun-  
try, let Government at the time of the  
election of the Committees call off the offi-

cial hordes who are always at their beck  
and call. The officials are already too  
deeply committed to the view that the  
Commission is a boon and an unmitigated  
blessing to the country. We have no doubt  
that if called upon, they would promptly  
and unhesitatingly march into the Govern-  
ment lobby. What we are now anxious to  
know is what is the popular view as re-  
presented in the various legislatures.

The only objection that can possibly be  
raised to this argument will be that the  
officials are as much members of the Le-  
gislatives as non-officials, and it would be  
derogatory to the dignity and position of  
the Legislature to distinguish and discrimi-  
nate between one member and another.

This objection would be unanswerable if  
applied to the proceedings in the House  
of Commons where all the members are  
elected members. But surely it has no  
substance in a Legislature where a large  
number of members are so qualified to be  
members by virtue of some office or  
other that they hold under Government.

Further the very rules formed under the  
Government of India Act do make such a  
distinction. Rule 51 of the Indian Le-  
gislation Rules (framed under Sec. 63 of  
Government of India Act) provides for the  
election of the Committee on Public  
Accounts and lays down that not less than  
2/3 of the members of the Com-  
mittee shall be elected by non-offi-  
cials. Surely if Government realise the im-  
portance and necessity of having the views  
of the non-official members of the Legis-  
lature Assembly duly represented on the  
Public Accounts Committee, it is all the  
more necessary and important that there  
should be no official intervention at all in  
the decision to appoint Committees to co-  
operate with the Royal Commission.

The question therefore is a very simple  
one. Do Government even at this late  
stage wish to demonstrate their good  
faith in the matter of the Simon Commis-  
sion? If so, when the question of the  
appointment of the committees, comes up  
in the Assembly and in the Provincial Le-  
gislatives, let a Government whip be  
issued instructing the officials not to partici-  
pate in the voting.

rules are with the boycotters or not.  
The plan is a challenge to Government to  
test the will of the people through their  
representatives. It remains to be seen  
whether Government, having packed the  
Commission, will also attempt to pack the  
Committees.

### WHEN THERE IS NO WILL.

It is announced from Washington that  
President Coolidge does not see any reason  
why newspapers of the United States or of  
any other country should take seriously the  
statements of American Naval Officers pre-  
dicting war between the United States and  
her commercial competitors. The American  
Press taking its cue from this Presiden-  
tial utterance assures the whole world that  
America does not want war and that Sena-  
tor Borah expressed the "real mind" of  
America when he denounced the statement  
of Rear Admiral Plunkett which raised all  
this storm of debate and criticism as "sheer  
madness". But the world will greatly like  
to learn that America is not preparing for  
war instead of being merely assured that  
her naval officers are wrong and that they  
draw a false picture of American intentions  
when they predict war. The American na-  
val building programme, on which, accord-  
ing to Mr. Wilbur, seven hundred million  
dollars must be spent is a challenge to  
the sincerity of American proposals re-  
garding disarmament at Geneva. The fact  
is that both Britain and America, although  
they talk of peace and progressive reduc-  
tion in armaments at the League Table at  
Geneva, have no real will for peace. War  
between Britain and America may be un-  
thinkable, but so long as both these powers  
proceed to build larger and more efficient  
ships to serve as powerful instruments of  
attack in swift naval warfare, to the smaller  
nations of the world they serve as a grim  
reminder that with peace on one's lips,  
one must be always ready for war if one  
is to survive in the struggle for existence.  
At present there is uneasiness  
in Europe about the danger of  
war "arising from plague spots  
created by the Treaty of Versailles." Ac-  
cording to a British writer who strenuously  
preaches the outlawing of war, Europe at  
present is suffering from the "irrespon-  
sibility of dictators" and from the "impos-  
sibility of arriving at agreements". It is  
uneasy because of the realization that  
"if the Allies do not fulfil their disarmament  
pledges under the Treaty, Germany  
will insist upon arming again." It is, in  
the hands of Britain and America to put  
a stop to this uneasiness and contribute  
materially towards the promotion of inter-  
national peace by establishing a mutual ag-  
reement to make a generous reduction in  
naval armaments. They must show the will  
towards peace instead of hoping that the  
world will believe them when they build

bigger armaments and yet declare that  
they are not preparing for war.

### INDIAN WOMANHOOD

In the last of her Kamala lectures at  
the Calcutta University Mrs. Sarojini  
Naidu dwelt upon the contribution of  
Islamic and Zoroastrian women to the ideal  
of Indian womanhood. "Islamic women,"  
she said, "brought into the life of India  
the spirit of courage and independence" and  
the Zoroastrian women brought in "the  
spirit of progress and comradeship".  
Happily, the fine traits of Zoroastrian  
womanhood still survive and have to no  
small extent contributed to the remark-  
able progress the small Parsi community  
has made. The status of Hindu  
and Muslim women has in pre-  
sent times fallen to the extent  
that the natural comradeship between man  
and woman has been lost sight of by  
Hindus and Muslims. The purdah  
the enforced illiteracy of women have fur-  
ther aggravated the evil and robbed men  
and women alike of the benefits of full  
comradeship between the two. Till the  
lost rights of Indian women are restored  
to them the nation as a whole cannot  
rise to its full height. Mrs. Naidu  
deserves the gratitude of the women of  
India for her earnest championship of  
their rights. We trust her Kamala  
lectures will soon be printed in book form  
and translated into the principal vernac-  
ulars of the country.

### RURAL RESEARCHES.

Uncle Simon and his chums are to be  
asked to study the mass mind of India.  
They will do so by being led under proper  
official guidance, of course, into some  
select Indian villages. Then they can  
say that they not only saw the India of  
the cities, with all the shops closed and  
the people expressing in resentful absten-  
tion from having anything to do with them  
India's sense of injury. They can write  
"Home", saying how they had heart to  
heart talks with the villagers. "Huzur,"  
the villagers will say, being previously  
rehearsed for the job, "we are happy.  
The Police Supri-dand-sab looks after us,  
then there is the Chhota Lat Sab, and there  
is the Jungi Lat Sab. We are told they  
inquire about us." Gareebparwar, all is  
well. We are sure some members of  
the Commission will send envious accounts  
to England of the "contentment" of the  
Indian peasant and worker who need wear  
so little "because of the climate", and  
who can keep body and soul together on  
such a low scale of wages, comparing that  
"contentment" with the rasping demands  
for a better standard of living of the  
"lower orders" in their own land.

## Notes of the Day.

### Certificate To Miss Mayo.

Mr. Thomas Welby, who knows his  
Anglo-India well, having been associated  
with Anglo-Indian journalism for several  
years, has no need for "balanced books"  
on India. He is in raptures over Miss  
Mayo's performance. As a member of the  
staff of the "Saturday Review" which, it  
will be recalled, came out with an article  
entitled "Shall we betray India?" based on  
Miss Mayo's libel on the Indian people,  
Mr. Welby certifies at a London meeting of  
the Overseas League that "Mother India"  
had done good service in forcing attention  
to social evils. We recommend Mr.  
Welby and his kind who are sure to use  
"Mother India" largely in the ensuing  
general election in Britain as an argu-  
ment for keeping India under bondage,  
that they should invite Miss Mayo to  
England to write a thoroughly unbalanced  
book on "Mother England" in the style  
in which she has specialized. Miss  
Wrench, a voice in the wilderness at the  
Overseas League meeting, said that even in  
England there were women "unable to  
lift their heads for shame."

### Seeing Red.

After a Welby comes a Woolcott to give  
patronising advice to Indians and draw  
lurid pictures for the benefit of the British  
public of what will happen as the result  
of hartals and boycotts in India. Both  
are seasoned warriors in the anti-Indian  
campaign, being ex-Anglo-Indian jour-  
nalists. But Mr. Woolcott, the late editor  
of the "Pioneer," sees red, so great is the  
British Die-Hard apprehension now about  
the success of the boycott of the Simon  
Commission by Indians. He reminds the  
British public of the "failure" of the  
boycott of the Prince of Wales' visit by  
Indians. But officialdom in India and its  
apologists in the Anglo-Indian Press do  
know better, however much Mr. Woolcott  
may choose to forget about the stupendous  
success of that boycott. That is why such  
persistent efforts are being made now to  
cajole a section of Indians into believing  
that the best policy for them is not to  
swim with the strong surging current of  
national resentment against the insult  
heaped upon India.

### Happy Conclusion.

The amicable manner in which the case  
against Captain Harris of Jubbulpore has  
been disposed of makes a happy conclu-  
sion to an unpleasant episode. The  
accused tendered an apology to the Hon.  
Seth Govinddas and the cartman both of  
whom he had assaulted and the language of  
the apology indicates that he genuinely re-  
grets the extremely ungentlemanly act  
which his overstrung nerves led him to  
commit. British army officers have to un-  
dergo the discomforts of "strenuous  
marches" and "long drives" in this coun-  
try and Captain Harris' lapse should be  
a warning to them. The prompt and coura-  
geous action of the Hon. Seth Govinddas  
in readily running to succour a humble  
countryman of his deserves to be remem-  
bered as a valuable and practical lesson  
in co-operation between Indian and In-  
dian, a lesson which we are even now too  
slow to learn.

### Excellent Move.

It is an encouraging sign of the times  
that there are enlightened Indian Princes  
who realise the value of imparting to their  
subjects practical education by means of  
industrial and agricultural exhibitions. No-  
thing is more likely to broaden the out-  
look of the ryot than these exhibitions  
where instruction can be combined with  
amusement. The Maharajah of Patiala is  
holding, this year also an industrial ex-  
hibition, the object of which, as His High-  
ness himself declared, was to provide  
stimulus to curiosity, the awakening of  
a wider interest and a desire to break  
the barriers between the back waters of  
village life and the main currents of their  
common existence in the State. He is de-  
monstrating in a thoroughly practical and  
enjoyable manner his anxiety, too, to  
emphasize the need of physical develop-  
ment by Indians by holding at Patiala the  
wrestling championship bouts, the most  
important of these being the Zybsko-  
Gama contest. His Highness the  
Jam Sahib rightly said that the Maharaj-  
ah of Patiala had set an example to the  
Princes by initiating such exhibitions. His  
Highness added that this year the Nawa-  
nagar State also was starting an agricul-  
tural exhibition of their own. We trust  
the example of Patiala will be followed by  
other States also.

# TRIBUNE OF THE PEOPLE.

## BOMBAY HONOURS ITS HERO.

If any single citizen of Bombay to-day more than anybody else deserves to be awarded the freedom of the city of Bombay, it is certainly Mr. Khurshed F. Nariman, the triumphant hero of that cause celebre known to the public as Harvey-Nariman libel case. The citizens of Bombay have, in quite unmistakable and emphatic terms, expressed their verdict at the monster meeting held on Sunday evening on the Chaupaty Sands. Those who had the good fortune to witness with their eyes that one of the highest course of humanity, numbering no less than 25,000, gathered in a single mass meeting to shower their felicitous congratulations on Comrade Nariman, need not be told how the hero is idolized by the City. The demonstrations of love and comradeship which the citizens of Bombay gave on the occasion of the public meeting, was, indeed, a sight for gods to see and for mortals too envy. On Sunday, throughout the day, the City was pulsating with exultation and exuberance of spirit at the happy thought of congratulating the hero of the battle. Long before the time appointed for the meeting, the crowds of eager and enthusiastic people were flocking to the Chaupaty Sands from all parts of the City. The premises surrounding the spot where Lokmanya Tilak was cremated, were densely packed with men and women vying with one another to honour the hero of the play in unstinted measure. The huge gathering was fully representative of all religions in the City, all communities and all shades of political opinion. Even the ladies had attended in appreciable numbers. When Mr. K. F. Nariman arrived at the meeting place and walked through the dense throngs of his admirers with that unflinching smile of his flickering on his lips, he was the recipient of a sky-rending applause that kept on ringing for a length of time. There was such a terrible rush and push among the audience that it took several minutes before an atmosphere of peace and order necessary for the commencement of the proceedings was restored. The representatives of various communities and institutions in the City, who addressed the monster meeting, made eloquent speeches in praise of the invaluable services rendered by Mr. Nariman to the Presidency in general and to the Bombay City in particular. There was not a public institution of any note in the City that did not participate in the joyous function. Mr. Nariman's brief yet inspiring speech in reply to the praise that was heaped on him from all quarters, was punctuated at every step by outbursts of tremendous applause. At the end of the meeting, Mr. Nariman was profusely garlanded on behalf of the Congress and several other public institutions.

### PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, Central Khilafat Committee, Swaraja Sabha, Bombay Municipal Nationalist Party, Workers' and Peasants' Party and Swatantra Sanket Sanstha, a public meeting was held on Sunday evening on the Chaupaty Sands near Lokmanya's cremation spot.

## GAMA DEFEATS ZYBYSZKO ANNEXES WORLD'S WRESTLING CHAMPIONSHIP IN ONE MINUTE

PATIALA, Jan. 29. The world wrestling championship was annexed by Gama who defeated Zybysko, the Polish wrestler, this evening within a minute. The result was loudly applauded and Gama was declared the world champion.—A. P.

### CHAMPIONS SIGN BOND. BEFORE THE CONTEST.

PATIALA, Jan. 28. Thirty thousand spectators witnessed to-day's wrestling matches which commenced at 2 p.m. in cloudy weather. Incense was burnt for the last three days had rendered the large and excellently decorated stadium, a lake of water and clever work on the part of the management and speedy work of the Patiala Fire Brigade who pumped out water in time and completely re-arranged the lay out, made it possible for the show to begin in time. Earlier in the morning Zybysko the Polish wrestler met Gama and they had a warm hand shake and renewed their old acquaintance. Both looked serious for a time but when they were made to sign a bond pledge-

## MR. NARIMAN'S COURAGEOUS STAND.

### VALIANT FIGHT BY THE "YOUNG DEVIL."

### WHO IS RESPONSIBLE FOR MALPRACTICES?

### NEED OF SEARCHING PUBLIC ENQUIRY

Tilak Beach (Chaupaty Sands) was the scene of great enthusiasm and liveliness on Sunday evening when the monster meeting of the citizens of Bombay congratulated Mr. Khurshed F. Nariman on his honourable acquittal in the cause celebre known as "Harvey-Nariman Libel Case." The huge gathering was thoroughly cosmopolitan in its composition including a number of women and represented all shades of political opinion in the City. Speeches of moving eloquence were made by representatives of various communities and institutions praising Mr. Nariman who was regarded by one and all as the "Hero of the day."

In his usual unassuming manner, Mr. Nariman replied to the speeches. He had, he said, done his duty as a representative of the people and that did not call for any congratulations or demonstration from the public.

Veer Vamanrao conferred upon Mr. Nariman the title of "The Extremist Lion of Bombay" to which the huge audience assented with the loudest of acclamations.

to congratulate Mr. K. F. Nariman on his honourable acquittal in the Back Bay Libel Case, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu presiding.

Mrs. Naidu who opened the proceedings said that at that meeting they were not going to make any lengthy speeches. The hero of Bombay, she informed the audience, had heard enough speeches in the C. J. Hall. She knew even he was not going to make much of a speech. Speaking for herself, Mrs. Naidu added, that she hated to speak unless she was compelled to do so. She felt some compulsion to make a speech on that occasion but it was a compulsion of happiness and joy. Proceeding, she appealed to the audience to observe discipline and allow her to conduct the proceedings in an orderly fashion.

### EMULATE MR. NARIMAN'S DEED.

In an impassioned speech, Mrs. Naidu began: "Mr. Nariman has spoken to you day in and day out quite enough to fill the unwritten vocabulary of honesty and truth. We have gathered here today to express our heart-felt gratitude for the indomitable courage and unflinching public-spiritedness of which our friend Mr. Nariman has given an ample proof in the famous law-suit which has been decided in his favour. In the name of every community in this City and on behalf of the Congress, I offer him our best and sincerest congratulations. (Applause). Mr. Nariman's courage is, indeed, an asset of public life in this country. (Applause). It will be foolish to add words after words in praise of an act which is so noble and so brave. I shall only ask all of you, the sons and daughters of this country, to go and do likewise. Let danger prove your mettle as it has done in the case of Mr. Nariman. Mr. Nariman's example has taught you one lesson and that is that you can overcome all difficulties and obstacles in your way if in your hearts you stand for truth and honesty. There is, moreover, some peculiar significance about the place where we have gathered. We are, to-day, gathered round the sacred spot where not many years ago were laid at rest the ashes of one who was one of the greatest champions of truth which he regarded greater than anything else in this world. (Loud applause). We all, Hindus, Muslims, Parsis, Sikhs, Jews and others, are to-day paying our tribute of love and honour to Mr. Khurshed F. Nariman for the noble victory which he has won. May we be worthy to be fellow citizens with him. (Applause). I would commend to you not the words but the actions of Mr. Nariman." (Applause).

### MR. NARIMAN'S SINGLE-HANDED FIGHT.

Mr. B. G. Horniman who was then called upon to add a few words of welcome and tribute, assured the audience that he was not going to detain them long. He would only refer to one or two aspects of the lesson which was taught to them by what had occurred in regard to the Bombay Development Department, the great battle which was fought for its exposure and the most wonderful part which Mr. Nariman had played in it. He knew that they were all burning with enthusiasm for the success which Mr. Nariman had achieved. They would realise the indomitable courage of the man when they would consider that he had to fight single-handed against the powerful forces. Commenting upon the case itself, Mr. Horniman avowed that it was sheer hypocrisy on the part of the Government to say that they were "not running the prosecution at their instance and on their behalf." It was clear from the very first moment the prosecution was conducted by Government. Mr. Nariman had bravely fought through all possible obstacles against him. The speaker was glad that the Reclamation scandal was at last dragged into the light of the day. There were members on the Back Bay Enquiry Committee who were knighted by Government for their services in connection with that Committee. He knew it very well that Mr. Nariman would not care to have any honours at the hands of Government. He would, therefore, confer Knighthood upon Mr. Nariman on behalf of the citizens of Bombay whose cause he had so faithfully and so nobly served. (Applause).

### WANTED SEARCHING ENQUIRY.

Proceeding, Mr. Horniman made it clear that they could not allow the agitation to subside with the conclusion of the Harvey-Nariman case alone. They had got to see that there was still another most searching investigation in that rotten Development Department. All bribe-givers and bribe-takers had to be brought

to book and the matter had to be thrashed out until they got to the top. Who was responsible for the Back Bay bungle? The public must know what part Sir Lawless Hepper and Lord Lloyd had played in the whole tragedy which had in its wake brought disaster upon the Presidency. Lord Lloyd, he said, has ruined financially the Presidency and the people of Bombay for many years to come. A man who was responsible for this state of affairs, was, in the opinion of the speaker, responsible for allowing the scandalous state of affairs in the Department to continue so long. Concluding, Mr. Horniman asked the audience to show greater energy on the 3rd of February when they would be called upon to do their duty to the country by boycotting the Simon Commission.

Maulana Shaikat Ali followed with a forceful Hindi speech in praise of the glorious services which, he said, Mr. Nariman had rendered to the City and incidentally to the country. He sincerely congratulated Mr. Nariman on behalf of the Muslim community of Bombay. The Muslims, he added, were weak in many other respects but what gratified him most was that they were strong enough in the strength of their arms. (Laughter). He knew that they earned little and spent more. But all the same they were ready to appreciate and admire the courage of a brave man like their Comrade, Mr. Nariman. Proceeding, he appealed to the citizens of Bombay to show their real mettle on Feb. 3rd. The Indians, he said, had to become national soldiers like their friend Mr. Nariman. Maulana Shaikat Ali then warmly congratulated the Parsi community upon having produced a valiant soldier like Mr. Nariman. (Applause). He was sure that Mr. Nariman would not be the last from that community.

### PARSIS' "SECOND LION."

In an inspiring Hindi speech, Veer Vamanrao Joshi said that Mr. Nariman was a second lion in the Parsi community after Sir Pherozeshah Mehta. (Applause). Sir Pherozeshah was a Moderate. While Mr. Nariman was an Extremist Lion. (Loud Applause). On their behalf, the speaker went on to say he would confer upon the hero of the day the title of "Extremist Lion of Bombay." Mr. Nariman's very name, he added, was indicative of that title. Mr. Nariman was a "Nar" (a brave man) among men. (Laughter).

### OUR DUTY TO HELP THE HERO.

Mr. Balabhai T. Desai said they were performing a most joyous function. Very few of them would realize, the speaker added, what difficulties Mr. Nariman had to face during that long and taxing trial. He had to sacrifice his lucrative practice at the bar and more than that he had to undergo a heavy physical strain. In congratulating Mr. Nariman, they must not forget that it was their duty to help him in all possible ways. Naturally they could not be satisfied with the one victory which Mr. Nariman had won. They expected him to be a hero of a hundred battles. (Applause).

### PARSIS' DEBT REPAYED TO INDIA.

Mr. Jehangir B. Patel who spoke next, said that he was not so very eager to congratulate Mr. Nariman upon having done his duty to the country. More shame it was to them, he added, if they did not come forth to do their duty. Proceeding, the speaker congratulated Mr. Nariman on behalf of the Parsi community. Mr. Nariman, he significantly remarked, had repaid, to some extent, the debt which the Parsi community owed to India. (Applause). The Parsis, he stated, came to India as humble supplicants and not as conquerors. They were slowly paying their debt to this country and he was sure they would ever continue to do so. The citizens of Bombay, he observed, had already knighted Mr. Nariman twice before this by returning him to the Council at the top of the poll. (Applause). Mr. Patel then congratulated the Magistrate who, in his opinion, had taken courage in both hands and acquitted Mr. Nariman. (Loud applause). The Magistrate had given an example to all the Magistrates in India that they could act fearlessly even against the fiat of Government. The duty of the citizens of Bombay, Mr. Patel concluded, was to see that every time Mr. Nariman stood for election he would be returned to the Legislature at the top of the poll. (Applause). They must give their votes to him without his asking for them.

### WOMEN'S TRIBUTE.

Mrs. Ratanben Mehta congratulated Mr. Nariman on behalf of the women of Bombay.

Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai joined in the chorus on behalf of the Municipal Nationalist Party. He also thanked Mr. Nariman on behalf of the youth of Bombay. (Continued on Page 9.)

## DENIAL OF INDIA'S BIRTH-RIGHT.

### BRITISHERS' CLAIMS OF TRUSTEESHIP QUESTIONED.

### ALL-PARTY LEADERS' APPEAL FOR SUCCESSFUL HARTAL.

### VIGOROUS BOYCOTT PROPAGANDA IN BENGAL AND MADRAS.

An appeal over the signatures of all-party leaders in Bengal has been issued appealing to make Friday's hartal a complete success.

Madras is bent on making the hartal a complete success. At a meeting held in this connection Mr. Satyamurthi made a powerful appeal for unity. At another meeting held on Sunday night rowdies created a disturbance and the meeting dispersed in confusion. Messrs. Yakub Hasan and Satyamurthi are reported to have been roughly handled.

Mysore is not lagging behind in the boycott movement. Wellknown leaders have expressed their views against the Simon Show. At a public meeting held on Saturday it was decided to observe hartal.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

An appeal over the signatures of all-party leaders in Bengal has been issued appealing to the successful observance of the hartal on the 3rd February.

The appeal is signed amongst others by Maulana A'ul Kalam Azad, Mr. Subash Chandra Bose, Mr. J. M. Sen Gupta, Mr. A. C. Dutt, Mr. J. L. Banerjee, Mr. S. C. Mitra and others.

### THE APPEAL.

The appeal runs:—The British Government has recently decided that as Indians are not satisfied with their present system of Government it is necessary to enquire into their fitness for self-government. For this purpose they have appointed a Commission consisting of a few Englishmen which will hold in Bombay on Friday, February 3.

The Britishers mean to say that Indians have no right to determine how the Government of India is to be carried on. In other words, they claim that it is as they who must regulate the destiny of India and that they alone are capable of impartial judgment in the matter. Freedom is the birthright of man and every nation frames its constitution with an eye to its own characteristics. But our rulers have decided that we have no right to take our Government in our own hands, nor have we the right to frame our own constitution.

### RESULT OF GOVT. SYSTEM.

As a result of the system of Government established by those who to-day claim to control our destiny for all time to come, only 5 per cent of the Indians have become literate in a century and a half while the figure of literacy in England is as high as 95 per hundred.

Such is the consideration paid to education by this system of Government, that while the expenditure per capita for police is 14 annas and for the Army Rs. 2/12 that for education is only 2 annas. In England the average longevity is 50 years while in India under this system of government it is only 25.

which gives an idea of the condition of health. The economic condition is not better. Indian peasants whose produce makes foreigners rich, are going

without food and without clothing; the middle class people have their means of livelihood gone and are on the brink of starvation. And yet, those who are responsible for this system are proclaiming themselves to be impartial and the only judges of our destiny.

### UNANIMOUS PROTEST.

All parties and communities in India have vehemently protested against the appointment of the Commission and the insulting inquiry to be made by it but the authorities in England have turned a deaf ear to all this. Nobody, we hope needs be convinced that this Commission cannot be expected to safeguard the interests of India. Leaders of all parties and communities have unanimously decided that as a protest against the Commission, hartal is to be observed on Friday, February 3, in every city and every village in India where shops and markets, schools and colleges, offices and courts are to remain closed.

We hope that to keep intact the honour of the nation every one will try his utmost for the complete success of the hartal. The hartal should be observed up to 4.30 p.m. when public meetings should be held in every city and every village to protest against the appointment of the Commission.—Free Press.

### MADRAS CONDEMNS COMMISSION

### MR. SATYAMURTHY APPEALS FOR UNITY

MADRAS, Jan. 28.

Public feeling, towards the Simon Commission is finding expression at public meetings that are being held in different parts of the City. The Commission is coming in for condemnation in strong terms and the people are urged to greet Commission's arrival in India with universal hartal.

At a meeting held to appeal to the Muslims of Madras for observing hartal on the 3rd when the Commission arrives (Continued on next page.)

## BLUFF AND BLUSTER IN BRITISH PRESS

### AUTHORITIES FULLY PREPARED!

LONDON, Jan. 29.

It is almost inconceivable that after the bitter experience of recent years any responsible Indian politician should counter the movement associated with word "hartal", says Mr. J. E. Woolcott, late Editor of "Pioneer" of Allahabad, in "Sunday Times". "The fruits of such movements have been murder, arson and death on the scaffold. No one familiar with India, however, will be surprised that the leaders of the Non-co-operation movement are prominent in clamouring for the boycott of the Statutory Commission. Their attempt to boycott the Prince of Wales in 1921 was an ignominious failure but before their activities were suppressed they inflicted incalculable injury on India. It is very significant that leaders of the most virile Moslem classes are openly denouncing the hartal campaign. If the hartal is adopted the position will be pregnant with the gravest potentialities and attempt to coerce Mohammedans to join demonstration may lead to disastrous results. It is idle to talk of peaceful boycotts or non-violent non-co-operation in India. It may be assumed however that

authorities are fully prepared to deal with any disorders that may arise.—Reuter.

### LIBERALS FOREGATHER

### SIR JOHN'S SEAT

LONDON, Jan. 29.

The "Sunday Times" understands that prior to leaving for India, Sir John Simon signed various documents in readiness for election in case this is held in his absence. Whatever the outcome of Lord Birkenhead's plea for a truce in the Commission's constituencies, Liberal organisers in Spain Valley are leaving no stone unturned to ensure Sir John's success in the event of a contest.—Reuter.

### HARTAL AND ITS EFFECTS

### "OBSERVER'S" SOLICITUDE FOR INDIA

LONDON, Jan. 28.

The Hartal agitation has been pushed beyond the suggestion of terrorism and (Continued on Page 9.)

## TERRIBLE TRAIN TRAGEDY

## RANGOON MAIL DERAILED

## DIFFICULT TO ESTIMATE

## CASUALTIES

## PASSENGER STAGGERS AT ACCIDENT

RANGOON, Jan. 28. The following is the first official report of the railway accident on the Rangoon-Mandalay line:

At about 3 a.m. on the 28th instant, the 4 Down mail train was derailed at mile 110, north of Kyauktaga station. The engine, two luggage vans, and two bogie third class carriages capsized over a bridge just south of this point and were wrecked. The engine crew and some 28 passengers were injured. An accident special left Tongoo at 4.30 a.m. and another accident special accompanied by the Agent of the Railway and the heads of Railway departments, left Rangoon at 6 a.m. The injured passengers have been removed to the Kyauktaga hospital. A special carrying the remaining passengers from the 4 Down left Kyauktaga at about 11 a.m. The accident is reported to be due to a rail having been removed from the track by some person unknown. Both the Up and Down lines are blocked and it is expected to have the Up line cleared for trains to run through by this evening.

## REPORTS OF ACCIDENT.

The accident special returned at 8.45 p.m. to-night with 16 injured passengers, including one Burmese woman, one Indian woman and one Phonyi. Of the 16 injured, nine are stretcher cases. They were immediately taken by ambulance to the general hospital. The Agent, Traffic Manager and other officials also returned to Rangoon by the same special.

Reports relating to the accident state that when the train derailed, one luggage van and three third class carriages piled up on the bed of the stream and were completely smashed. The up line was slightly displaced by the wreckage. The injured so far known numbering 28, twenty of whom are seriously injured and eight slightly, have been rescued. It is difficult to estimate the number of those killed until the wreckage is cleared, but 40 bodies have been found. There have been no casualties among first and second class passengers.

## INTERVIEW WITH PASSENGER.

A resident of Rangoon who was travelling with his family from Mandalay by the train which met with the accident interviewed said that at about three in the

## FRIENDLY DEBT SETTLEMENT

## GERMANY AND NORWAY

LONDON, Jan. 28.

Oslo.—The Department of Foreign Affairs states that the Norwegian Government's claim against Germany for reparation arising out of the operation of certain German measures during war time have been settled by friendly agreement. Germany has undertaken to pay £330,000 sterling which Norway will use for the benefit of the families of the sailors who

## PROVINCIALISE TRUNK ROADS

## FUNCTION OF CENTRAL ROAD BOARD

NEW DELHI, Jan. 28.

Mr. Catterell, Secretary, Local Self-Government Department, Madras Government, giving evidence before the Roads Development Committee said that Trunk Roads should be provincialised although this would meet with opposition from municipal boards as curtailing their activities. A Central Road Board, if formed, should be for co-ordination purposes and to impart technical advice to provinces without interfering in their internal management of roads. From tolls, they got in the Madras Presidency 20 lakhs of the revenue, whereas from the proposed two annas additional revenue they would get only seven lakhs, but if the tolls were to be abolished at all then the petrol duty should be correspondingly increased, or the difference should be made up by some provincial taxation.—A. P.

Batavia.—The eruption of volcano in Krakatoa Island seems to be dying, though underground rumblings continue.—Reuter.

perished during the war. Apparently the "war measures" referred to were submarine mining.—Reuter.

## TUKOJI RAO STILL AT NUWARA ELIYA

## NOT TO LEAVE IT FOR PRESENT

COLOMBO, Jan. 28.

The ex-Maharaja of Indore and Miss Miller are still at Nuwara Eliya. The ex-Maharaja is reported to have said that he would not leave for the present. It is surmised that they will remain throughout the carnival week in Nuwara Eliya next month when the events will include races and tennis championships.—A. P.

morning he felt a severe shock and woke up. It was then quite dark and, as he peeped out of the window he saw that the front carriages were without lights. He could not realise what had happened until "a passenger from one of the rear carriages came with a torch and informed him that there was a serious accident. He came out of his carriage which was in the middle of the train and they both went forward to ascertain the nature of the accident. As they were walking, along they heard several injured persons shouting for help, but owing to the darkness and with the help of an ordinary torch it was not possible for them to locate exactly from where the shrieks came from and though they tried their best they could not render any effective help.

Shortly afterwards they discovered that the engine with two luggage vans was lying in the bed of the streamlet while a third class bogie carriage, probably owing to dropping down with force, was resting partly on the engine and partly on the bank. At day-break he was staggered to find the serious nature of the accident for originally it had not appeared to him that the number of casualties could be so large.

## GOVERNOR'S SYMPATHY.

The following telegram has been sent to the Agent, Burma Railways by the Private Secretary to the Governor:—

His Excellency the Governor has heard with the greatest regret of the terrible accident that has occurred to the down mail train and he would be much obliged if you would convey to the relatives of those killed his sincerest sympathy in their sad loss and to the injured his hope of the earliest recovery.—A. P.

## MORE DETAILS OF ACCIDENT

RANGOON, Jan. 28.

A wire from the District Traffic Superintendent, Tongoo, from Kyauktaga, relating to the railway accident on the Rangoon-Mandalay line, says that 29 dead bodies have been recovered, and several more have to be recovered from the wreckage. In addition to this, seven injured persons died in the hospital.

An earlier message from the District Traffic Superintendent, Tongoo, from Kyauktaga, stated that the number of persons killed was not so heavy as anticipated, and that the bodies of fourteen, including the driver of the ill-fated train two women, and U. Ba U, President of the Pyawbwe Municipality, had either been recovered or were in sight.—A. P.

## REFUELLING OF DIRIGIBLES AT SEA.

## DEMONSTRATION BY AIRSHIP "LOS ANGELES"

LONDON, Jan. 28.

New York.—The airship "Los Angeles" landed on the aircraft carrier "Saratoga" ninety miles out at sea, while the "Saratoga" was speeding at from 15 to 30 knots per hour, thus demonstrating the possibility of refuelling dirigibles at sea and increasing their range.—Reuter.

## NON-BRAHMAN DELEGATES TO ALL-PARTY CONFERENCE

MADRAS, Jan. 28.

It is understood that the South Indian Liberal Federation have deputed the Raja of Panagal, Dewan Bahadur Krishnan Nair, Kumarama of Venkatagiri and Mr. (A) protest meeting in this connection is Federation at the All-Party Convention which is convened to meet at Delhi on February 12th. The Federation have deputed the delegates in response to an invitation from the General Secretary of the Congress.—Free Press.

## INDIAN TRADE COMMISSIONER IN LONDON.

## PROPOSAL REGARDING OFFICE ACCEPTED.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

The Delhi correspondent of the "Eng. Sahman" reports that the Government of India have accepted the proposal of the High Commissioner in London to constitute the Indian Trade Commissioner's office as a department of his own office. They have also accepted his proposal to create a post of Deputy Indian Trade Commissioner, to which an Indian officer will be appointed with effect from April 1st next.

The correspondent adds that the High Commissioner has strongly recommended India's participation in British and Continental exhibitions during the year 1928.—A. P.

## BUTLER COMMITTEE IN PATIALA.

## ATTEND BASANT DURBAR.

PATIALA, Jan. 28.

Sir Harcourt Butler, President, and Messrs. Sidney Peel and Holdsworth, Members of the Indian States Reforms Enquiry Committee, arrived at Patiala yesterday, and attended the Basant Durbar, presided over by the Maharaja of Patiala. Several other ruling princes, including the Jam Sahab of Nawabgarh, and the ruler of Bhopal were also present. The elephant procession, arranged for the evening, had to be postponed on account of rain. Sir Harcourt and his colleagues were busy visiting local institutions this morning.

Sir Leslie Scott, K.C., has also arrived here.—A. P.

## SIR CHARLES TODHUNTER

## HIS RESPECT FOR LEGAL PROFESSION

BANGALORE, Jan. 28.

Reiterating his assurances of respect to the learned profession of law, "to which many of the greatest men in India belong"

## REMEMBER THIRD FEBRUARY.

## FOLLOW NATION'S MANDATE

The following is the text of the Resolutions passed unanimously by all Parties at the Boycott Conference in Benares:—

This Conference representing various political parties is unanimously of opinion that the Statutory Commission must be left severely alone by the people of India and in pursuance of this resolution, it appeals to the people.

(1) to observe hartal all over India on February 3rd, the day the Statutory Commission lands at Bombay, the hartal to be observed from the morning till the time of the meetings referred to in Clause 2;

(2) to hold public meetings all over India on February 3rd at 4.30 p.m. At these meetings the following resolution to be placed for adoption:—

"This meeting of the citizens of... places on record its condemnation of the appointment of the Statutory Commission in utter disregard of Indian opinion and its firm resolve to have nothing to do with that Commission in any form and at any stage of its work. of the Council of State, the Assembly, and the Legislative Councils and in particular the representatives of this prevent the formation of a Committee of the said Commission. This meeting places on record its opinion that the by Indians and strongly supports the frame such a Constitution."

Sir Charles Todhunter, Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, refutes as baseless the Mysore Bar Association's recent charge of his having uttered uncalculated and undignified remarks against the legal profession while addressing the Hassan District Conference recently.

In a statement to the Press, he quotes passages from his original address and expresses the hope that the members of this noble profession would not base their views on highly coloured distortions or act on hearsay which is not evidence, and pass judgment with framing the charge.—A. P.

## CENTRAL LEGISLATURES

## VICEROY TO MAKE IMPORTANT PRONOUNCEMENT

NEW DELHI, Jan. 29.

Speculation is rife in political circles as to what the Viceroy is likely to say on the 2nd in his speech to the members of the Central Legislature. It is believed that the Viceroy will make an important pronouncement in regard to the Statutory Commission and will attempt to influence political opinion in favour of welcoming the Commission. The Viceroy, it is said, would also define more accurately the duties and functions of the Legislative Committees and their relation to the Commission.—Free Press.

The Governor of Bombay accompanied by Captain K. E. Pevite, and Captain C. D. Mould, aides-de-camp, left Bombay for Sachin on Sunday.

## "NO FAITH AND NO GOODWILL"

## FASCIST INDICTMENT OF YUGOSLAVIA

## RENUNCIATION OF TREATY OF FRIENDSHIP

LONDON, Jan. 29.

Rome.—"In the past four years Yugoslavia displayed no faith and no goodwill, on the country, it had taken every opportunity of organising anti-Italian and anti-Fascist demonstrations even in the speeches of its politicians." This strong indictment is published in an official bulletin.

The Fascist party in a statement as regards the postponement for six months of the renunciation of Italo-Yugoslav Treaty of friendship says all the preparations of the Yugoslav army are directed against Italy. Yugoslavia has six months in which to give a new turn to her policy towards Italy who can wait without fears of future events.—Reuter.

## HOPE OF NEW ERA OF PROSPERITY.

## PRINCE OF WALES ON BRITISH TRADE

LONDON, Jan. 29.

A stirring note of hopefulness for a better industrial future was struck by the Prince of Wales in a brilliant speech at the dinner of the Birmingham Jewellers and Silversmiths' Association. "We sat long in the sombre darkness of the post-war depression; we had been deluded more than once by what proved to be only a false dawn; we learnt to mistrust prophets and Heaven forbid, I should try to prophesy, but we never lost hope, we have held on, grimly borne it and may be now we are going to get the reward. The trade returns of 1927 show that despite the handicap with which we started at the end of 1926, we really wiped out the deficit and restarted on the up-grade."

The spirit of co-operation strikingly displayed in the recent meetings of the representatives of the employers and the General Council of the Trade Union Congress gave the strongest reason to hope that a

new era of prosperity was opening up. An interesting feature of the dinner was that maiden speech of the second Joseph Chamberlain, namely, the 20-year old son of Sir Austen Chamberlain.—Reuter's Special.

## DENIAL OF INDIA'S BRITH-RIGHT.

(Continued from previous page.)

In India and again on the 17th when the Commission is due at Madras, Mr. Satyamurti said:—To-day Islamic countries like Angola, Afghanistan, Persia and Egypt are some of them independent and others are on the road to independence. A distinguished Muslim from South India is also the only Indian member of the Viceroy's Executive Council who dared to dissent from the view that the Commission ought to be White. Therefore, it becomes tenfold the duty of Madras to strengthen his hands and make Lord Irwin and Lord Birkenhead to realise that Sir Muhammad Habibullah is the only representative Indian in the Executive Council. Concluding Mr. Satyamurti said: "I hope in the name of the Motherland, Hindus and Muslims jointly boycott the Commission and after success achieve independence and install the Parliament of a Free United India.—Free Press.

## HARTAL IN CALCUTTA.

## SUBHAS BOSE'S APPEAL.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

To make the hartal a complete success Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, President of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, has issued an appeal asking the students, teachers, lawyers, coolies, railway staff, bus, and gharry,

## QUEEN BUSY WITH PARISIAN DRESSMAKERS.

## AFGHAN ROYALTIES REMAIN INCOGNITO.

## LONDON PREPARES FOR ROYAL WELCOME

LONDON, Jan. 28.

Paris.—The King and Queen of Afghanistan are incognito since last evening when the official programme of their visit to Paris came to an end. The King is no longer occupying Napoleon's bed at Quai d'Orsay and their Majesties are now staying at Hotel Caillon. The King this morning transacted some state business. It was his first spare moment since his arrival in Europe and telegrams from Kabul had

begun to pile up. The Queen is busy with dressmakers.—Reuter.

## PEOPLE'S WELCOME TO KING AMANULLAH.

LONDON, Jan. 28.

The General Purposes Committee of the London County Council has recommended to the Council to present an address of welcome to King Amanullah when he visits London on behalf of the people of London.—Reuter.

and tramway works, theatres, cinemas, corporation and private offices to suspend work and remain within doors till 4.30 p.m.

Passengers by trains are specially requested not to come to Calcutta.—Free Press

## CALCUTTA CORPORATION AND SIMON SHOW.

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

In pursuance of a requisition signed by 16 aldermen and Councillors, the Calcutta Corporation will discuss on Monday the motion for closing offices on February 3.—Free Press.

## MYSORE TO OBSERVE HARTAL

## PROMINENT MEN DECLARE AGAINST COMMISSION

BANGALORE, Jan. 29.

The impending visit of the Simon Commission to India has not roused any enthusiasm even among the subjects of the Mysore State. Already leading statesmen like Sir M. Visweswaraiiah and Sir Putanna Chetti have issued statements to the press expressing their views against the Statutory Commission.

The appointment of the Butler Committee has created further discontent in the minds of the people of the State. A public meeting was held yesterday at the Gandhi Maidan under the auspices of the Congress Committee when resolutions were passed calling for a boycott of the Simon Commission. The notice convening the meeting was signed by no less than eighty prominent men of the city. Arrangements are also being made to observe hartal.—Free Press

## GUJARAT'S PROTEST AND OBSERVANCE OF HARTAL

## MR. VALLABHBHAI PATEL'S APPEAL

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 29.

Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee, has issued an appeal for observing hartal on February 3rd, and meetings all over Gujarat for protesting against the appointment of the Simon Commission.—A. P.

## INDIAN COMMERCE CHAMBERS AND COMMISSION BOYCOTT

The Secretary of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce, has written to all Indian Chambers and Associations informing them of the resolution unanimously adopted by the 5th session of the Indian Industrial and Commercial Congress held at Madras under the Presidency of Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola on the 29th and 30th December last on the question of the Royal Commission and asking them to place this resolution before their Committee for their compliance with it, and to inform him of the same at an early date.

The text of the resolution in question is as follows:—"This Congress strongly protests against the exclusion of Indians from the Royal Commission on Constitutional Reforms. The Congress regards this as a calculated affront to this country and strongly urges all Indian Chambers of Commerce and other commercial bodies not to give evidence before the Commission or otherwise assist it in its deliberations."

## MARWARI ASSOCIATION AGAINST BOYCOTT

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

The Marwari Association have adopted a resolution disapproving the boycott of the Simon Commission and hartal on February 3.—A. P.

## ROWDYISM AT BOYCOTT MEETINGS

## YAKUB HASAN AND SATYAMURTHI "ROUGHLY HANDLED"

MADRAS, Jan. 29.

Excitement and confusion prevailed at Tilak Ghat to-night, when over ten thousand people assembled at two different meetings, one section favouring the boycott of the Simon Commission, and another favouring co-operation with the Commission. One meeting was presided over by Maulana Yakub Hasan, and was much disturbed. When Dr. Varadarajulu Naidu rose to address the meeting, after the Chairman had spoken, there was a

shower of stones. Subsequently, number of persons rushed to the platform armed with sticks, and brandished them. Some lights put up at the meeting were broken, and the national flag was hauled down. There was a stampede, when some persons sustained slight injuries. The meeting dispersed in confusion, and Messrs. Yakub Hasan and Satyamurti are reported to have been roughly handled.

The other meeting, which was addressed by Mr. Abdul Lateef Farookhi, M.L.A., adopted a resolution stating that the boycott of the Simon Commission was detrimental to the interests of India in general and of Muslims in particular and urging co-operation with the Commission.

## DEPRESSED CLASSES WELCOME COMMISSION

A Conference of the depressed classes met to-day at Pachaiappas Hall under the chairmanship of Mr. R. Srinivasan, M.L.C., and adopted a resolution welcoming the appointment of the Simon Commission and calling on the community to co-operate with it in its work.—A. P.

## SPECULATING ON RESULTS OF BOYCOTT

CALCUTTA, Jan. 29.

A special cable to the "Forward" dated January 28th states:—After enumerating the details of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose's

## BOYCOTT OF SIMON

## TO-DAY'S PUBLIC MEETING

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and "B" and "C" Ward, District Congress Committees, a Public Meeting will be held to-day (Monday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) near Fountain, Mumbadevi, Marwari Bazar, when Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai will preside. Mrs. Ratanben Mehta, Messrs. F. J. Ginnala, S. H. Jhabvala, Purshotam Triumdas, Vithaldas Damodar Govindji, Lalji Pendse, Dwarakadas Lalji and others will speak.

## TO-DAY'S MUSLIMS' MEETING

A public meeting will be held at Muslim Jamat Khana Kurla, to-day (Monday) at 9 p.m. when Maulana Shaukat Ali and others will address the citizens of Kurla on the boycott of the Simon Commission.

## CALL TO VOLUNTEER

National Volunteers are requested to be present at the Volunteers' meeting to-morrow (Tuesday) at 8.30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Congress House, 414, Girgaum Back Road, Bombay.

Volunteers of the Swarajya Sabha are requested to attend the meeting of the National Volunteer Corps convened on Tuesday the 31st inst. at 8.30 p.m. (S.T.) in the Congress House, 414, Girgaum Back Road, Bombay.

manifesto on boycott, the Calcutta correspondent of the London "Times" in a telegraphic despatch to-day says: The activities of Mr. Subhaschandra Bose raise a serious question for the Bengal Government as to whether if the programme of boycott is carried out, riots can be avoided. Although the vernacular native newspapers are devoting pages to the promotion of boycott, response up to the present has been small.—Free Press.

## LAHORE DECIDES ON COMPLETE BOYCOTT

LAHORE, Jan. 29.

A crowded public meeting was held here on the lawn outside Mochi Gate, when Dr. Ansari, and Messrs. Abul Kalam Azad and Muhammad Ali addressed the gathering at length urging the boycott of the Simon Commission and the observance of a complete hartal on February 3rd. Lala Lajpat Rai presided. Great enthusiasm prevailed. The City Magistrate, and the additional District Magistrate, were present at the meeting.—A. P.

The Municipal Committee of Raipur has passed the resolution boycotting the Simon Commission and taking effective steps for observing hartal by closing Municipal Schools, Offices, posting placards and issuing notices under the signature of all the members and office-bearers.

## BLACKETT'S NEW BILL

## CONGRESS MEMBERS WANT TO ATTEND?

## EXPECTATIONS ABOUT MR. PATEL

NEW DELHI, Jan. 29.

"I have reliable authority," says the Political Correspondent of Free Press of India, "for stating that when on the 1st February the Finance Member makes a motion for the formal introduction of the Reserve Bank of India Bill as newly published, he will have no opposition. The Congress Members, it is now definitely known, will not put in their attendance on the 1st February to oppose the introduction. There have been threats of points of order, but the Finance Member has armed himself with authorities to show that the President has no alternative but to permit the motion for introduction to be put to the House."

## WHAT PRESIDENT PATEL WILL DO?

"The issues connected with the Reserve Bank of India Bill will however be fought out in the lobbies and in the party meetings in the next few days. The constitutional deadlock which is in the power of the President to create, it is understood, the President may possibly not use on the ground that even in the discussions on the new Bill the Opposition can have its say. President Patel has all through his office kept counsel to himself and thus it is difficult to say what the President would actually do. In the circles in which the President's admirers are many and include many prominent men who voted for Mr. Patel's election though he was not of their party and worked for him against Government's whole strength that was then pitted against Mr. Patel, it is stated, that President Patel will certainly make the Finance Member realise that he cannot trifle with the Assembly after having stated in the Simla session in the discussion on the adjournment motion as a vote of censure on the postponement that the motion was premature, because the Assembly was still seized of the Bill. It is freely stated that in the opinion of the President, this is a fit and proper case for the exercise of the extraordinary powers vested in the Chair, under Standing Order 18 in order to protect the implied privileges of the House."

In this connection it is pointed out that when the Congressmen staged out the walkout in 1926, President Patel warned the Government benches against introducing controversial measures in the absence of the Opposition Party. Following the analogy it is said that the least the President Patel would do especially in the light of the declaration made, explaining why he was not vacating the Chair as a protest against the Simon Commission is to direct the Finance Member either to withdraw the Bill formally or to be prepared for the President's exercising his extraordinary powers."

**CANVASSING IN CONGRESS CIRCLES.**  
In the meanwhile, intensive canvassing is going on in Congress circles. The Finance Member, it is freely stated, has enlisted the active support of a few of the prominent members of the Party who were also members of the Joint Select Committee who have undertaken to urge on the Party that the Reserve Bank Bill as newly introduced, while in no way an ideal measure is certainly going to be an improvement on the existing position. As far as can be gathered, this ardent enthusiasm for the new Bill is shared only by a few, though eminent members. But, unfortunately for the Finance Member, Mr. Srinivasa Iyengar, the leader of the Congress Party is not one amongst these enthusiasts."

## WORKING COMMITTEE'S PERMISSION SOUGHT.

"It is freely stated, by those who are well conversant with the Congress leader that his own view is that in two circumstances in which the new Bill has been thrust on the country, a situation contemplated by clause of the Madras Congress resolution has arisen and it is the duty of the Congress Party to go in a body and oppose any motion for the withdrawal of the old Bill as also the progress of the new Bill. But, the Congress leader proposes to consult the Party first and then if the Party agrees with him which is considered a certainty apply to the Working Committee for sanction."

"The Working Committee will come to a decision on the 9th February when it is convened to meet at Delhi and then whatever the Chair may or may not do the Congress Party will vindicate the rights and honour of the Assembly."—Free Press.

## RESERVE BANK BILL

## INTERPELLATIONS IN ASSEMBLY AND COUNCIL OF STATE

NEW DELHI, Jan. 29.

It is reliably understood that interpellations are to be asked in the Legislative Assembly and the Council of State asking

for information the laying on the table of the House the correspondence between the Secretary of State and the Government of India on the question of the Reserve Bank of India Bill, both old and new and also all the correspondence that has passed between the Finance Member and the Party leaders in this connection. Information will also be asked for a statement of any expenditure incurred in carrying on propaganda directly or indirectly in favour of the main recommendations of the Currency Commission both in regard to the ratio and the Reserve Bank. —Free Press.

## TRIBUNE OF THE PEOPLE.

(Continued from page 7.)

who, he said, were always at his back. Mr. Nariman's life, he added, was an example for young men to copy and follow.

Mr. B. F. Bhargava suggested that Mr. Nariman should be presented with a purse and a civic address. At this stage, the audience grew very impatient to hear Mr. Nariman who was then called upon to make his reply after having been profusely garlanded on behalf of several institutions.

## MR. NARIMAN SPEAKS.

Amidst thundering applause, Mr. Nariman made a brief yet vigorous speech which had a remarkable effect upon his audience. At the very outset he begged of them to forgive him if he did not make a lengthy speech. Continuing he said, "First and foremost it is my duty to thank you sincerely for the kind words of appreciation which you have expressed on this occasion. I cannot really understand the meaning of this wonderful demonstration on the part of the citizens of Bombay. Why should there be any congratulations for my having discharged my duty as a humble representative of yours in the Council and in the Corporation? When we seek your suffrage we give you all sorts of pledges and assurances which you expect us to keep as your representatives in the public institutions. I remember I had given you a pledge that I would safeguard the interests of my voters in the Council. In exposing the Development Department I have simply carried out that pledge and have done nothing more. Several speakers have alluded to the hardships which I had to undergo during the continuance of the trial. I know it was a very difficult task I had undertaken to perform. I knew it was a battle which was not easy. I was, besides, single-handed against a very powerful opponent."

## BOMBAY CITIZENS' POWERFUL SUPPORT.

What was it that gave me courage throughout these months of hardship? It was my belief, nay my conviction, that in the trial I had always the moral support of the citizens of Bombay behind me. (Applause). It was a powerful driving force that dragged me through the ordeal. I had enough confidence that with the help of such an unstinted public support I would have faced a dozen Velinkars and a dozen Bakers. (Laughter). I congratulate all my friends who had the moral courage to come before the Court as witnesses and who always stood by me through thick and thin. All our troubles and difficulties are due to one big evil which is hovering round our heads. That evil is the foreign domination. (Heard, hear). You sent us to safeguard your interests in the Council. I have been representing you in the Council for the last several years during which period I have collected valuable information about this Bombay Development Department. I tried to achieve my object by constitutional methods relying on the advice of my friends. I moved resolutions in the Council. They were passed but not given effect to. How can any one, under these circumstances, have faith in constitutional methods?" (Applause).

## FEBRUARY 3—GREAT JUDGMENT DAY!

Concluding, Mr. Nariman reminded the audience of the bigger and more important judgment that awaited them on February 3. He hoped that that judgment also would be equally honourable and glorious. It would be then, he added, that he would congratulate the citizens of Bombay upon their victory. (Applause).

Mrs. Naidu wound up the proceedings by appealing to the citizens of Bombay to muster in their hundreds and thousands on Chaupati sands on the 3rd of February and do their duty by their motherland.

The meeting terminated amidst scenes of gaiety and jubilation.

## MR. NARIMAN'S RARE HUMILITY

## TRIBUTES TO HIS COURAGE LEGAL TALENTS AND SARIFF

On Sunday evening Mr. K. F. Nariman, the hero of the Back Bay Libel Case was the recipient of hearty congratulations from the citizens of Bombay for his triumph in the defamation case which was hanging over his head for the past thirteen months. Although the meeting was called at 5-30 p.m. in the Sir C.P. Hall, the audi-

torium as well as the galleries were full to the utmost capacity before 5 p.m. Parsi and Hindu ladies as well as citizens of all communities had thronged in hundreds and occupied the best seats available. A little after 5-30 p.m. when Mr. Nariman arrived he was hailed with tremendous and continued cheers, which were repeated very often when the speakers made references to his self-sacrifice and indomitable courage. Mr. Nariman in his usual modest way refused to take the credit to himself and said all that he did and would do were his duty and urged on all Indians to stand fearlessly for the freedom of the motherland.

Mr. B. F. Bhargava in proposing Mr. Horniman to the Chair appeal the citizens of Bombay not to listen to the vituperations of the "Times of India" who had no flock of sheep behind it and do their duty to Mr. Nariman in appreciating his services in a substantial manner for the signal services he had rendered to the motherland.

Mr. Horniman while complimenting Mr. Nariman on his self-sacrifice, courage and achievements regretted that there was not too many fighters of his calibre. Mr. Nariman had exposed and brought to light a mass of seething corruption and dishonesty and he hoped the matter would not end there but the public would be informed more about the mystery of the mild steel bars and the corruption, and the persons concerned therein would be properly dealt with.

Mrs. K. M. Munshi who was then called upon to address the meeting in offering her felicitations on behalf of the women of Bombay said Mr. Nariman had fearlessly exposed the scandal at a great sacrifice of time, energy and money. Mr. Nariman fought not against Mr. Harvey but against the whole power of Government and it was a great achievement of Mr. Nariman that in spite of all the resources and backing of the Government he had come out triumphant.

## TRIBUTE TO LEGAL TALENTS.

Mr. B. G. Kher as an old friend and colleague of Mr. Nariman as well as on behalf of the Girgaum Congress Committee offered his hearty congratulations. Mr. Nariman, he said, had proved his mettle against such a formidable foe as Government. Mr. Nariman's position was like the one in the story of Jack and giant in Shakespeare's "As you like it." On one side there was all the powerful machinery of the Government and the best legal talents while on the other hand Mr. Nariman had to prove his worth which were in the nature of things very difficult to prove. Mr. Lala, Subramanian, then said Mr. Nariman had vindicated the honour of the city and the Parsi community. He was glad that the Magistrate had acted with impartiality and expressed his regret that Lord Lloyd was not present there to witness the demonstration. Mr. Nariman would go down to history as a great Indian and a great Parsi.

## A VALIANT FIGHTER.

Mr. K. M. Munshi said that Mr. Nariman, undeterred by all the civil authorities had proved a tribute to the people. Lokmanya Tilak claimed that position by his valiant fight with Sir Valentine Chirol and Sir Sankaran Nair by his fight against Sir Michael O'Dwyer. While the first two were unsuccessful against their opponents he was glad to say Mr. Nariman had come out triumphantly.

Maulana Shaikat Ali, while offering his congratulations on behalf of the Mahomedans of Bombay said that not only the Back Bay scheme but the whole Government from top to bottom was rotten and the Government deserved no sympathy when the scheme had ruined their countrymen financially.

Dr. K. K. Datta Chhajji said to his mind the object of Government in prosecuting Mr. Nariman was to curb the desire of Indians for self-government. It was not prosecution but persecution. The star of India was now in ascendancy and with the co-operation of Parsis who too were Indians he was sure India would get Swaraj soon.

Mr. K. K. Sunkote regretted at the bad taste of the prosecuting counsel in sneering and jeering at Mr. Nariman during the trial and congratulated Mr. Dasgupta, the Magistrate, for upholding the scales of justice with fairness and impartiality.

## MR. NARIMAN'S REPLY.

Mr. Nariman who was garlanded on behalf of different associations was received with prolonged cheers and rising to reply, thanked the citizens of Bombay for the spontaneous and wonderful demonstration. He did not think, however, that he deserved their gratitude, for looking back to the history of the past seven years, he said, it reminded him that he had made promises to his electors to the Municipal Corporation and the Legislative Council in his manifesto that if he was returned he would do his best to serve them. The result was that he was returned twice and he thought it his duty to carry out his promises. He acknowledged that the trial was an uphill and herculean task and at times he felt pangs of disappointment. He had to fight singlehanded with a large array of Government solicitors, counsel and pleaders with all the resources of the Government in their command. Only one thought enabled him to surmount the diffi-

culty and that was that he had the moral support of the citizens of Bombay. This thought gave him courage to face half a dozen Velinkars and Bakers. He then explained how in spite of threats of violence in mornings, afternoons and sometimes at nights he had to hunt after the witnesses and persuade them to give evidence in the case and he thanked those who came forward to give evidence and thus displayed rare courage against tremendous odds. He particularly thanked Mr. Triveji and Mr. Kulkarni for their very valuable assistance. For seven years he clamoured for an enquiry into the Back Bay scandal but he was sneered and maligned and at one time he was called a man of despicable character. He was glad that after all Government gave him an opportunity to expose the scandal and to justify his position. He had worked and agitated constitutionally and his advice was that if they wanted to prevent such scandal in future they should do away with the present day constitution.

## MR. NARIMAN'S TRIUMPH.

## MUNICIPAL NATIONALIST PARTY'S CONGRATULATION.

The Bombay Municipal Nationalist Party at its meeting held on Saturday passed a resolution congratulating Mr. K. F. Nariman on his acquittal in the Harvey-Nariman Libel Case.

## MR. JAYAKAR'S POSITION IN ASSEMBLY

## MR. SATYAMURTHI'S CRITICISM.

MADRAS, Jan. 28.

In a statement to the Free Press of India Mr. S. Satyamurthi M.L.C. says:—

The time for relentless action has arrived. Mr. Jayakar if he persists in his present course of action may be doing the greatest disservice to the country; it appears made to him already to withdraw from his present position do not succeed, the electorate of Bombay city which he represents in the Indian Legislative Assembly must do its duty and give him a clear mandate. If Sir Chimanlal Setalvad representing the Bombay Liberals, Mr. Jinnah representing the Bombay Muslims, Sir Purushottamdas Thakurdas representing the Bombay capital industry and commerce, if the All-India Trade Union Congress representing "under the banner" Bombay Labour and Mr. Jinnahdas Mehta, Mr. Jayakar's colleague in the Assembly from Bombay city are all alike for the sake of this Commission, I should like to know on whose behalf Mr. Jayakar is persisting in his futile and dangerous proposals. Little because even if his proposals are accepted they will lead us nowhere, and dangerous because the acceptance of these proposals by Sir John Simon is intended to break the back of this boycott movement. The duty of the Bombay city is therefore clear and imperative. Bombay must hold monster meetings and send clear mandates to Mr. Jayakar either to resign from his present position and accept the clear verdict of the electorate and fall into line with the National movement for boycott or if he feels he cannot consciously do it, to resign his seat and to seek a fresh mandate from Bombay. If Bombay as I trust will do its duty I have no doubt Mr. Jayakar as a man of honour will either revise his position or resign. —Free Press.

## DR. ANSARI CONFERS WITH SIR M. SHAFI

LAHORE, Jan. 29.

Maulana Muhammad Ali arrived here today. Pandit Malaviya will arrive in the afternoon. Dr. Ansari and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, who had gone to Jullunder and Gujranwala respectively, have returned to Lahore after addressing meetings at those places urging the boycott of the Simon Commission and the observance of a hartal on February third. To-day Dr. Ansari and Maulana Azad conferred with Sir Muhammad Shafi at Nawab Sir Zulfiqar Ali Khan's residence. —A. P.

## SOUTH INDIAN LIBERALS REPRESENTATIVES TO NATIONAL CONVENTION

MADRAS, Jan. 28.

The South Indian Liberal Federation has in response to the invitation of the Congress General Secretary, deputed the Raja of Panagal, Dewan Bahadur M. Krishnan Nair, the Kumara Raja of Venkatagiri, and Mr. A. Ramaswami Mudaliar to represent the Federation at the Swarajya Convention which meets on February 12th. —A. P.

## 10K. TILAK UTSAV MANDAL'S RESOLUTION

At a meeting of the Managing Committee of the above Mandal held in the Gopal Heerji Wani Chawl on Wednesday, at 8 p.m., a resolution was passed appealing to the mill workers to join the boycott of the Commission on 3rd Feb. instead of on the following Sunday viz. 5th February and requesting the Mill-Owners' Association to declare a Holiday on 3rd Feb. and to set the mills working instead, on the 5th Feb.

The Azamgarh District Board at its meeting held on the 25th. instant passed a resolution deciding on hartal on February 3.

## 26,000 MILES IN BOMBAY

WITH AN

## AUSTIN SEVEN.

A LOCAL USER SENDS US THE FOLLOWING:—

Bombay, 14th December, 1927.

Messrs. THE AUTOMOBILE CO. Ltd., 5-12, Queen's Road, BOMBAY.

Dear Sirs,

I feel that I must write and tell you of the GENUINE SATISFACTION that my Baby Austin has given me. It has now completed 23,000 MILES IN FOURTEEN MONTHS with a daily average of 60 miles including the whole of the morning, most of the mileage being done on the ROUGH ROADS of the suburbs. Over the same period, the running up-keep and repairs of a motor cycle combination cost me 80% MORE THAN THOSE OF THE BABY AUSTIN!

One of the 'points' that has really surprised me is its road holding powers.

I am, after fourteen months, A REALLY SATISFIED AUSTIN OWNER.



Yours faithfully, F. H. P.

## GET SATISFACTION LIKE THIS BY BUYING AN AUSTIN SEVEN TO-DAY.

AUSTIN "7" (7-10 H.P.) PRICE FROM Rs. 2,200/-

TOURERS, SPORTS &amp; SALOONS

AUSTIN "12" (13-25 H.P.) PRICE FROM Rs. 4,000/-

TOURERS, SALOONS &amp; LANDAULETTES

AUSTIN "12" (20-45 H.P.) PRICE FROM Rs. 7,350/-

## THE AUTOMOBILE CO. LT

5-12, QUEEN'S ROAD

BOMB

## AMRUTANJAN REMEDY

THE GENUINE AND POWERFUL

Attacks and Cures all kinds of

BODILY ACHES AND PAINS

AMRUTANJAN DEPOT, BOMBAY and MADRAS

## BLUFF AND BLUSTER IN BRITISH PRESS.

(Continued from page 7.)

Indian Opinion is in danger of being stifled by its alleged spokesmen," declares the "Observer". "There is still time to abandon the policy, worst consequences of which will fall on India herself. The Commission is a delegation of the Imperial Parliament and as such it is necessarily composed of its members. It is prepared to co-operate with Indian opinion organised in parallel fashion. In this there is nothing for Indian pride to resent. The paper adds that the Princes appropriate the position. By his pointed reference to the future, the Maharajah of Eikaner indicated the certainty of constitutional change in British India and the resolve of Indian States to maintain their traditional prerogative."—Renter.

## MAULANA AZAD INTERVIEWED

## H IS HEART FILLED WITH JOY

DELHI, Jan. 28.

"My heart is filled with joy that great leaders like Pandit Malaviya and Mr. Jinnah are leading the movement for the boycott of the Simon Commission. I have no doubt about the success of the movement under these leaders. I am not unmindful of the efforts that are being made all over the country to mislead the masses but I have faith in their commonsense and in their patriotism," said Maulana Abul Kalam Azad in an interview to a press representative.

"From the preparations that are now being made," said the Maulana, "I can say with certainty that the hartal on February 3 will be as successful as the hartal in Calcutta was in 1920 and 1921," said the Maulana. He did not think that Sir Abdur Rahim's objection to hartal will in any way affect the success of hartal.

As regards Muslim opinion as a body towards the Statutory Commission, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad said, that the bulk of Indian Muslims are for boycott. He knew that considerable efforts were being made to mislead Muslim opinion but the attempts were destined to fail.—Free Press.

## KARACHI INDIAN MERCHANTS FAVOUR BOYCOTT.

The following resolution has been passed unanimously by the Managing Committee of the Association:—

"(a) In pursuance of the unanimous resolution of the All-India Commercial and Industrial Congress held at Madras, the Karachi Indian Merchants' Association resolve that it shall have nothing to

do with the Simon Commission and that it earnestly requests all merchants not to tender any evidence before the Commission or take part in the proceedings of the Commission at any stage. (b) This Association further resolve that as an All-India Hartal is to be observed on the 3rd February, 1928, the day of landing of the Simon Commission at Bombay, the market should be closed on the 3rd February 1928 as a mark of protest against the appointment of the Commission against the solid protest of the people of the country."

## DEMONSTRATE YOUR RESENTMENT

CALCUTTA, Jan. 28.

The Bengal Presidency Muslim League passed resolutions urging Mussalmans of Bengal to demonstrate their feeling of resentment against the appointment of the Commission by observing hartal on February 3.—Free Press.

## GAMA DEFEATS ZYBYSZKO

(Continued from page 7.)

sent along with the party in a beautiful shawlana very near the arena. The large and distinguished gathering included the Jam Sahib of Nawanganagar; Nawab of Bopal; Maharaja of Kapurthala; Maharaja of Jind; Raja Kalsia; Sir Leslie Scott, K. C.; Mr. J. A. O. Fitzpatrick, Agent to Governor-General, Punjab States; Sir Hunnar Hayat Khan; Sir Daya Kishan Kaul, late Prime Minister of Patiala; Raja Har Kishan Kaul; Sir Kishida Bux and Sir Rahim Bux. Several Simla Hill Chiefs and practically all high civil, and military authorities of the State.

## THE MATCH.

The star match of the afternoon was the contest between Imamkhur and Ferrozdin (Goonga) at 4/30 and was watched with keen interest by all. It, however, proved to be a short affair, for about five minutes both exchanged level blows but Goonga suddenly brought down Imamkhur who effected a brilliant save. Excitement ran high at this stage. Imam then strained his every nerve and succeeded through sheer force to defeat Goonga who possessed better build. Within seven minutes from the start the result was received with a loud acclamation and Imam the younger brother of Gama was duly declared the champion wrestler of India. The Nawab of Malerkotla and several other Ruling Chiefs have intimated to Patiala Darbar that they would arrive to-morrow to witness the world championship between Gama and Zybyzsko.

The Criminal Investigation Department of the United Provinces Police have arrested at Lucknow a Bengali young man named Monindranath Seal said to be from Benares and Calcutta. Seal came to Lucknow recently and was staying at a Dharmashala where he was arrested. The arrest is believed to be in connection with some revolutionary crime. —A. P.

## GRAHAM BROTHERS TRUCKS AND BUSES

BUILT BY TRUCK DIVISION OF DODGE BROTHERS, INC.  
SOLD BY DODGE BROTHERS DEALERS EVERYWHERE

### Next Year

—and the next and the next

Consistent earning ability year after year—dependable service day after day—strength and power for heavy loads—

These are qualities that Graham Brothers Trucks and Buses retain throughout their long useful lives.

They are built to make money for their owners—and they do it.

Sole Agents—  
**BOMBAY CYCLE & MOTOR AGENCY, LIMITED.**  
16, New Queen's Road, BOMBAY.  
Branches:—Lahore, Karachi and Nagpur.



3/4 ton Commercial Car Re. 3,500  
1 ton Chassis ..Rs. 3,850  
1 ton Chassis ..Rs. 5,500  
2 ton Chassis ..Rs. 6,500  
Delivered Bombay.



### Beauty by to-morrow morn

To gain a fresh, clear complexion by to-morrow morning sounds like a miracle, but really it is only what Nature meant to happen. Nature gives us all several layers of skin. While the outer skin, exposed to the air, is being worn out by the wind and dust, a new one is always growing underneath, and Nature meant the old skin gradually to disappear and leave the way clear for the fresh, young skin underneath. Modern conditions are apt to interfere with this ideal process and only too often minute particles of the old, dried-up cuticle remain to clog up the tiny pores and stifle the young skin underneath.

There's one simple way to restore Nature's plan. Just go to any chemist and ask for some ordinary, pure Mercolized Wax. Before you go to bed gently massage it in with your finger tips, and you will be amazed at the difference when you wake in the morning. While you've been sleeping, the Mercolized Wax has been gently dissolving away all these microscopic atoms of old, dead skin, so that the fresh, young skin is clear, fresh and healthy—just as Nature intended.

Really the result of this simple treatment is quite astonishing, but be sure to get the pure Mercolized Wax.

### MERCOLIZED WAX

DOES NOT contain Mercury or anything injurious to the complexion, and is guaranteed not to encourage the growth of hair.

## MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS

to note the Best Medium in Southern India to push their sales extensively is

### "THE HINDU"

The leading National Daily that commands the largest circulation among all classes. Up-to-date in everything; and it contains special sports cables which are an exclusive feature to "THE HINDU."

### An Illustrated Annual

is also published every year during the middle of December. It contains important contributions from eminent writers of the day and forms an all time reference book.

For rates and particulars apply  
THE MANAGER, P. O. Box 316, MADRAS.

## THE SPIRIT OF THE TIMES

WILL GOVT. OF INDIA APPRECIATE IT.

### SIR S. B. PHILLIMORIA ON COMMITTEE'S REPORT

Sir S. B. Phillimoria in seconding the motion for adoption of the report at the annual meeting of the Indian Merchants' Chamber and Bureau on Saturday, in the course of his speech said:—

The retiring President has dealt with the principal topics which occupied the attention of the Committee during the year. The Committee have, as usual, pressed on the Government the necessity of bringing forward an early date legislation to regulate insurance policies, banking, shipping and insurance. These are the corner stones of modern commerce. For some years your committee has realised the necessity for improved insurance legislation.

But the wheels of Government are proverbially slow and in this case, perhaps they have been too slow; but let us hope that the comprehensive character of the measure to safeguard and develop the Indian Insurance business will amply compensate for this long waiting. The object of such a Bill must be three-fold: (a) To develop all forms of Insurance on right and rational lines; (b) To protect the Policy-holders against frauds, which a highly developed commerce and industrialism brings in its train; and (c) and to safeguard the indigenous insurance business from the competition of powerful Foreign Insurance Companies. I hope that these three objects will be achieved by the legislation proposed.

The retiring President has dealt with the Textile Industry. Any one, who has studied the history of the Industry, must agree with the remark made by Mahatma Gandhi, that the Textile Industry has been the vital organ of India—to strike which is to strike at the heart of the country. I have no intention of being unfair to Government. To my mind, the least the Government can do, is to follow the lines of the Majority Report of the Tariff Board.

### ACCOUNTANCY PROFESSION.

Both your Chamber and the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, have this year appreciated the importance of the Accountancy Profession and honoured it by simultaneously electing members of this profession as Presidents for the New Year. Accountancy is one of the professions in which Indian talent has shown itself at its best and the annuals of Government Departments show that Indians have risen to the highest rung of the ladder with their brilliant proficiency in Accountancy. There has been a galaxy of Accountant Generals all shining lights in their profession. I refer to this to show that there can be no excuse whatsoever in preferring men of foreign qualifications to men of indigenous qualifications when they are available. I hope that the Government will be pleased to issue orders that all salaried accountancy posts, whether in Government or in semi-Government Departments, should be reserved, where efficiency is not impaired, for the sons of the soil.

I shall refer with your permission to another branch of studies which has also received scant recognition from Government as well as, I fear, from some of our own people. I mean technical and commercial studies. The Victoria Jubilee Institute and the Sydenham College of Commerce as well as several private colleges of commerce are giving a training and education which may be considered as good as, if not superior to, that imparted at similar institutes in foreign countries, and yet we have got such a penchant for foreign degrees that men with foreign qualifications are preferred to the men who have local degrees and diplomas. As with Accountancy, so with men with technical qualifications obtained locally or commercial degrees and diplomas obtained locally, I would urge both the Government and the private employers to give preference to indigenous talent if we are to advance or make headway materially.

Before I close I should like to refer to the manner in which Government have been treating the reports of the commissions and committees appointed by them. This treatment of their own commissions and committees by Government has induced a want of trust and confidence on the part of the people in such bodies.

This fate has befallen the Report of the Sandhurst Committee which though practically unanimous has been shelved. May I urge that the Government of India should appreciate the spirit of the times and henceforward either not appoint commissions and committees or if they have to be established select a majority of Indian Members where Indian interests are affected and make a genuine attempt to secure the ratification of their recommendations by the legislature with the official support.

### NEW RESERVE BANK BILL.

Before I conclude, I should like to express my regret that the New Reserve

## ASSEMBLY'S OPENING SITTING

### PROGRAMME OF BUSINESS

NEW DELHI, Jan. 28.

The programme of business for the opening sitting of the Assembly session on the 1st February has been drawn up. Fourteen new members are to be sworn in. Of them twelve are changes in official representation and two in non-official. Among the elected members the only change is the replacement of Mr. Kassim Ali by his rival Muhammad Rafique who having won his election petition has been declared duly elected unopposed Mr. Kassim Ali. The new representative of the Indian Christians recently nominated will also be sworn. Official members to take the oath are Mr. Ghalib, Mr. Shildy and Mr. Shemadani Lal from the Government of India, Mr. V. P. Rao (Madras), Messrs. Aftab and T. V. (Bombay), Mr. Aziz (Punjab), Mr. Mitchell (C. P. G. M. B. M. Chatterjee (Bihar) and Mr. Cooper (Burmah). Unless another representative is sent Mr. Woodhead may take a seat temporarily to represent the Bengal Government. There will be quite a large number of questions to engage the first hour fully. Legislative business will be mostly formal.

### RESERVE BANK BILL

Sir Basil Blackett will introduce the Reserve Bank Bill and move for the appointment of Sir Walter Wilson to the Select Committee on the Bill amending the Negotiable Instruments Act.

Sir George Rainy will move for introduction of important Bill to vest in the Central Government control over ports. Non-official resolutions for the sittings of the Council of State on the 13th February were debated today. Mr. P. C. P. Chari tops the list with a recommendation for the publication of the correspondence leading to the appointment of the Simon Commission and the procedure for enquiry. His alternative resolution recommends representative Conference to devise ways and means to give effect to the Mercantile Marine Committee's report. Sir Phiroze Sethna will recommend Government "to appoint Trade Commissioners or Commercial Attaches in the Colonies of the British Empire and in countries of Europe and America in order to develop Indian trade and commerce with those colonies and countries and that these new posts be thrown open to Indians in the first instance."

Mr. Kumar Sankar Ray Chaudhury, Swarajist member, has secured the third place for a resolution recommending amendment of the Government of India Act to empower the Central Legislature in the future to alter constitution provided that such alterations be effective only after they are approved of by a freshly elected legislature which must be called for the purpose of giving such approval within one year after such measures are passed.

### RESOLUTIONS ON SIMON COMMISSION

It may be mentioned in connection with Mr. Mukerjee's resolution for boycotting the Simon Commission which is to be debated on the 8th February that Sir Manojee Dadabhai and Dr. Mahmood Subhanji are already understood to have sent in substantive amendments welcoming the Commission. There is speculation in political circles as to whether Swarajists' resolutions will be all moved in the Council of State.—A. P.

### CHINIOT CHAK JHUMRA RAILWAY.

### PUNJAB GOVERNOR PERFORMS OPENING CEREMONY.

CHAK JHUMRA, Jan. 28.

H. E. the Governor of the Punjab performed to-day the opening ceremony of the Chak Jhumra Chiniot Railway branch line, over a distance of seventeen miles being the first link in the trunk route extending over almost the whole of the width of the Punjab.

In pulling the lever operating the gates and declaring the railway open H. E. the Governor said it was a matter of no small importance that they could now reach Chiniot by railway. The palmist days of Chiniot were in the days of Shah Jehan when his Minister Nawab Sadulla Khan built a fine Shahi Mosque and Chiniot masons went over to Agra to assist in building the Taj Mahal. To-day its importance was chiefly commercial. The railway would bring new life to the rural population too long denied ready transport to other parts of the province. Freedom of intercourse said His Excellency was the best education. If the schools quickened the mind, travel gave the mind a broader, fairer and a kindlier view of one's fellow men.—A. P.

### INDIAN TRADE COMMISSIONER ON LEAVE.

LONDON, Jan. 28.

The Indian Trade Commissioner Mr. Lindsay is going on six months' leave beginning from 1st February. Mr. Eyre Gordon (Central Provinces) will probably relieve him. It is expected that Mr. Lindsay will resume his duties on his return from furlough.—Renter.

Bank Bill, as drafted, has not met with the approval of the Commercial Community of India generally, since it has not been framed on the lines suggested by the Select Committee. Your Committee have insisted on the Reserve Bank being a State Bank. May I hope that the forthcoming Delhi Session will see an rapprochement between the Government and the Legislators and that the Law ushering in the Reserve Bank, will have the support of all the parties in the country.

## Your Smile and Your Teeth

Simple New Dental Method  
Restores Cloudy Teeth to  
Gleaming Whiteness



THANKS to modern dental science, it's been found that teeth seldom are naturally off color. Most often they are simply coated with a dingy film which ordinary dentifrices do not successfully clear off. That's why brushing has failed you.

Run your tongue across your teeth and you'll feel that film now—a slippery sort of coating. It absorbs discolorations from food, smoking, etc. It invites germ growth, tooth decay and gum troubles. For health's sake and for beauty, you must remove it.



Based on modern research. Advised by leading dentists the world over. You will see and feel immediate results.

Today, in place of using an old-type dentifrice, get the film-removing paste called Pepsodent which dental authorities now so widely urge. You'll find, to your own surprise, that your teeth gleam like jewels, that your gums take on a healthy, coral tint—your smile gleaming and wonderfully attractive.

### Accept Pepsodent Test

To prove results buy a tube of Pepsodent, the quality dentifrice—for sale everywhere. Or send for 10-day free test to Dept. 17-29, Ahmuty & Co., 100 Clive St., Calcutta.

PEPSODENT  
The Quality Dentifrice—Removes Film from Teeth

## 7-7-7

## HOW TO GREET SIMON SEVEN?

Do Your Duty Towards Bharatmata

PLEASE STICK TO HINDI  
MAHASABHA'S RESOLUTION

## Observe HARTAL on FRIDAY Peacefully & Non-Violently

FRIDAY NEXT (February-3) The SIMON SEVEN will land in Bombay.

Put on our National Dress befitting the National Soldiers of Freedom. This will produce tremendous effect on

## Simon 7 Seven

In order to boycott effectively the Simon Commission you should remember to do the following:—

- (1) FOREIGN CLOTHES suggestive of foreign domination should be thrown away.
- (2) Being NATIONAL SOLDIERS of Freedom you should put on truly Swadeshi Dress.
- (3) Make an ocean of White Caps (by one and all putting on White Caps.)

## National Dress

Could be had at the following popular prices:—

- (1) Khadi Jacket Re. 1-8-0; (2) Shirt Re. 1-12-0;
- (3) Khadi White Cap 0-6-0 and 0-7-0. (4) Khadi Dhori yards 4x50" Rs. 2-14-9.

KHADI must be used for Coat or Pant. KHADI for all varieties of Dress.

To Greet Simon Seven we must use

## Flags of Black Khadder.

Large Black Flag for flying it from the building will cost Re. 0-6-0. The BLACK FLAG meant for the PROCESSION will cost Rs. 0-2-0.

Write or call on—

## KHADI BHANDAR,

(1) Princess Street, or (2) Dadysett Agari Lane, BOMBAY.

## 7-7-7

**YOUR TELEPHONE**  
Make the most of it.  
Put it within reach from any point of your Desk.  
Keep one hand free for taking down notes, etc. and keep your Desk absolutely clear of it. Impossible! NO.  
The **CHICAGO "HI-LO" BRACKET** will do all and more.



**Chicago Telephone and Radio Co.,**  
175, Hornby Road, Fort,  
Post Box No 450, BOMBAY.  
Telegrams: "Chiphone." Telephone: No. "24963".



No matter what you require whether glasses or advice relative to your eyes, you cannot do better than pay us a visit at once or write to us stating your need. We will place at your disposal the long experience and practical knowledge of men duly qualified in London, of an Ophthalmic Surgeon from the world-renowned Royal London Moorfield Ophthalmic Hospital as that of a gentleman holding the highest qualifications in Ophthalmic and visual optics available in Great Britain.

Please note our address carefully. We have no connection whatsoever with firms of similar names.

THE ORIGINAL AND LEADING FIRM  
OF  
**DINSHAW M. DASTUR & CO.,**  
OCULISTS AND OPTICIANS,  
71, Esplanade Road, and Meadows Street,  
near Currency Office, Fort, Bombay.



If one Pill is taken two hours just before supper, restores manly power and gives vigour to the system. If taken for 3 days, positively removes Spermatorrhoea. If taken two bottles continuously, sure to remove Impotency.

ONE PHIAL OF 20 PILLS Rs. 2  
(V.P. Charges Extra.)  
**ARYA VAIDYASRAMAM**  
3 (C), Bairagimattam Street, Madras.

**TESTIMONIAL**  
Hon. Col. D. Dawes, Bart. B.A., M.D., L.L.D., Ph.D. B.M.S. Principal, Electric Medical College, Madras, writes:—"Beej Bund" which I tried to several of my patients has given utmost satisfaction in completely eradicating all symptoms of impotency.

**SAVE YOUR INCOME-TAX**  
by CONSULTING  
**PAREKH & Co.**  
Incorporated Certified Accountants,  
Public Accountants, Auditors, Income-Tax  
and Super Tax Experts  
Telephone No. 24185  
Office: M.P. Baria Building, Pydhony, Bombay.

## NEWS IN BRIEF

Seven more associations in the Waddy District have been declared unlawful under the Criminal Law Amendment Act.—A. P.

A message from Rangoon states:—Mr. F. B. Lench, Commissioner of Pegu Division, held an enquiry into the collision between villagers and policemen at Padinbin village, Pungde District. About fifty villagers were examined and the proceedings have been forwarded to the Local Government.—A. P.

A majority of the Mussalman members of the United Provinces Legislative Council have issued a manifesto calling upon the people of these provinces not to observe hartal on February 3rd. The signatories further request the people not to join the boycott movement because in their opinion neither hartal nor boycott is in the best interests of the country.—A. P.

The annual Navratri fair at Trambak has concluded. Nearly 50,000 pilgrims attended. Police and volunteer arrangements were satisfactory. In spite of it, however, some 25 injuries and one death occurred. Important features of the fair this year were the Agricultural Exhibition and the Untouchables Conference presided over by Dr. Ambedkar.—A. P.

The opening of the Bengal Luxmi case was concluded to-day before Mr. Justice Page and the Special Jury. The evidence of Mr. Jibandas Purshotham Datta of Bombay was first called, and he had not finished, when the Court rose for the mid-day adjournment.—Free Press.

The 66th birthday anniversary of the great Swami Vivekananda was celebrated by the Gujarat Dharma Prasarana Sabha with great eclat on the 20th instant at the Shurnashwar Temple, Cambay.

Secunderabad, Jan. 25.—In spite of all precautionary measures plague has broken out in Hyderabad in virulent form. The report of the Hyderabad Municipality for the two days of the 23rd and 24th instant records 299 deaths and 231 deaths. About three-quarter of a lakh of people are living in camps. In Secunderabad cantonment there have been till now 930 attacks and 702 deaths including imported cases.—A. P.

In the Benares shooting case, the accused made a long statement, in the course of which he said he was returning from Carmichael Library when near the Marwari Hospital he heard a cracked sound and he was suddenly arrested on suspicion. He denied having fired any shot. He was committed to the Court of Sessions to take his trial under Section 307, I. P. C., on a charge of attempting to murder. It is understood that the Sessions trial will begin on February 1st.—A. P.

It is understood that the interest of Sir David Yule in the "Statesman" and the "Englishman" is private and personal and has no connection with Andrew Yule and Co. Ltd., or the "Daily Chronicle" group of newspapers, of which Sir David Yule is the principal proprietor and Lord Reading the chairman.—A. P.

An Officer's re-union dinner to celebrate the Jubilee Year of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles, now designated the Bombay Battalion A. F. (I.), is being held at the Willingdon Club, Bombay, on Wednesday, February 29th, 1928.—A. P.

Gadkari Day was celebrated at Belgaum on Monday, with great enthusiasm, both on behalf of the "Vangmaya Charcha Mandal" and the Shri Krishna Debating Club, when Principal Bhat was specially invited from Sangli to preside.

The workers of the various kerosine oil companies of Madras have resolved to observe hartal on 3rd February. They also have agreed to render assistance to the Congress Boycott Committee. Similarly the merchants of Pudupet division have met and resolved to observe hartal.—Free Press.

The Amraoti District Conference of the C. P. and Berar Farmers' Association was held at Rimmochar under the presidency of Dr. Punjabrao Deshmukh, in which a resolution of boycotting the Simon Commission was unanimously adopted.

## SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS LEAVES FOR ENGLAND;

## INVESTIGATION OF MILITARY PROBLEMS.

Among the notable passengers who left Bombay for England on Saturday by the P. and O. mail boat "Ranchi" were Sir Laming Worthington-Evans, Secretary of State for War, Lady Evans, Miss Evans, Sir Thomas Catto and Sir Andrew Caird. Sir Laming Worthington-Evans, when interviewed by a representative of the "Chronicle" on board the ship, refused to make any statement in regard to the result of his investigations in India. He declined to make any statement to other Press representatives also in different parts of India. He stated, however, that he had had an opportunity to study first hand the military questions in India and he would place the result of his investigations before the Cabinet on his return to England. He regretted his inability to divulge them prematurely.

## EDUCATION GROUP IN B. A. COURSE.

## SENATE PASSES PRINCIPAL HAMLEY'S RESOLUTION.

The annual general meeting of the Senate of the University of Bombay was held on Saturday, Sir C. H. Setalvad, Vice-Chancellor presiding.

The proceedings commenced with the conferring of degrees upon the successful candidates in B. Ag., B. Com., B. E., M. B. B. Sc., B. Sc., B. A. L. L. B., M. Sc., and M. A. examinations.

The Senate then re-elected Khan Bahadur Fardunji M. Dastur as Registrar of the University for the next two years and elected Principal K. R. Kanitkar as representative of the University on the Advisory Committee of the Royal Institute of Science, vice Dr. Harold H. Mann, resigned.

Dr. A. G. Viegas spoke of the solid work to the progress of the university that Dr. Mann had contributed and regretted the severance of his connections with the university. The Vice-Chancellor associated himself with the remarks of Dr. Viegas.

Dr. R. N. Ranina then moved: "That the Senate records its opinion in favour of the recognition of the Bai Aimal Merwanji Chamarbagwala Free Ophthalmic Hospital, Parel, Bombay, under regulation 92 (a) of the D. O. Examination regulations provisionally for a period of one year with retrospective effect from June, 1927, subject to the condition that only those medical graduates who have put in their terms as whole-time House Surgeons or Clinical Assistants will be regarded as eligible for admission to the Examination." The proposition was agreed to.

## EDUCATION GROUP IN B. A.

A proposal to add a new voluntary group called "Education" to the list of optional groups in the B. A. course, was then discussed. Principal H. R. Hamley moved:—

"That the Senate approves of the addition of a new optional group called 'Education' to the existing optional groups at the B. A. Examination and requests the Syndicate to frame and submit for the Senate's approval regulations governing the B. A. Examination in this new group."

Mr. Hamley said the introduction of the subject would be a great advantage to the teachers.

Mr. K. B. Murzban seconded the proposition. Several members opposed the proposition. Dr. Viegas suggested to go back to the B. A. course of 1911 which was much superior to the present one while others emphasised to widen the scope of the present training institutions preparing candidates for the diploma of the Bachelor of Training.

Principal Hamley in reply said that it was not the object of his proposition to limit it to a vocational course, but to make it a cultural course, as difficult as any other university subject. He thought that theory and practice ought to go together which would fill the need of teachers to possess some knowledge of the principle of education. He, therefore, urged the House to support his proposition.

The motion was agreed to by 36 votes against 22. The Senate then adjourned till the 17th February.

## SUKKUR BARRAGE SLUICE-GATES

## NORWICH FIRM GETS CONTRACT

LONDON, Jan. 27. The India Office has placed a contract for 66 sluice-gates for the Sukkur Barrage with Messrs. Ransomes and Rapier, Limited of Norwich. They will be manufactured throughout with British materials and British labour.—Reuter.

LONDON, Jan. 28. Rugby.—A contract for sluice-gates for the Sukkur Barrage on the River Indus, the largest of its kind in the world, has been placed by the India Office with an Ipswich firm. A gate sixty feet wide and eighteen and a half feet deep will be fitted in each of the 66 spans of the barrage. Each gate will weigh about forty tons.—B. O. W.

## NAGPUR RIOTS

## 4 SENTENCED TO DEATH—4 TRANSPORTED FOR LIFE

NAGPUR, Jan. 28. Mr. Staples, Sessions Judge, Nagpur, delivered judgment to-day in the Tandapath riot case in which eight Hindus were charged with having murdered Hatam Miya Gapa Miya, a fakir, during the last Hindu-Muslim riots at Nagpur. All the accused were convicted and four sentenced to death and the remaining four to transportation for life.—A. P.

—The death has occurred of Spanish novelist Blasquez Ibanez.—Reuter.

## PORTLAND CEMENT



"GANAPATI"

BRAND.

Complies with the revised (1925) British Standard Specification.

**—RAPID HARDENING—**  
USE IT AND SAVE MONEY  
**TATA SONS, LTD., AGENTS,**  
THE INDIAN CEMENT COMPANY, LTD.

Bombay House, Fort,

BOMBAY.



## Wholl finish first?

There's no need to coax them when they are drinking their **HORLICK'S**! They simply love its nutty flavour, and it is so good for them, too: food is twice as nourishing when it is enjoyed. **HORLICK'S** provides all the essentials to progress in a delicious form.

Of all Chemists and Bazaars.



## Good Health means Happiness

and no price can be too great to pay for a sound and healthy constitution.

## DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT BROWN COD LIVER OIL

has been recommended for over 70 years by the leading Medical Authorities for Coughs, Colds, Diseases of the Throat and Chest,

## DEBILITY AND ALL WASTING DISEASES.

This absolutely pure natural oil is invaluable for preventing Rickets and similar ailments in children, being rich in **VITAMINS** undestroyed by heating or admixture with other substances.

Sold in Imperial Half-Pints by all Chemists and Stores.

Sole Proprietors:  
**ANSAR HARFORD & CO., LTD.,**  
182, Gray's Inn Road, London, W.C.1.

Beware of Fraudulent Attempts to Substitute Worthless Preparations



## VIROL the food for GROWTH

Growing children need Virol. It builds stamina and enriches the blood. For Virol is a scientifically balanced food containing just those food elements which are necessary to healthy growth and development. And it is so digestible that even delicate and invalid children can absorb it and grow strong.

Virol has proved itself over and over again in extreme cases, but all children of school age are passing through the critical period of their lives. They need Virol now because Virol builds not merely health for a day but health for good.

## VIROL

40 million prescribed portions of VIROL were given in 3,000 Hospitals and Clinics last year because of its remarkable influence on growing tissues.

Virol Ltd., Hunger Lane, Ealing, London, W.3, England.



## Make old age enjoyable!

Old age is not merely a matter of years; so much depends upon the state of the vital organs of the body. But a great deal can be done to comfort old people, for backache, urinary irregularities, sciatica, lumbago, rheumatism and gravel are too often suffered unnecessarily. The kidneys, probably, are the organs most in need of help. They need the special strengthening help of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills.

This kidney stimulant makes the kidneys active, thereby preventing, as well as relieving, the wearying symptoms of kidney disorder. Don't let the dear old folk run unnecessary risks! No matter what age they may be, an occasional course of Doan's Pills will prove helpful.

Send for Free Copy of  
DOAN'S DREAM BOOK.  
Address: P. B. 437, Bombay, or P. B. 2, 104, Calcutta.

THE  
JUPITER  
GENERAL

means Insurance  
Protection.  
Its address is Fort,  
BOMBAY.

# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZSHAH MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY MONDAY JANUARY 30 1928

So Remember the  
JUPITER  
INSURANCE Co.  
When you think  
of Insurance.

## NOT SLAVES OF PREAMBLES.

### PANDIT MOTILAL'S RETORT INDIAN FREEDOM--THE ONLY GUARANTEE FOR PEACE SIMON COMMISSION DOOMED

The Simon Commission, Butler Committee and Miss Mayo figured prominently in Pandit Motilal's speech in the Essex Hall meeting. In the course of his address, Panditji said:—

Lord Birkenhead observed: "Wise men are not slaves of dates." My reply is "Wise men are not slaves of preambles either." We want to go into the whole question.

The Statutory Commission, appointed under the India Government Act, 1919, is bound to carry out its provisions. So long as the Act stands its terms of reference cannot be dictated, that is a perfectly legal argument.

But it should be remembered that we were not parties to it. If you accede this principle, all goes by the board.

#### LABOUR'S STRANGE ATTITUDE.

The wonder of wonders is that the Labour Party has approved the appointment of the Commission, Lord Winterton practically says this:

"We appoint the Commission and give an opportunity to the Assembly to appoint a Committee, we allow you to take part in a Parliamentary Joint Committee and send a deputation from India to England if you will. You have exactly what you want."

Well, but we are not children, and cannot be deceived. Lord Birkenhead is a lawyer of repute, but I also have been at the mill for 45 years. Though there is the Statutory provision for the Commission, it has no sanction of any kind, Statutory or Parliamentary. The right to make representations and send deputations is nothing new. Is it necessary to "grant" that right? Is it not the bounden duty of the Commission to hear all who want to say something? It is not the first time that Indian witnesses are expressing their views before a Parliamentary Committee. It is different altogether for a country to be represented and have effective voice.

We have decided not to accept the Commission. I am not the mischief-maker. For at the time when the cry of boycott was raised I was in England. Only yesterday, or the day before, the cloven foot was shown by the Government. Another Committee, under Sir Harcourt Butler, was appointed to investigate the relations of British India, with those of the Princes. Here is another Parliamentary Committee.

#### THE BUTLER COMMISSION.

Can you conceive any system of Government which does not include the Indian States? Are the States to form a separate

subject of enquiry? It is impossible to conceive that, as it was made perfectly clear by the Montford Report. The Indian Princes themselves know it that when the existing Government will give place to Swarajya Government or whatever else you call it, their relations will be the same as those with the present Government. That shows the cloven foot. The truth is that there is no honest intention of giving an iota of real power. The so-called Commission will take two to three years in its investigations. These are simply meant to stave off the evil day. When the public clamour is very strong, a Commission is appointed, it takes its own time to investigate and report, and many things may take place by then, and then the public attention is diverted to something else. It is a calculated design to keep 320 millions of people in perpetual bondage.

#### SUBSIDY FOR MISS MAYO.

Now, in passing, I refer to another matter, I ask you to consider, as reasonable men and women, why should an American woman take into her head at the psychological moment of writing such a book, just when a powerful nation, who held another in its grip, showed some signs of relenting? Why did she want to snatch the cup from the lip? Miss Mayo, be it remembered, was the author of "Isles of Fear." When something was about to be done by the United States for the Philippines, she wrote that book and spoiled the whole thing. Now it is the turn of India. Here is a woman to whom such a task comes quite congenial. She repudiates that she was not subsidised by the Government. We all know that there are more powerful interests than the Government, which can and do subsidise people; those are the interests of British Capitalism and Imperialism—in whose hands even the Government is a mere tool. (Cries of Shame!) It is the same spirit and what is the reason? It is written with the professed object of keeping India in bondage. Full of abuses, the book ends with a chapter ridiculing the demand for Self-Government, it is full of references from Government Reports and other sources. A whole secretariat working for a year will not be able to find so many extracts, but this lady finished the job with the help of 2 secretaries in a few months. She adopted the meanest of all mean tricks. She gives dreadful stories e.g. those of evils of child marriages, founded on Abbe Dubois who wrote 125 years ago. Who was this Abbe Dubois? He was a refugee of the French Revolution; who sought refuge in India at a time

when others of his kidney were being guillotined in France.

#### SIGNIFICANT COINCIDENCE.

The appearance of this book and the appointment of the Commission is a significant coincidence. The Commission is simply an eye-wash. I attribute no motives to its members especially to Sir John Simon. I have asked him privately and publicly, What is it he wants to know? Illiteracy, child-marriage and other evils are there. What has it to do with the desire for self-government? We had long talks, perhaps more are to come.

So far as the Indian Political Parties representing 320 millions of people are concerned, it is foredoomed to failure. Of course it will be easy enough to find 200 to 500 persons to surround these Commissioners.

Now the question is: Does India deserve any advance? I for one hold that no governing nation ever gives a gift of self-government to another. It is against human nature. There are many conferences being held about the danger of war. I maintain that there is one cause of war, and that is the subjection and exploitation of India and China. Make them independent and then what will the European countries fight for?

#### CALL FOR BOYCOTT.

If the result be not satisfactory, it surely will do no harm. But I should prefer forced slavery, than be a party to forging the chains to bind us. In this commission there is nothing but a machine to forge the chains. Personally I am in favour of its boycott and I am glad that all Parties have done so. It is for the Congress and not for me to frame the Constitution. Then we declare: Here is the Constitution, either accept it or else you go your way, and we go ours. I do not abhor violence, nor does my heart fail within me when I have to see it. But we cannot do it. I believe in non-violence as a matter of necessity. A large number of people in India are bound to the creed of non-violence on principle. The other day, persuasive arguments were used so that I may become a Communist. I however consider it a great mistake to apply these terms to Indian conditions. We have to act according to our own circumstances, and in a way that suits the genius of our people. I cannot bodily import these things into India. I merely do not believe or disbelieve in Communism. I have been in Moscow, a good many things impressed me deeply; I am not prepared to say that their methods are correct. There is an experiment, first and gigantic but merely an experiment. I do not know if any Counter-revolution will rise before the last revolution has attained its object. My business is that of a student and observer. If anything can appeal to my people, and they desire to adopt it, I shall certainly side with the people, without any hesitation whatsoever even though it be high treason; so long as it is not dirty whether it answers the description of loyalty or not, it does not matter.

And lastly I may observe that I am not a Hindu, Muslim or Christian. Mine is a religion different from these—that of the freedom of India. I want you to have the same. As to the so-called religions, you may safely leave them to the Pandits and Mullas.

"The danger lay far to the East—the danger of war was because of Russia and because of England and the West, and those who rule England and the West."

"The only danger of war, in fact, that we were working up to was the conflict between the two systems."

The British Labour Party, he believed, stood in a central position in regard to this great question, and if it came into power and used its power it could within two or three years' time create an entirely new atmosphere towards Russia. If it did that it would save the world from infinitely the greatest disaster that threatened it to-day.

The policy of the next Labour Government should be first of all the restoration of cordial relations with Russia. There should be a treaty settling all outstanding questions with Russia, based on a real recognition of the Russian Revolution, and we should send to Moscow an Ambassador sympathetic to new Russia and one who was not always girding and carping at the Soviet.

We should welcome trade with Russia, and encourage loans for the recovery of that trade.

He hoped, too, that the next Labour

#### SPECIALIST DEFINED

MAN WHO KNOWS MORE AND MORE ABOUT LESS AND LESS

A dilettante: A man who knows less and less about more and more.  
A Specialist: A man who knows more and more about less and less.  
These definitions were given by Mr. W.

## HIS ONLY LOVE.

("A plain unvarnished tale I will deliver.")

BY SIR HARI SINGH GOUR.

CHAPTER XLIII

#### Conquest of Mabel.

A hurried measure of the legislature abolished the imprisonment of women as a penalty for refusal to return to the husband. It was brought into force on the critical day when Mabel stood before the myrmidons of law ready to be plunged into prison or dragged by the husband to his lair. Himm appeared in person. The court was crowded to suffocation, when by one stroke of his pen he cut the fetters from Mabel's feet and Mabel was free to go wherever she pleased. She could not be imprisoned. The law could not hold her to her misery.

It was difficult even for Mabel to realise that she was free. It was impossible for her to believe that the misery which had been shadowing her and from which she had been fleeing had ceased to torment her. She sobbed and cried out of gratitude to Himm and promised Himm every assistance in his quest. Time is the great healer of all wounds and time had assuaged Himm's sorrows. The paroxysm of his first disappointment was passing away, but there still remained the pleasure of pursuit. He had saved Mabel from a whelp. He would have saved Shahinda from a hound.

He discussed now freely his plan of campaign with Mabel but before launching into action, he felt it his duty to try his own unaided persuasion and test its power.

#### CHAPTER XLIV.

To be uninvited tea.

Himm went to Shahinda for tea and this time Mabel accompanied him. It was unfortunate, for as soon as Shahinda espied Mabel she thought it a good pretext to convert her bed room into her reception room. She called her in and sent Yusuf out. This may have been done on purpose. Yusuf was now in want of funds and wished once more to draw upon Himm for his where-withal. He had, therefore, to be especially affable, and to Himm affability with reference to the immediate object of his quest, meant full disclosure of facts. Himm asked Yusuf if he had got married to Shahinda. Yusuf swore to the contrary. He said that he had been "adopted" by the girl as her own brother and was therefore, playing the part. Himm asked whether he and Shahinda had not travelled as Mr. and Mrs. Yadgar. Yusuf admitted that he so booked his seats, but at the last minute Shahinda changed her mind, and they had travelled in different compartments when they had no need to keep to their assumed aliases. Himm then fixed his gaze on Yusuf and asked him to answer the question of all questions which Yusuf denied. He, however, admitted that he was courtship Shahinda but Shahinda had taken time to see more of him and overcome her disinclination to marry. Yusuf's version belied every testimony of the eye. If appearances were deceptive human experience was an ass. But Himm could go no further. Yusuf confided to Himm that Shahinda was merely playing with him and that she felt grievously hurt with him for something which she would not disclose.

Himm asked Yusuf why Shahinda had taken leave. He replied truthfully that Shahinda was suffering from septisemia which she had contracted two years ago which was undermining her system. Of this there was no doubt, as had not Himm seen Shahinda aging before his very eyes? She was now an old woman being run down by disease and her body emaciated by its insidious action.

But to Himm, Shahinda was Shahinda—young or old, whole or diseased, his relation with her was intellectual. He would enjoy her society so long as she was alive. When she died her soul would still have become assimilated to his, and there would continue the same communion of spirits which no disease could weaken—no death destroy.

#### CHAPTER XLV.

Mabel and Shahinda.

As Yusuf's palm had been sufficiently greased, Yusuf was now as anxious to procure the presence of Shahinda as to do him justice, he had been previously anxious to avoid an open rupture between them. He called out to Shahinda but received no response. He then tapped at her door, whereupon Mabel and Shahinda remembered that there were other people in the house. They stood, finished their talk in whispers and then adjourned to the common sitting room where Himm stood up to greet them. Mabel was, of course, all smiles and would have kissed Himm

R. Halliday, the newly-appointed principal of King's College, London, when proposing the toast of "The Historical Association," at the annual dinner of that organisation at the college.

"There is an innate interest in historical subjects if not in historical research," said Mr. Halliday, "and this association can help people to look at history in the right way."

"You must give the teacher and the local antiquary the opportunity of keeping abreast of research, but I think there should be a half-way house between the specialist, the man who knows more and more about less and less, and the dilettante, who knows less and less about more and more. Really, what we want is to strike that happy mean."

#### LIVING WOMAN IN COFFIN

#### HEARS OWN FUNERAL SERMON PREACHED

Hearing a funeral sermon preached over her as, at the point of burial, she lay in a coffin unable to move, is the experience through which Miss Fannie Broyles, of Luray, a remote hamlet in Virginia, has just passed.

She had been struck on the head by the falling limb of a tree, the blow inducing a condition of coma that had been mistaken for death.

Although powerless to help herself or open her eyes, the girl says she was conscious of all that was happening about

a thousand times in the presence of everybody but Shahinda was moody and even more standoffish than on the previous day though she was more demonstrative in her affection for Yusuf. Probably she was expending her double share of love intended to Himm on Yusuf. But there it was. She commenced wooing and cooing Yusuf egregiously, and Mabel who found herself seated beside Himm whispered to him: "That is not like brother and sister," with which Himm heartily agreed.

Shahinda had made herself so busy with Yusuf that she forgot the existence of even Mabel. Two more guests dropped in and the company became more mixed, but her behaviour was nevertheless no more discreet. She was singing the song of "dearie" which made one wonder whether she was qualifying herself to play the knave or the fool. She was successfully playing both.

Himm was dying to have a word with Shahinda. His heart was swelling with questions which she alone could answer—with doubts which she alone could resolve. The fact is Shahinda and Himm had been so friendly before that her presence had become a necessity to Himm. He could not exist without her. It was not necessary that she should be always with him though he wanted it. But what was necessary was that she should be handy and available at his call. It gave him an added power.

Shahinda was now trying to avoid him and when he was about to take up her challenge and moved to go she showed her dislike. She was a tyrant who wanted unceasingly to tease and torment Himm, but was afraid to lose him.

Himm was by nature a highly sensitive man. He was quick to resent an insult. He was too proud to stay a single moment in a house of unwelcome. But before Shahinda Himm forgot all his respect. She would joke and tease him before strangers which, she thought, she had a right to do. She would with the same abandon insult him before them which, of course, she had no right to do. Mabel once or twice intervened on his behalf and out of sympathy for him said: "I think she is really going too far." But there was no limit for Shahinda for she knew that her power over Himm was illimitable and so was her right of torment.

Mabel who had all along sympathised with Shahinda felt outraged at her indiscretions. According to her she went beyond the pale of endurance in her coquetish pranks with Yusuf and equally so in her trifling with Himm's feelings. Himm was torn by two conflicting emotions. Was it the last straw, or could he still bear another? It was hard to hear but he would try. In this way he stretched his endurance to inexhaustible limits. Shahinda at times deteriorated to gross vulgarity. She was coarsely rude in her insults. But Himm bore it up, only passing to her a timely warning that she was forgetting herself. It was however, clear that so long as Shahinda was in Yusuf's toils, her intoxicated vision could not see straight. Himm's plan was to remove her from Yusuf. But in justice to Shahinda, it must be confessed that whether overcome by disease or debauched by her altered environment Shahinda's nature had been completely transformed. Her daily actions displayed her increasingly blunted intelligence and a blurred sense of proportion.

Man is said to be the creature of his environments. But few realise that man is not only his creature but their slave. As in geology so in anthropology environment tend to lower character, with this difference that while its improvement is a matter of slow and tedious process, its deterioration is as if Nature loved and revelled in the decay of excellence. Shahinda's association with Himm had burnt her natural dialectic powers. It had cleared many a cobweb from her mind which her short association with Yusuf sufficed to choke up, reducing her to the condition of one whose atrophied mental vision could not see beyond the narrow confines of her immediate wants. It was thus that Himm was the mute witness of one of those ecologies which afforded Shahinda immeasurable diversion from her daily toil.

At the tea which Himm had joined uninvited, Shahinda was catamite surrounded by her natural and acquired relations and a few of her selected friends. The latter were no less surprised than Himm to overhear the following dialogue:

Shahinda. "Dearie, have you settled the burning question of the day?"

Yusuf. "No it is nowhere near the settling. The more I approach it, the farther it seems to go from me" over such a trifling issue."

Shahinda. "We are in despair you who have never cried 'Die'."

Yusuf. "It is not a trifling issue. It involves a great principle."

Shahinda. "Of Course it does. It was therefore that I had left it to you for settlement."

Yusuf. "Well! well, I have settled it in my own way. But the other fellow does not understand."

Shahinda. "Doesn't he? Call him up. He will understand me. I am a woman."

her as she lay in the coffin surrounded by her mourning family.

Just as the lid was being closed "terror" reached on her nervous system, and her brother who was taking a last sorrowful look at her, startled the clergymen and all present by exclaiming that she had seen her eye-lid flutter.

A doctor was summoned who succeeded in resuscitating Miss Broyles, and she is now recovering from the shock of her injury and fright.

Printed and published for the "Bombay Chronicle" Company, Limited, by SORAB PALONJI KAPADIA, and edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Heri Building Old Custom House Road, Bombay.

#### DANGERS OF WAR

##### MR. CHARLES TREVELYAN'S WARNING

The sole reason why there was not war with Russia to-day was that there had been 15,000,000 people killed in the Great War and that people now were too sick to fight at all, said Mr. C. P. Trevelyan, M.P., addressing the University Labour Conference at Reading.

The modern reasons for war, he pointed out, were practically always economic. At the back a national rivalry appeared more or less conspicuously, the grabbing of markets, the monopolisation of raw materials, and the ruling of less organised people for their exploitation.

Every national rivalry had behind it capitalistic groups in search of oil, markets, or cheap labour, commanding Governments to fight for them.

#### DANGER TO-DAY.

"The greatest danger of war" to-day lay in the clash of different economic systems. He did not suppose there was the slightest chance of war in Western Europe in their life-time.